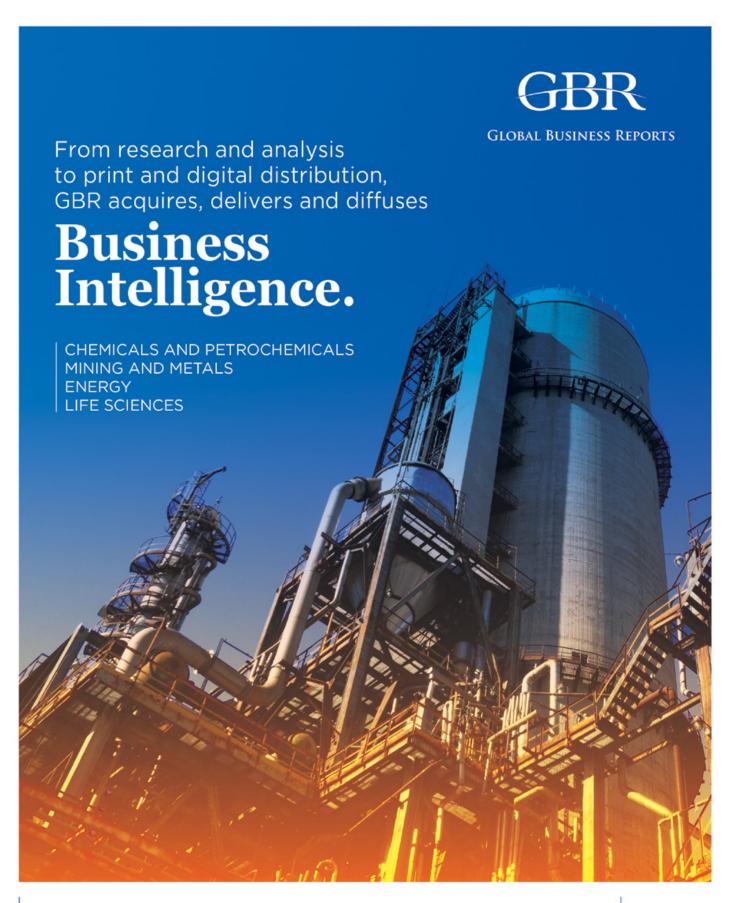
GLOBAL BUSINESS REPORTS GBR SERIES -**MEXICO CHEMICALS** 2024 Economy - Chemicals - Petrochemicals - Agrochemicals Specialty Chemicals - Paints and Coatings - Distribution & Logistics



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Dear Readers,

In 2023, the United States imported more from Mexico than from China for the first time in decades. As businesses focus on securing their supply chains after a period of logistics challenges and amid continued geopolitical upheaval, Mexico is poised to benefit. The country is well positioned for economic growth, with several new infrastructure projects such as the Interoceanic Corridor of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. The chemical industry is a core player in a stronger Mexican industrial sector.

Nonetheless, 2023 was a challenging year for Mexico's chemical industry. Prices across the chemical and petrochemical industry were depressed globally. Locally, feedstock shortages continued to hamper growth, with Pemex remaining an unreliable source of raw material. New government regulation, including a ban of glyphosates and stringent restrictions on drug precursors, have complicated operational planning.

In a complex political and economic landscape, the Mexican chemical industry has tried to develop a unified approach to policy and government relations. The country's diverse array of chemicals businesses focused on incorporating advanced technologies and implementing their ambitious sustainability agendas. A focus on operational efficiencies led to investment in capacity building and innovation. The Mexican chemical industry is in a good position for growth in 2024.

This is the macroeconomic picture in which Global Business Reports (GBR) is pleased to present the 2024 edition of its guide to Mexico's chemical and petrochemical industries. To compile this report, we interviewed more than 90 business leaders and representatives across the complete value chain of the chemical industry, including associations, producers, distributors, logistics providers, and service companies. The report provides an in-depth look at key sub-segments of the industry including specialty chemicals, crop protection, and petrochemicals.

We are grateful to our interviewees who have taken the time to give their valuable perspectives. To all our readers, we encourage your feedback and welcome interest in participating in our future reports.



Alfonso Tejerina Director and General Manager Global Business Reports



ico Chemicals 2024

UNITED STATES

Mexico

International Boundary

--- State Boundary

* National Capital

State Capital

GBR SERIES

MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024

A Global Business Reports Publication

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GUATEMALA

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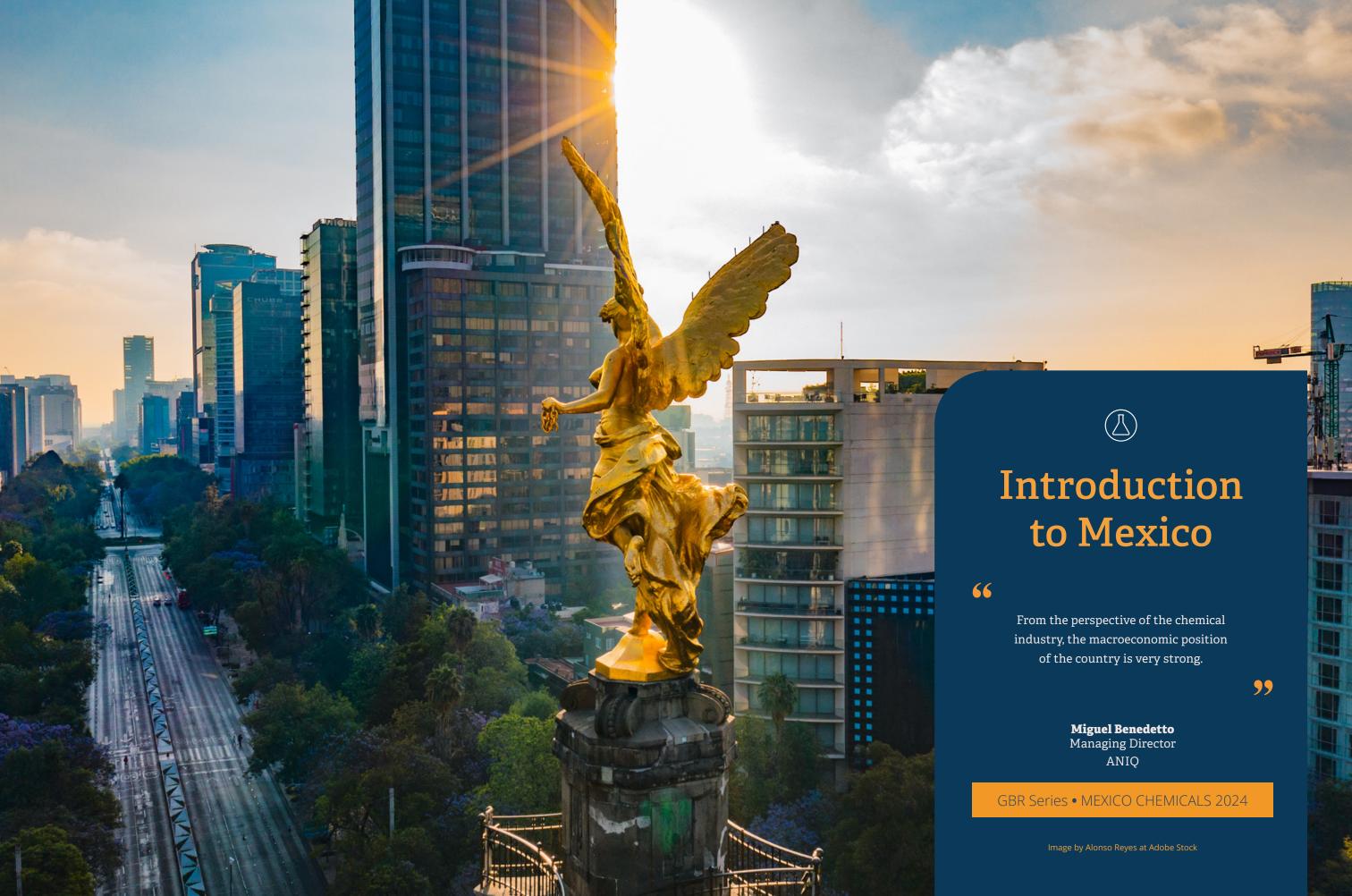
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5





Mexico competes for foreign capital

main exporting commercial partner of the US, a major vic-Since 2018, nearshoring has been the word on everybody's lips, and as it continues to take off it will carry the Mexican amount of investment in dollars remained similar. chemical industry with it.

According to World Bank data, the value of FDI investment in Mexico has not changed significantly since 2018.

August 2023 was the first month in which Mexico was the However, 2023 data has shown more profit reinvestment. Interestingly, the sources of the FDI are diversifying, demontory for the country over China. Commerce between the strating a recognition of Mexico's benefits at a global level. US and Mexico is currently valued at US\$779 billion/y. In 2018, almost 53% of FDI in Mexico came from the US, while in 2022, that percentage was only 43%, although the

> Mexico is expected to attract US\$40 billion in FDI in 2024. One factor is the comparatively low cost of labor. In 2023, the average US salary was US\$28/h, while Mexico's average sala-

Food ingredients, additives and specialties Inorganic chemicals Logistics and environmental solutions Lubricants Oil & gas Solvents and blends

Argentina

Colombia

Costa Rica

El Salvador

Guatemala

United States

Ecuador

Mexico

Peru

Brazil

Chile





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On January 1, 2024, the national minimum wage was raised by 20% to US\$14.50/h. Miguel Valdivia, commercial director of Trade Chemicals, commented: "Political issues in Mexico have six-year time frames, and in the previous term, we were worried about gasoline and raw material supply, but in this six-year term, I think labor is the most relevant."

Productive labor is equally critical, requiring a serious investment in the development of specialized technicians try currently lacks.

According to the Mexican Institute for Competitiveness (IMCO), out of 43 economies studied, Mexico is currently **Energy in the eye of the electorate** ranked at 37th in competitiveness. This is the lowest the country has ever been ranked, following a decline in results since 2018. Mexico ranked well for labor and employment, but low rankings in health, quality of education, and ally and regionally. The US, for example, will have a pivtry's position.

Mexico compensates for these challenges with its favorable position in relation to the US – not just geographically. but also in terms of trade. The United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA) is a driver of the Mexican economy. However, the agreement will be revisited in 2026, and its the polls on the 2nd of June 2024 to elect a new president. future in its current form is by no means secure.

A variety of factors including economic nationalism in the US, the radicalization of the Mexican government, and complicated domestic dynamics put the USMCA's position in some doubt. However, the trade relationship between the US and Mexico is secure, bolstered by logistics crises to the US by basing themselves in Mexico.

comes to nearshoring. Leschaco, the global logistics provider, has observed an increase in the Asia-Mexico chemical trade. Francisco Gálvez, managing director of Leschaco, said, "Historically, northern Europe was the global hub of 1938 and the creation of the state-owned oil giant PEchemical production, but Asia is becoming the new core of MEX, energy policy has been a political battleground for

ry was only US\$12/h. That status quo has, however, changed. this market, and companies from that region are establishing operations in Mexico."

For the chemical industry, which is extremely capital-intensive, the establishment of new operating units is difficult. with companies entrenched in other locations. The choice for a major chemical producer to enter Mexico can only be made with a long-term supply chain strategy in mind. "The Cheap labor, no longer a guarantee, is nonetheless not decisions that global companies make regarding moving the most important factor companies take into consider- chemical plants from other parts of the world to Mexico are ation when making nearshoring and reshoring decisions. truly complex and are decisions that normally take years," said José Luis Urrutia Segura, president of the industry association CANACINTRA. "One of the greatest challenges for the and English-language proficiency, both of which the coun- chemical industry in Mexico is how to insert itself into these positive nearshoring trends as a capital-intensive industry."

Globally and nationally, the coming years will be years of political change and electoral uncertainty, which will shape the economic situation and investment climate nationthe state of law, among other factors, weakened the coun- otal presidential election in 2024 with ramifications for the Mexican economy. Esteban Guáqueta, LATAM marketing director for Nalco Water, an Ecolab subsidiary, noted: "Globally, approximately 50 countries will have elections. That will impact the industrial sector."

Mexico will be among them, and Mexicans will head to The incumbent, President Andrés Manuel López Obrador (AMLO), is barred from a second six-year term due to a one-term constitutional limit. The upcoming election has two frontrunners: The governing, left-wing party Morena's candidate, Claudia Sheinbaum, a former scientist and mayor of Mexico City widely touted as the current Presithat have driven companies to secure their supply chains dent's prodigy, and opposition candidate Xóchitl Gálvez, a self-made businesswoman and politician with indigenous The US is not, however, the only core player when it roots who will represent the National Action Party (PAN). Polling data suggest that the Morena coalition will retain the presidency in 2024.

Since the nationalization of Mexico's energy sector in

GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 Image by Alonso Reyes at Adobe Stock

Billions of pesos

12.6 **36.3**

10.9 32.0

2.9 8.3

2.6 **7.6**

2.1 6.0

1.4 **4.1**

1.2 3.4

0.7 2.2

right and left. The Mexican state relies on PEMEX, championed by resource nationalist AMLO, to generate billions of dollars in revenue annually. However, a US\$100 billion debt pile and chronic underinvestment in PEMEX facilities. where refinery utilization rates have declined yearly, has left the chemical industry in a challenging position. Given the energy-intensive chemical industry's need for low energy prices and dependence on petrochemical feedstocks supplied by PEMEX, the industry's fortunes are tied to political developments in energy policy.

Structural inefficiencies in the energy market extend beyond PEMEX. The electricity market is dominated by the Federal Commission of Electricity (CFE), which generates most of the electricity for the country and is reliant on natural gas imports from the US. This presents a core challenge to the industry's competitiveness, according to Miguel Benedetto, managing director of ANIQ: "When looking at natural gas, we are competitive, with much the same price that Houston has, plus distribution costs. When looking at electricity, however, we have a huge differential. Electricity costs are between 25% to 30% higher compared to the Houston area."

These elections could define the chemical industry's future. Gálvez's energy policies are reminiscent of the Nieto era: Reforming PEMEX, encouraging private energy sector investments, and promoting green energy investments in hydrogen and solar power capacity. She has proposed creating a new state energy company, Energías Mexicanas, which would focus its operations on renewable energies.

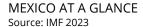
By contrast, Sheinbaum's statements suggest an approach similar to AMLO's, stressing energy sovereignty and the role of PEMEX. Both candidates have highlighted the importance of green energy and the transition towards renewable energy sources. However, the candidates differ in the methods. One favors private investment, while the other supports state intervention.

These elections will impact the future of renewable energy in Mexico. The country has incredible renewable energy resources, but the current government, to protect PEMEX, has not provided support or approvals for a significant investment in renewable energy. Of the lack of renewable energy policy, Dieter Femfert, commercial director of Cryoinfra, said: "In the long-term, this will disadvantage us in front of other countries."

Hugo Villareal, VP of energy and engineering at Linde, described decarbonizing industrial processes as Mexico's most pressing political challenge. "The government has to promote this wind and solar power industry," he said, adding: "Regulators have to catch up."

Government investment in energy will be critical to making Mexico attractive for nearshoring. "Electricity prices are relatively high in Mexico compared to the US," said Patricio Gutiérrez, chairman of the board of Grupo Idesa. "If we cannot lower these energy costs and promote a renewable energy matrix, there is a risk that our industry will become uncompetitive and unable to meet the environmental demands of clients."





Source: ANIQ, INEGI

CAPITAL

Mexico City

HEAD OF STATE President Andrés Manuel López Obrador

GDP

US\$ 1.81 trillion

TOTAL INVESTMENT (% OF GDP) 21.3%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT NET LENDING/BORROWING (% OF GDP)

CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCE -US\$ 26.62 billion

DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

POPULATION

131.2

MILLION

UNEMPLOYMENT

Source: IMF 2023

VOLUME OF GOODS TRADE WITH THE BIGGEST TRADING PARTNERS OF THE U.S. (IN BILLION U.S. DOLLARS)

MEXICAN CHEMICAL INDUSTRY PRODUCTION (DEC 2023)

Sector

Petrochemicals

Synthetic resins

Agrochemicals

Industrial gases

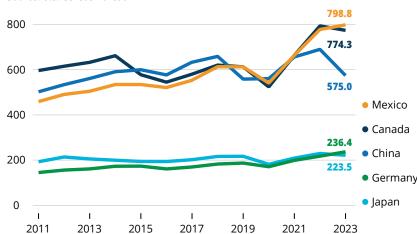
Lubricants and greases

Pigments and colorants

Inorganics

Adhesives





GDP PER CAPITA

2.9%

US\$ 13,800

GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)

US\$ 24,980

INFLATION RATE, **AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICES**

5.5%

US TRADING PARTNERS BY VOLUME Source: Census Bureau





INTERVIEW



We are working with the government to help the development of the south, focused on three needs: Raw materials supply, development of talent, and infrastructure.

Miguel Benedetto

Managing Director NATIONAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION (ANIQ)

operations?

ANIO represents 95% of the chemical and distribution companies established in Mexico. This year, some of our core activities are related to energy efworking with the Ministry of the Envilated to emissions reductions.

from the US, and 67% to 70% of enermany other industries. gy, with intensive natural gas imports. We are working with Pemex and the What is your perspective on the eral years in Coatzacoalcos because federal government to improve the production of natural gas and, consequently, ethane and other derivatives, industry, the macroeconomic posi- zacoalcos, so it is challenging to make to increase competitivity and reduce tion of the country is very strong. We an investment. We are working with imports from the US.

tions next year in Mexico. ANIQ is work- January and September foreign in- needs: Raw materials supply, developing with the authorities in the present vestment was up 30%, with last year ment of talent, and infrastructure. government, as well as with teams reaching US\$45 billion. that will be candidates in the election, showing them the benefits of a strong How can the chemical industry supties? chemical industry for the country.

What is the situation in regard to When you analyze the country, you tute. We will be training close to 6,000 energy?

When looking at natural gas, we are

able sources.

proved?

larger economic situation?

continue to grow the levels of invest- the government to help the develop-Additionally, we have federal elec- ment. This year, for example, between ment of the south, focused on three

port underdeveloped regions in the ANIO continues to be very focused on country?

will find two Mexicos. From Mexico people in the different areas I have A core challenge is energy prices. City to the north, there is significant mentioned, and we are developing 12 infrastructure, a long history of in- different diplomas. Our Sistema de competitive, with much the same dustrialization, and factories and Becarios, which is the training that we price that Houston has, plus distribu- support to implement investments. provide to students, is increasing, with tion costs. When looking at electric- The south, on the other hand, has more than 2,000 students allocated ity, however, we have a huge differ- not received as much investment. across different companies. ential. Electricity costs are between Partially, this is because it is lacking is not well developed.

south. When you analyze the south, Annual Foro.

Can you update us on your recent How can infrastructure be im- the industries are agriculture and chemicals. Coatzacoalcos is the larg-Infrastructure has long been a chal- est hubs for the chemical industry lenge for us, but we believe that we in Mexico, and it is where Pemex inhave major opportunities. The Long frastructure is based. The industry Beach Port in California is completely could provide more benefits to the ficiency, trying to help companies work saturated, with no possibility of in-south. ANIO is making a strong effort towards the energy transition. We are creasing cargo capacity. We have two to communicate to the government ports on the Pacific, Manzanillo and that if they would like to develop this ronment on defining the objectives Lazaro Cardenas, and the distance be- region, an industry to start with is and goals of the chemical industry re- tween Manzanillo and Lazaro Carde- ours. We have been there for a long nas and Houston is shorter than the time, we have trained people, and Another core focus of this year is distance from Long Beach to Hous- we have worked with universities raw materials supply. At the moment, ton. We could be an excellent hub, not to prepare students to work in our 60% of chemical imports are coming just for the chemical industry, but for plants. We believe that we could provide this development.

> We have not invested in the last sevour capacity is underutilized. We uti-From the perspective of the chemical lize only 69% of the capacity in Coat-

What are ANIQ's upcoming activi-

training, with our own training insti-

ANIQ has six conferences annually. 25% to 30% higher compared to the in infrastructure. Additionally, talent In May, we will host our general convention. We will also host our confer-Additionally, we would like to have The chemical industry is one of ences on foreign trade, logistics, enmore energy generated from renew- the only industries settled in the vironmental security, labor, and our



66

The main problem of the chemical industry when it comes to offshoring is that it is a capital-intensive industry and the establishment of new operating units is very complex.

José Luis Urrutia Segura

President **CANACINTRA**

Mexican industrial sector?

chambers in Mexico, and was founded with the mission of representing CANACINTRA is a national chamber of the processing industry, with a luca. One of our strengths is that we have visibility throughout the national territory through 12 sectors, including the food sector, the plastic sector, the automotive sector, the metalworking sector and the chemical sector, among others.

The services we offer can be divided into four main parts: being an interlocutor with the authorities, business linking, information generators and

What are your priorities in terms of Mexico needs to invest much more in government relations?

The 76 delegations are represented by a national president, who has a particular agenda with the federal authorities regarding priority issues of the industry. At the local level, we cedures that are necessary for their what is currently supplied. state and municipal operations.

ture of the industry a challenge in meeting the SDGs and are increasthe context of nearshoring?

The main problem of the chemical industry when it comes to offshor-

How does CANACINTRA serve the decisions made by global companies been constructed and are currently in CANACINTRA is one of the oldest plants from other parts of the world will also be required in other energy to Mexico are truly complex and are sources, such as solar, wind, etc. and decisions that normally take years. technologies that can support to manthe interests of the industrial sector. Many of these players are rooted in age its intermittency, such as storage plants in China, India or the US. The with new generation batteries. decision to move to Mexico has to be headquarters that brings together a long-term supply chain issue. In this ments related to energy in Mexico 76 different delegations from all over sense, one of the biggest challenges in the upcoming decades; the indus-Mexico. We are the State of Mexico for the chemical industry in Mexico is try will need more competitive acdelegation and we are located in To- how to insert itself into these positive cess to energy, and the solution to nearshoring trends as a capital-intenthis equation is genuinely complex. sive industry.

an industry is capital intensive, it reguires access to credit on preferential terms. Not all industries, especially those in Mexico, have access to credit conditions that offer an opportunity to compete.

strategies to improve competitiveness. What is needed for a better national energy matrix?

transmission lines and energy generation. For example, today, transmission bers to technologies and good pracgenerates real bottlenecks that lead to tices to help them implement and blackouts in some areas of the country. It is not strange to find Industrial Parks or companies in some industrial help companies in managing the pro- areas that require more energy than that the more informed the indus-

much cleaner energy. We know that Why is the capital-intensive struc- many companies are very focused on operating units is very complex. The the region, and a lot of pipes have need and generate those needs.

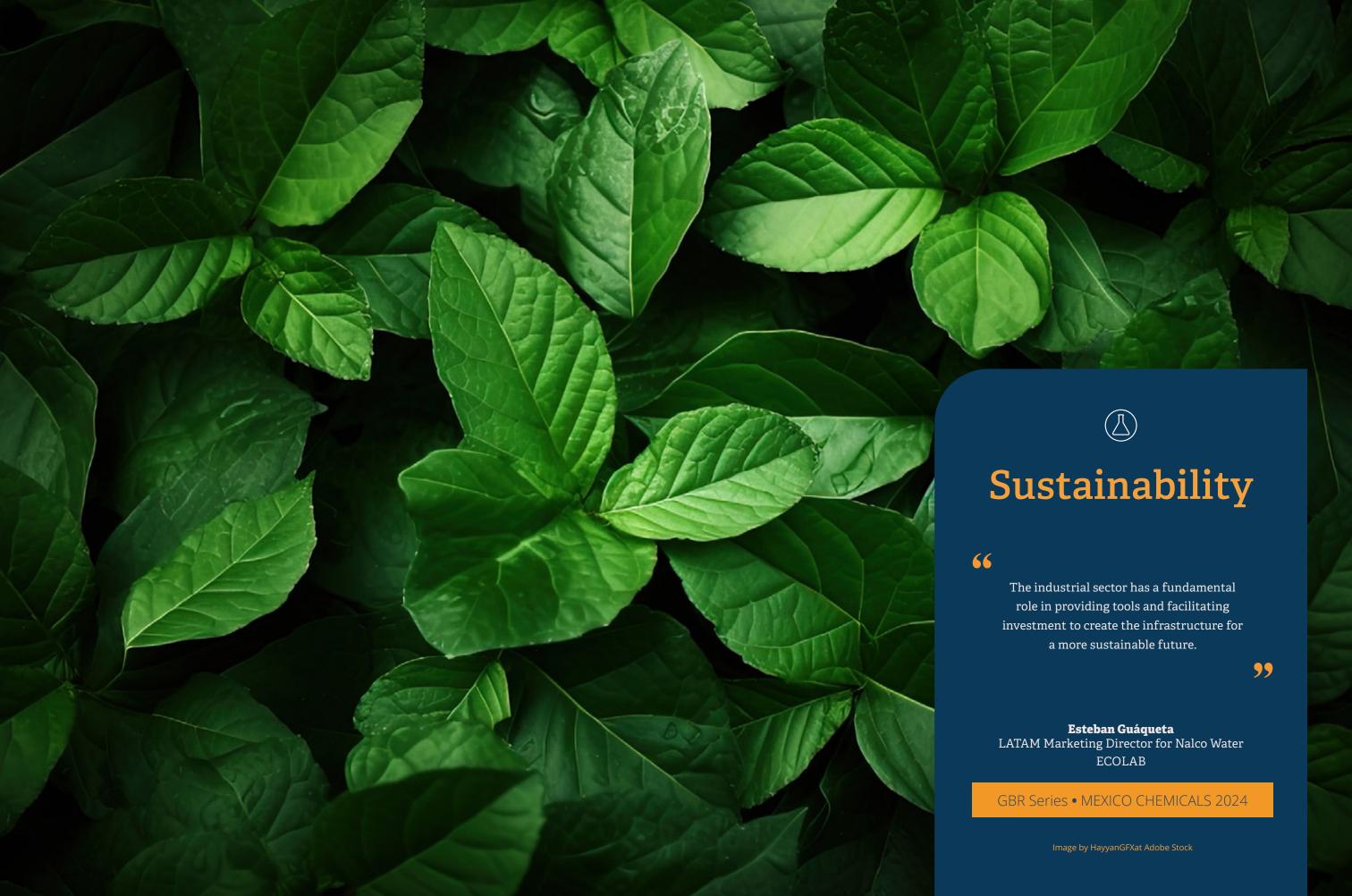
regarding the transfer of chemical construction; but a lot of investment

I believe we will see a lot of invest-I think the solution lies in the com-It is important to note that when bination of current energy sources and new technologies currently being developed/implemented worldwide. The path to the zero-emission goals will not be as quick and absolute as thought.

What are CANACINTRA's priorities for 2024?

We are working to achieve the objectives of our 2030 agenda. This year we will inaugurate our Energy Efficiency Club, introducing our memachieve greater energy efficiency. We are doing similar work with water efficiency. One of our beliefs is trial sector is, the better decisions it Another priority is the generation of will make, and providing that information is one of CANACINTRA's central functions.

Overall, our goal is to continue ingly seeking access to clean energy strengthening our membership base sources. Mexico's energy matrix de- to gain greater representation. The pends on natural gas coming from the other core focus is to stay close to our ing is that it is a capital-intensive in- shale gas in the US; Mexico has taken members, continue to build the tools dustry and the establishment of new advantage of the shale gas boom in and channels to understand what they





Metrics rather than 'greenwashing'

washing' have led to greater expectations for sustainability reporting and a need for companies to take tangible steps to reduce their resource usage and carbon footprint. "We have noted that environmental and societal concerns are more genuine now and taken seriously," said Oscar Saco, managing director of SGS. "Greenwashing will not disappear, but many companies are genuinely concerned and investing in technology to reduce things like their water usage."

SGS, a testing, inspection and certification company, offers services that allow the general industry to measure its footprint and resource consumption.

In recent years, concerns about 'green- SGS has seen greater demand from clients for assistance determining where a company currently stands, and what steps can be taken to improve its sustainability. As sustainability certificates become more of an expectation, there is greater focus on data collection and measurement of key sustainability metrics such as water usage.

To accomplish this, there has been a surge in demand for innovation-driven solutions, companies seeking cuttingedge technological advancements to address their needs. The future of sustainability is at the heart of this global focus on R&D, with niche segments becoming areas of major opportunity for

specialty chemicals providers. Arkema, for example, offers a variety of sustainability solutions, and recognizes opportunity in specialty chemical solutions for construction. "We are looking to exploit some of the global megatrends in decarbonizing the built environment (the so-called 'cool surfaces' technology)," said Manuel García, president of coating solutions for Mexico, Central America, and the Andean region.

For Cemex, materials for construction and urbanization solutions are ripe for sustainable innovation. The company, which focuses on cement, concrete and aggregates production, is using innovative additives to reduce CO2 emissions. These additives demonstrate the potential of chemical innovation to decarbonize the construction sector and improve buildings' energy efficiency. The company's Vertua line of lower carbon products has a 30% reduction in CO2 content compared to traditional cement and concrete. Vicente Saisó, vice president





global sustainability at CEMEX, said: "Using additives creatively to reduce CO2 emissions is our key focus and will determine the future profitability of our industry."

The company's target was that 50% of the company's total sales by 2025 be lower-carbon products, but demand has been such it they reached the threshold at the end of 2023. The construction industry is conservative about adopting ply with their demand to develop alternatives to agrocheminew formulations, but these types of solutions can be the cals," said Marco Salcedo, director of AMVAC. "If they want future of sustainable development. There are, however, to have better, greener technology, they must speed up the regulatory inhibitions slowing the growth of these products. Saisó explained: "In some markets, local building codes or regulations have not yet accepted lower carbon products."

housebuilding tools, with a large carbonates division. Each of the company's divisions has its own sustainability targets. Javier García, director of operations at Tecnoindustries, said: "We have benefitted from large multinational clients with stringent environmental standards, which they have passed down so we can do business with them. We are doing the same further down the value chain, creating a virtuous cycle."

For Arkema, investing in sustainable solutions is at the core of meeting future demand. Salvador Soria, president of Mexico, Central America and the Andean region for Arkema, stated: "There is a rising demand for eco-friendly, sustainable alternatives that minimize ecological footprints and support responsible practices."

Biological products for a more sustainable food system

Consumers are now more focused on the safety of the food they consume and the impact of growing techniques on the land. In response, the crop protection industry has been investing heavily in sustainable alternatives to traditional agrochemicals. This is an industry-wide trend, as Luis Eduardo González Cepeda, former president of the Mexican agrochemical industry association UMFFAAC, explained: "There is a growth in the registration of new organic and biological products. It is now part of the fabric of the companies we represent."

Acadian Plant Health produces products from a seaweed called Ascophyllum nodosum, which is grown in the North Atlantic. The company, which recently launched a product called TOGGLE to enable grains, cereals and industrial crops to be more resilient against abiotic stress, supports its clients in the agricultural sector in increasing yields sustainably. Sergio Aburto, director Latin America North for the company, explained: "Our Canadian seaweed has a high concentration of bioactive compounds, providing a high bio-stimulant technology that helps the crop's abiotic stress resistance."

There is immense potential for the biostimulants market in Mexico across several segments. Sugar cane prices are rising, so sugar cane producers are more willing to spend money on products to sustainably improve yields. Demand for agave, driven by tequila and mezcal, is also continuing to rise. Additionally, Mexico is strong in high-value crops such as berries and vegetables, and some specialty crops like walnuts, all of which have the money to invest in advanced biological technologies.

Delayed permitting approvals have been a challenge to navigate, and there is no positive end in sight. Companies wait years for product approvals, dramatically slowing the

pace with which the industry can bring innovations to market. AMVAC, for example, has 14 registration applications waiting for a response, and another 15 for which COFEPRIS needs to review the information, some of which are as old as 2018. "We are trying to work with the authorities, developing products with greener technology and trying to comprocess of registrations."

There is great opportunity for technological innovation in developing more sustainable crop protection products. FMC, Tecnoindustries produces materials for bricks and other for example, is in the process of bringing its new BioPhero pheromone technology to Mexico, currently working with the government to gain approvals. Carlos Jurado, Latin America North business director at FMC, stated: "BioPhero developed the technology to replace expensive synthetic pheromones using highly specialized pheromones in smaller volumes, which will significantly reduce operational costs for farmers."

> In the coming year, development of advanced, natural crop protection products will continue to be a priority across the industry. The trend towards sustainable and biological products is irreversible, pushed both by strict regulation and consumer demand. Looking forward at 2024, Luis Osorio, executive director of industry association PROCCyT, said: "This year's mission is vital: To support the development and investment in sustainable practices, new products and technologies, such as biotechnologies that support this transition."



GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 Image courtesy of Ecolab



We harvest our Ascophyllum nodosum manually to maintain the seaweed beds, as machine-harvesting may damage the seaweed.

Sergio Aburto

Director Latin America North **ACADIAN PLANT HEALTH**

stress?

seaweed called Ascophyllum nodosum which is naturally grown in the North Atlantic Sea in Canada. It is the world's best-known seaweed, offering the greatest benefits and is more complex than the government imagines. uses. Although Ireland and Scotland have Ascophyllum, our Canadian seaweed has a higher concentration of bioactive compounds providing a high bio-stimulant technology that help plants thrive, improving the crops abiotic stress resistance. Crops are stressed by everything, including wind, temperature, dust, pests, diseases, weeds, etc. Therefore, uct was designed to target grains, cereals and industrial for a crop to express the maximum potential, every element crops, allowing crops such as wheat, corn, cotton, sugar of the agricultural process needs to be done correctly – fer- cane and others to be more resilient against abiotic stress, tilization, irrigation, pest control, and stress control.

How has drought impacted agricultural activities?

The northern regions have suffered the most. The climate wheat and sorghum. The government tends to prioritize the people when there is insufficient water for both (population and agriculture). However, Acadian Plant Health's most hardy market is specialty crops: Berries, avocados, tomatoes, agave, and other vegetables. These crops have years. Finally, walnut trees are another specialty crop in irrigation systems, so they are not impacted by drought to which APH sees potential growth here in Mexico. the same degree.

Can you discuss your perspective on the politics able harvesting? around GMOs?

This government claims that genetically modified corn is part of the company's day-to-day business. dangerous and harmful for people's health, but that is a flawed perspective. Genetically modified corn is not promaintain the seaweed beds, as machine-harvesting may hibited in the US, Canada, Europe, Brazil, or Argentina, all of which are major corn producers. None of those areas view GMO corn to be harmful to health. It is unclear what evidence the Mexican government will provide to support vesting to ensure that we are looking after the seaweed its claims when tons of studies outside the country show properly, allowing us to supply our clients demands. that genetically modified corn is safe.

The problem of genetically modified corn in Mexico is What is Acadian's process of innovation? political. The current government seeks to reactivate cer- Innovation is key for our business. If you get stuck or detain economic sectors of the country. Agriculture is an layed, you will lose your market. To ensure we stay ahead, essential segment in this project, given that agriculture we work simultaneously on three product lines, ensuring is an industry in which people have the least resources. that we have at least one ready to launch to the market The government wants to reactivate production in other each year.

How do Acadian Plant Health's products reduce plant areas. Still, if they pull people with low economic resources to produce corn, they will produce it only in small, sub-Our products and extracts are unique, coming from a sistence-level quantities. Without GMOs these farmers will not have access to improved plant varieties that produce yields sufficient to survive and generate profits. The issue

Where is Acadian Plant Health seeing growth?

The company has been very strong in vegetable crop biostimulation products for quite some time. Acadian has also launched a new product this year, TOGGLE. This new prodhelping producers to gain higher yields in a more sustainable manner as well.

Sugar cane is also experiencing a prosperous growth, It has been a very challenging year due to extreme drought. with prices increasing. Sugar cane producers are investing in technology that will increase their quality and producsituation will particularly impact cereals, including corn, tivity, and using our technology has been a high point for them due to the benefits they are able to gain.

> Agave has also been a key crop for the past three years. The market continues to grow. We expect that agave will be one of our most important markets in the next two

Can you discuss the company's approach to sustain-

Sustainability is one of Acadian's essential foundations,

We harvest our Ascophyllum nodosum manually to damage the seaweed. The availability of seaweed compared to its demand is a significant challenge, so we have a dedicated department in Halifax that manages our har-



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The perception of the value of water is something that we must change so that we are appropriately valuing the resource.

Esteban Guáqueta

LATAM Marketing Director for Nalco Water **ECOLAB**

What are Ecolab's recent updates?

Ecolab is a global leader in health, hygiene and water ser- **COP28?** two large segments: Institutional and industrial.

year. However, Ecolab is proud of the 2023 acquisition of pectations for corporate sustainability has been noticeable Flottec by Nalco Water, an Ecolab company. This acquisi- since COVID, and was apparent at COP28. The private and tion will supplement our portfolio of mineral processing industrial sector has a fundamental role in providing tools and flotation solutions with important new technologies. and facilitating investment to create the infrastructure for Flottec allows us to expand our horizons in mining, paramore sustainable future. The governments, on the other ticularly in the extraction of gold and copper, which are hand, play a facilitation role. instrumental in Mexico and Latin America overall.

How do Ecolab's digital tools enable better water man- industry in the short term?

ing the resource.

For example, if a company discharges a cubic meter of liquid into a river, they may contaminate four cubic meters of water. If nothing is done, the impact can be extremely high. And this is where the issue of perception comes into **years?** play. In Mexico, almost 50% of people think that companies In Mexico and Latam North there is a definite increase in are not doing much to save water or be more sustainable, investment in technology. Companies have a greater apbut if you go to the companies, it is clear that companies petite for investing in technological issues and sustainabilare doing far more than people perceive. That disconnect ity. Ecolab is no different – we continue to invest US\$200 is where Ecolab can provide solutions.

tems on one platform, continuously measuring a compa- in R&D. ny's industrial processes. This allows the client to underclient's sites.

Can you describe what the company observed at

vices. We are active in more than 170 countries, and we are COP28 was an interesting meeting because it was held in proud of our strong presence in Mexico. The company has a region where crude oil dominates. Ecolab participated in the meeting, and we observed a clear evolution in the ex-For everyone in the industry, 2023 was a challenging pectations for corporate sustainability. The change in ex-

How do you expect macroeconomic forces to shape the

In the short-term, inflationary issues are a challenge, but at When thinking about the value ascribed to water, water Ecolab are focused on longer-term priorities. I predict that seems to be a very cheap resource - on average, it costs the currency will remain more or less stable during 2024, a Mexican national \$250 pesos per month per cubic me- which will provide our clients' operations with peace and ter. For the industry, water costs are comparatively miniallow us to better help them to focus on providing services mal. The perception of the value of water is something and products that positively affect the planet. The next two that we must change so that we are appropriately value years are going to be marked by political change. Globally, approximately 50 countries will have elections. That will impact the industrial sector.

What are the company's priorities for the coming two

million annually in innovation and sustainability. Ecolab as Our offering ECOLAB3D places all the operations sys- 11,200 active patents today, and we will continue investing

Internally, Ecolab will continue improving our operastand how they are managing their water and how their tions and digitalizing operations at our plants. As a suscurrent water management aligns with their continuous tainability company, it is crucial that we provide an eximprovement plans in terms of sustainability. The solu- ample of sustainable internal operations. The company tion uses AI to predict how a system will perform in the intends to advance on our sustainability goals, lowering future and guides actions to prevent deviations. ECO- our greenhouse gas emissions across our operations. We LAB3D allows us to convert sustainability ideas into mea- will not take our foot off the accelerator. Ecolab will consurable, actionable plans that can be implemented on the tinue improving operations and investing in strengthening our structure and innovation.

INTERVIEW



Javier García

CEO **TECNOINDUSTRIES**

Could you introduce our readers to TecnoIndustries?

produce mainly construction materitries, like the chemical and energy markets. The minerals division is particularly large; it includes ceramic minvalue to our service. It provides the **and economy face?** foundational supply chain that drives Mexico speedily and efficiently.

nessing?

ing fundamental changes. As the transition towards electrification continues, demand for petroleum as a combus- What are the company's priorities tible fuel will decline. This transition will be an excellent opportunity, with a greater abundance of petrochemicals, in Mexico and the US, we will keep and new applications for petrochemical products will be developed.

Demand for our carbonate products has been robust this year, as our car-We have five major divisions. Our bonates service numerous industries, brick, mineral and cement divisions including paints and plastics, mashave a considerable market presence terbatch and in the energy industry. in the US. Our products are used to Another area of strong demand has been from the petrochemical indusals but are also used in other indus- try, where we see innovations in the application of petrochemical products and plastics in engineering works.

erals. Our logistics wing (TecnoLogis- What are some significant challengtics) is a vital division that adds much es that Mexico's chemical sector

There is an increasing amount of all the other divisions forward. We friction at the US-Mexico border. Pooperate our own transportation units litical issues and a state of insecurity to serve our clients across the US and have resulted in ever-longer waiting times for transports. The situation in the north of Mexico is troubling, and What trends in demand are you wit- nearshoring opportunities could be derailed by the realities of congested The petrochemical industry is undergoborders, insecurity, and inadequate infrastructure.

for the coming year?

Although our core business remains growing our presence in Central and South America and the Caribbean.



Vicente Saisó

VP Global Sustainability CEMEX

Can you give us an overview of CEMEX? ers reduce the overall embodied CO2

our operations is our key focus and will determine the future profitability of our industry. There are two main emission types in cement production: **decarbonization in the industry?** our direct emissions, and combustion market lower carbon products.

benefits?

concrete. VERTUA is helping develop- rates of 70 to 90%.

CEMEX is a materials company, and in their construction projects. It has our core businesses are cement, con- achieved a very high customer adopcrete and aggregates production. In tion rate in developed and developing addition, we offer urbanization solu- markets. Our target is for lower-cartions, such as admixtures. We are find- bon products like VERTUA to repreing attractive opportunities to reduce sent at least 50% of our total sales by emissions using additives creatively to 2025. By the closing of 2023, we will reduce CO2 emissions. Decarbonizing reach the 50% threshold in cement, two years ahead of schedule.

What are the greatest challenges to

combustion and process emissions. In some markets, local building codes Process emissions are roughly 60% of or regulations have not yet accepted lower carbon products, and the conemissions are 40%. We are offering struction sector is conservative in new cement blends and concrete so- adopting new formulations. One of lutions with special attributes and us- the key levers we are implementing ing admixtures proactively to offer the is using alternative fuels, using waste from other activities or industries such as non-recyclable municipal waste, as **Could you comment on the VERTUA** a fuel substitute for our kilns. In 2022, line of concrete solutions and its 35% of our fuels were alternative, but there is still room to grow, which de-Our lower carbon products have at pends on developed waste policies; least 30% reduction of CO2 content in some of our European facilities, compared to traditional cement or we have alternative fuel substitution

The industrial gas sector gears up for green hydrogen

winding. For industrial gas producers seeking to provide low carbon gas, the lack of access to electricity from a renewable source is a major inhibitor. In the long-term, a greener energy matrix in Mexico will require energy production from a wide variety of renewable sources, including wind and solar.

Even in the past three years, the interest in developing a green hydrogen segment in Mexico has grown dramatically. Cryoinfra, a Mexican company, has a strong presence in hydrogen, and in 2024 the company will open another hydrogen plant in San Luis Potosí. Hydrogen, in all its forms, is currently seen as potentially the future for decarbonizing many industries, with many companies in Mexico looking into blue hydrogen, with the focus on reducing the carbon continue to be central to the country's energy matrix. Carintensity of hydrogen.

Green hydrogen will be important in the future, but there is currently no market because of the high costs and lack of legal security. Dieter Femfert, the commercial director of Cryoinfra, the transition to those alternative sources and we are not is also vice president of the Mexican Hydrogen Association, which works with the government to support green hydrogen use green hydrogen for mobility, such as cars, trains, ships and planes, and we need to move in the same direction."

Energy and gas providers in Mexico are focusing more closely on the country's green hydrogen potential. The potential for solar, wind and water energy generation would allow for the production of a fully green hydrogen. Industrial gas producer Air Liquide's team participated in a study of the potential for green hydrogen in Nuevo León. Raphael de Montfort, general director of the company in Mexico, explained: "There were several core conclusions: The most important point is that the interest of all key stakeholders was confirmed and we see the progressive emergence of an ecosystem to promote green hydrogen."

Topsoe has, likewise, witnessed interest in the country's green hydrogen potential. The company always participates in the hydrogen exposition in Monterrey. Florencia Vitelleschi, general manager Mexico at Topsoe, explained: "We are starting an industry that currently does not exist in Mexico from scratch, but Mexico has a very large automotive sector and strong industrial sector, so the markets exist."

Mexico's position next to the US also positions it well to benefit from green subsidies the US is giving out through the IRA. "I was at a US embassy event the other day, and they were demonstrating the incentives there are to carry out projects in Mexico," said Vitelleschi. "The US is well-positioned for hydrogen, and Mexico will benefit."

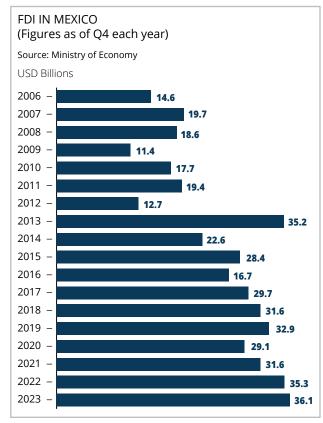
To overcome the high-startup costs for green hydrogen projects, there is a need for subsidies at the beginning of green hydrogen projects to ensure their viability. This call for financial support was mirrored by a larger call among the executives interviewed for this report for investment in infrastructure to provide renewable power, allowing the country to produce green hydrogen at a competitive price. This requires a collaborative effort between the government, industry and the citizenry.

The demand for green hydrogen is driven by sustainability priorities, but to develop a green hydrogen industry would

be a smart economic move for a country with as much re-A cheaper and greener energy sector is the holy grail for newable energy potential as Mexico has. This energy poten-Mexico's entire industrial sector, but the path forward is tial, combined with the country's privileged geographic position, positions it to supply green hydrogen to markets such as Korea and Japan. "Mexico has an excellent opportunity to become a hydrogen producer and supplier to these Asian markets, where there is lots of industry but no indigenous energy base," said Hugo Villareal, vice president of energy and engineering at Linde. "There needs to be a collective stakeholder effort to jumpstart this industry and incentivize capital to make it a reality."

Despite positive signals, an active green hydrogen production segment is still a long way away for the country. Currently, green hydrogen technologies are not economically viable in Mexico, and so liquid natural gas (LNG) will los Boone, director of business intelligence and corporate affairs at Énestas, said: "There are other, greener energies in play, but in Mexico public policy has not yet encouraged actively developing it."

From Boone's perspective, LNG is both the present and projects. Femfert stated: "Other countries are beginning to the future. Infrastructure for natural gas has increased across Latin America, but particularly in Mexico, including investments in terminals. Boone explained: "Natural gas is often thought of as a transition fuel, but with everything that is happening in the world, including the war in Russia and trade issues between China and the US, natural gas took over. Today, LNG is being imported to any country that can receive it."



GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 GBR SERIES | MEXICO CHEMICALS 2024 Image courtesy of Enestas



Dieter **Femfert**

Commercial Director **CRYOINFRA**

Can you provide us with an update natural gas or using solely hydrogen on Cryoinfra's operations?

ed our second plant in San Luis Potosí to supply the area's steel and growing electric & automotive sectors. Cryoinfra has more than 30 plants throughout the republic.

observed in the chemical sector?

Fortunately, we have experienced political situations.

countries.

Can you elaborate on Cryoinfra's clients to meet their needs. use of green fuels?

cluding mixing green hydrogen with standard of excellence.

in some processes. We strongly focus Last year, we opened a new cryogenic on hydrogen, and at the beginning of plant in Ciudad Juárez. We inaugurat- 2024, we will open another hydrogen plant in San Luis Potosí.

What differentiates Cryoinfra?

First, we are differentiated by our many locations, which puts us closer to our clients. We have solid logistics and What trends in demand have you personal customer service, not just where we are but on-site, where our customers have operations. Additiongrowing demand for all of our prod- ally, Cryoinfra has a technological deucts. I see exciting growth in the in- velopment area with a large group of dustry, but growth will depend sig- specialist engineers in different indusnificantly on the energy policy and trial sectors such as automotive, aerospace, electronics, food, beverage, pet-Right now, Mexico power policy is rochemicals, and chemicals. Our highly not significantly focused on renew-trained specialists allow us to support able energy. In the long-term, this will our clients and help them solve their also disadvantage us in front of other problems. Cryoinfra is highly innovative, and we have many patents across different industries, working with our

This year, we are focused on Green hydrogen lowers emissions strengthening these relationships and when utilized in different ways, in- providing services at our consistent



Hugo Villarreal

Vice President of Energy and Engineering LINDE

What is the Mexican energy indus- energy base. There needs to be a coltry's biggest challenge?

can industry is decarbonizing industrial processes and developing suitable clean energy solutions.

We are helping companies to decarbonize with alternative energy so- Our company strategy is straightforlutions and carbon capture technolo- ward: To keep our clients competitive gies. Linde has lots of experience and in their markets. To do this, we will knowledge of carbon capture technologies and the processing of CO2.

drogen?

The principal challenge to making infrastructure.

The government has to promote this wind and solar power industry. carbon emissions and our own is vital Regulators have to catch up. Mexico to this strategy. Linde remains comhas an excellent opportunity to be- mitted to developing green technolocome a hydrogen producer and sup- gies and updating existing processes plier to Asian markets, where there to make them more environmentally is lots of industry but no indigenous friendly and operationally efficient.

lective stakeholder effort to jumpstart The most pressing challenge for Mexithis industry and incentivize capital to make it a reality.

What is Linde's commercial strategv for the coming year?

keep reinvesting into new research and development for technical solutions and applications. The market What does Mexico need to do to constantly changes, and we want to **strengthen and promote green hy-** remain in front of it so our clients can thrive. Linde is implementing sustain-We are privileged with the right able practices to achieve our 2030 weather conditions and land to build and 2050 net zero and zero waste tarsolar and wind parks nationwide. gets. Making our energy consumption green, reducing the company's cargreen hydrogen competitive is eco- bon footprint, and reforestation and nomic; we need to invest heavily in recycling programs we participate in are crucial.

Helping our customers reduce their



Florencia Vitelleschi

General Manager Mexico **TOPSOE**



Carlos Boone

Director of Business Intelligence and Corporate Affairs

ÉNESTAS



Raphaël de **Montfort**

Managing Director **AIR LIQUIDE**

Can you update us on your recent operations?

This year, Topsoe has continued to position itself in the refining and petrochemical sector in Mexico. We offer catalysts and technologies to produce low sulfur fuels, ammonia, methanol, and hydrogen. We also offer catalyst to reduce and mitigate sulfur emissions. We are wellpositioned in several crucial areas, including the production of sustainable fuel for aviation.

What is the state of the energy transition in Mexico?

Mexico has excellent solar and wind potential, positioned in a good place with great renewable potential. The challenge is the delay in electricity generation permits for this type of energy.

Can you discuss green hydrogen?

There are several companies in Mexico, particularly in the steel and cement industries, that are looking into blue hydrogen. Green hydrogen will be important in the future, but there is currently no market. The costs for green hydrogen are very high, and there is a lack of legal security.

What are your priorities?

We are very strong in Mexico, and what Topsoe is doing in Mexico will be replicated throughout Latin America. We seek to position Topsoe as a technology expert for the production of low-carbon hydrogen.

What trends do you observe in energy generation?

Natural gas is the future. It is often thought of as a transition fuel, but with everything that is happening in the world, including the war in Russia and trade issues between China and the US, natural gas took over. Today, LNG is being imported to any country that can receive it. I see a trend in increasing infrastructure for natural gas, including investments in terminals. We are seeing it in Mexico, but also through Latin America.

What is the relationship between the US and Mexico in terms of energy?

We import most of our gas from the US. However, it is complicated because what happened with Texas during the ice storm could happen again. The US will always prioritize its internal demand, and then send the natural gas that is left over out for export. This places us in a vulnerable position. That is why we must start developing infrastructure in Mexico to produce LNG.

What are your priorities?

Our priority is Mexico. We are in nineteen states, and we are focused on give coverage to all the country. In the long term, we are also interested in Guatemala and Panama, with the potential to open to the rest of Central America.

What trends in demand for industrial and medicinal gases have you observed?

The first trend is a confirmation of the nearshoring momentum in Mexico, and its positive impact for our industry. The second trend is the importance of the energy transition. I had increasing numbers of meetings with our clients this year to assess how we can help them lower their emissions.

What are the most important challenges facing industrial gas producers in Mexico?

The first challenge is access to electricity from a renewable source. It is of utmost importance as otherwise we cannot produce low carbon gas.

What is Mexico's green hydrogen potential?

It has a significant potential, as Mexico benefits from all utilities which are required such as solar, wind and water. This year our team participated in a study of the potential for green hydrogen in Nuevo León. There were several core conclusions: the most important point is that the interest of all key stakeholders was confirmed, and we see the progressive emergence of an ecosystem to promote green hydrogen. However, we also identified two barriers: regulatory issues and financial issues. Indeed, producing green hydrogen will require subsidies at the beginning to ensure the viability of the projects.





A difficult year with stabilization in sight

2023 was an extremely challenging period for the petrochemical industry, with margins squeezed due to oversupply. "We have seen new capacity across the world, especially in the US and China, combined with less strong demand in strategic regions such as the US, Europe and Asia," said Braskem Idesa CEO Stefan Lepecki. "In this sense, the petrochemical business in general suffered significantly in 2023."

According to figures from the Chemical Industry Association of Mexico (ANIQ), production of petrochemicals in the country has plummeted from a 2018 volume of 8,068,099 t/y to 4,549,787 t/y in 2022. After years of underinvestment, PEMEX lacks the ply. However, the government will not infrastructure to turn excess gas from oil wells into chemical feedstocks, making Mexico the 7th highest gas the needs of the petrochemical indusburner on the planet. Instead, the industry has turned to imports from the US, and pipeline imports have increased 400% since 2011, according to the US Energy Information Administration, driving costs higher and exposing Mexican chemical industry players to global price fluctuations.

In the long-term, the energy transition will reshape the petrochemical industry. Refineries face peak demand for refined products and as the renewable energy transition takes off, oil and gas companies must begin making decisions on what they will do with their billions of dollars of assets. A much larger portion of each barrel of crude oil of the future will be dedicated to olefins and aromatics, reshaping the petrochemical landscape.

Mexico is feedstock constrained.

raw materials production to meet the needs of the chemical industry. The core cause has been the perilous drop in production by Pemex. Aging infrastructure and lack of investment in the country's petrochemical complexes has been a scourge to industry development. Production only continues to drop. "Pemex will stop production of ethylene oxide in December of 2023, and will overhaul the Morelos plant, which is the youngest of the plants," Raúl Baz Harvill, CEO of Grupo Petroquímico Beta stated. "They have cleared a platform to import ethane, which will guarantee year-round sup-

with a continuous insufficiency of

AMLO's government has ignored try, continuously underappreciating its role in Mexico's supply chain. Baz Harvill explained: "This government changed parties, and they decided to prioritize the refinery at Dos Bocas, reorienting all the resources around that project. The industry suffered tremendously as a result."

construct another cryogenic plant."

One alternative is to build stronger supply chains with the United States and Canada, the latter of which is in a constant state of ethane oversupply. From a regional supply viewpoint, the North American oil and gas outlook is positive, driven by rising basic hydrocarbons production in the US and Canada. David Coindreau, general director of Polioles, explained: "The boom in the US of natural gas and ethane production has led to the development of the segment of the Mex-

ican industry dependent on imports."

This has wounded domestic production. "On the other hand, segments of the chemical industry in Mexico that depend on local production have been declining," stated Coindreau. "There has been significant growth in the distribution industry to compensate for the lack of supply."

The situation was exacerbated by by the October 23, 2023, decision of the Mexican government to restrict the import of over 60 refined petrochemical and petroleum products. The decree had immediate effect, with the government blocking two railcars of aromatics (ARO 150) shipping from Houston on the 24th, according to S&P. The government stated that their intention was to reduce fuel theft and clamp down on the black market of stolen fuel. The move was seen by some as a potential gambit by Pemex to monopolize petroleum and petrochemical imports.

The result was an abrupt halt to imports for impacted companies, throwing their supply chains in disarray. These companies spent the end of 2023 and beginning of 2024 scrambling to gather and translate thousands of pages of highly complex information to submit to the government in desperate pursuit of rapid import permit approvals. Waiting for those approvals left the affected companies at a complete stand-still in parts of their operations.

Although the decree was disastrous for chemical companies that used the banned products as inputs, many in the petroleum industry were pleased by the policy change. According to the Mexican government, Mexico's illegal

fuels market was approximately 47 million barrels in 2022. Indeed, according to the government, 80% of the fuel in Mexico is potentially adulterated. For companies operating lawfully, competition from the illegal products is fierce.

The October 2023 decision built upon a December 2022 regulation that focused on LDA permits at the port. Fuels at terminals at the port require volumetric controls, ensuring that every liter that enters is recorded by the authorities. The new regulation extended the need for volumetric controls to petrochemical products, requiring challenging to obtain permits. Alfredo Ison, president of distributor Química Delta, stated: "The benefit is that those of us who do receive the permits gain a greater market share. Nonetheless, the policy increases the complexity of importing petrochemicals."

70% of petrochemicals enter the country through the Altamira port. Blockages at the port had an outsized impact on the larger petrochemicals sector. Speaking of the impact of the initial policy during 2023, Ison said: "In May of 2023, we were able to resolve the situation, but it generated a supply problem in the market and made it challenging to import products into the national territory. This was particularly challenging because petrochemical production in Mexico has continued to shrink, which means that distributors must import more products to compensate."

There are, however, some important steps forward, primarily due to private investment. Braskem Idesa. which has been in the process of constructing Terminal Química Puerto México, the company's future ethane

import terminal, owned and operated in a joint-venture with Advario.

The terminal was 50% constructed as of January 2024. The company expects to begin operations in Q1 2025, drastically reshaping the country's petrochemical industry. The future of the terminal was secured in late 2023. Lepecki explained, "In November 2023, we concluded our project financing, which was a success during a challenging moment for the industry. That financing was around US\$408 million, representing 70% of the total investment including CapEx interests and working capital."

The outlook for the petrochemical industry in 2024 is positive, if only slightly. There will be no new capacity coming online in 2024 or 2025, and less new capacity coming into operations in Asia than last year. The US and Asian economies both have some question marks, but there are some signs of recovery. "I expect that we will continue in a downcycle, but with better margins and better prices than in 2023," said Lepecki. "The supply-demand dynamics will be more balanced globally, with a slow increase in price."

Patricio Gutiérrez, chairman of the board of Grupo Idesa, agreed that there are positive signals. The Mexican economy grew by 3.5% in 2023, which could have been higher but was acceptable, and there was acceptable growth in the United States. Gutiérrez said: "I am cautiously optimistic for the Mexican economy and our industry. The global economy has been stabilizing and returning to a relative sense of normality despite ongoing crises because we are getting used and dealing with them."

Automotive growth drives lubricant sales

The lubricants segment is moving in lockstep with the larger automotive industry, which has recovered to pre-pandemic levels. On some levels, such as the number of trucks sold, the automotive industry is exceeding pre-pandemic levels. According to INEGI data, in 2023 Mexican auto production increased by 14%, domestic auto sales by 24%, and exports by 15%. "The sector does not suffer from the supply issues with steel and semiconductors that were the case not too long ago, so supply chains are func-

tioning, internal consumption is rising in Mexico, and exporting volumes go from strength to strength," said José Luis Gúzman of Castrol.

In 2020, the automotive sector accounted for 62% of the Mexico's lubricant consumption, making the automotive industry a particularly crucial end market (Mordor Intelligence). XXX of Castrol explained: "The lubricants market will grow 3-5% in 2023, in line with the industry, and we think this will be the case for the next 10 years, after which the Mexican market will have been adapting to electric and hybrid models, and there will be changes to market growth."

In 2024, automotive production in Mexico is expected to grow by 8% according to the industry group AMIA, with production of over 4,100,000 vehicles. In a press conference, AMIA head Odracir Barquera stated: "We have a really positive outlook on this year."

The automotive industry has long been a driver of the larger chemicals segment, and lubricants in particular, but other industries provide room for expansion. The global wind power industry, for example, requires highperformance lubricants, and it is a growth industry in Mexico for lubricants players such as Castrol.



Carlos Turquie CEO **PLASTI PIGMENTOS**



There needs to be a stronger culture regarding recycling. which is exacerbated by infrastructure gaps in collection and correct disposal.

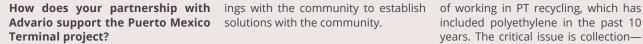


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It is only possible to talk about competitiveness with a clear approach to sustainability and energy, which is crucial to a nearshoring strategy.

Stefan Lepecki

BRASKEM IDESA



In 2021, we signed an agreement with Pemex and the Mexican government to help us build an ethane import terby defining the best location, providand facilitating permits.

and it was very important to have a partnership with Honeywell. partner with experience building and operating this type of terminal. After in sustainability. This has three pillars. a long process, we selected Advario, The first is a commitment to reduce tiveness and the competitiveness of a subsidiary of Oiltanking Group. We decided to create a joint-venture mate change, understanding that we considerable requirements in terms company called TQPM. As of Febru- have a power plant and a cracker and of green energy. It is only possible ary 2023, the company has been created. Advario has already onboarded us. Progress is proceeding apace, with 30% of the EPC completed. We have relationship with the local communi- ing strategy. The ongoing free trade already purchased the required longlead items and completed 80% of the talization and automation are essen- private companies, institutions, and engineering. Construction has started, tial for us. We had a partnership with governments – to define how to do currently focused on the foundations. Partnering with Advario was an excellent strategic decision for Braskem we achieved significant milestones in investors' confidence. We have all Idesa, and we expect the terminal to the last two years. start operations in 2024.

What steps does Braskem Idesa participation in plastics recycling? take to work with the local communities?

Since we built our complex, with an ship with the local community. We structured many programs to facilitate

How does Braskem Idesa prioritize waste must be collected efficiently, and digitalization?

minal. The government supported us focuses: Process efficiency and sus- ship with one of the most important tainability. Our industrial complex is ing access to the right of ways that state of the art in terms of technolpass transit land belonging to Pemex, ogy and innovation. We continue to pursue more efficient and safer op-We are not a terminal operator, erations through partnerships like our

We are also doing important work Nearshoring is an opportunity to plastic waste; secondly fighting cli- Mexico's industrial sector. We have we aim to achieve neutrality by 2050; to talk about competitiveness with a and lastly, we have a commitment to clear approach to sustainability and social responsibility, especially in our energy, which is crucial to a nearshorties. To combat climate change digi- discussions require all the entities -Emerson to implement solutions and this more competitively and estabcontrols to reduce our emissions, and lish clear policies and rules to provide

Can you explain Braskem Idesa's shoring more competitively.

To reduce single-use plastic and en- What are your priorities for 2024? hance recycling and reutilization of Our priority is to conclude our termiplastics is part of the strategy of the nal project, the last major movement original investment of US\$5.2 billion, industry - work that must be done in our feedstock strategy. We have we have maintained a strong relation- with government, society, our clients, also initiated contracts with some producers, and so on.

In Mexico, recycling is already in a ships Braskem Idesa will use excluclear communication with the commustrong position. There are two types sively. To transport ethane, you must nities and offer jobs. Coatzacoalcos is a of recycling: chemical and mechanihave special vessels. Another critical poor region with significant needs, and cal. In Mexico, Braskem Idesa focused focus is sustainability, increasing our we understood that to build the com- on investing in mechanical recycling. presence in the plastic waste initiative pany, we needed to have open meet- There is a multi-decade tradition here and our CO2 emissions reduction.

included polyethylene in the past 10 years. The critical issue is collectionthen it must be sorted and cleaned ef-Regarding digitalization, we have two ficiently. We have an essential partnerrecycling companies in Mexico, Alcamare, which has 16 recycling systems worldwide, and together we produce high-quality materials.

How can nearshoring benefit Mexico?

reinforce the company's competithe conditions in North America and Mexico to continue developing near-

Asian companies to construct two



A strong Pemex benefits the entire chemical industry and nation. Investments in maintenance should come first, then into new capacity.

Patricio Gutiérrez

Chairman of the Board and CEO **GRUPO IDESA**

Idesa's operations and activities in

two joint ventures (Braskem Idesa & CyPlus Idesa). Our petrochemical division is where the company's origins lie, and we have four production plants across industrial sites in Mexico. There is also a distribution division ALVEG with nine branches across Mexico that commercializes chemical and petrochemical products, includ-Finally, we have the logistics division with two operating terminals, one at the port of Veracruz and an inland terminal in Tlaxcala. CyPlus Idesa joint venture produces sodium cyanide fo- tunity. Mexico has abundant natural cused on the mining industry, while resources that we should be taking the Braskem Idesa joint venture pro- advantage of and a well-trained and duces polyethylene. 2023 was a chal- competitive workforce. However, lenging year for the company, with our infrastructure is the most signifivarying demand levels from differ- cant obstacle. There is a critical need in competition from Asia and North major north-south roadways are satucess capacity abroad usually finds its tion, there should be investments in way to Mexico.

What is your perspective on the trajectory of the Mexican economy?

economy grew by 3.5% in 2023, which should be higher but is still acceptable. and there was decent growth in the US. The global economy has been stabilizing and returning to a relative sense of normality despite ongoing global crises because we are getting used to and dealing with them. The same can be said for raw material costs here, which remain high but are not exploding in price, so there is a sense of stability.

cal sector seeing the most robust demand?

Grupo Idesa has three divisions and Our country's major consumers of alliances with the private industry to chemical products include the automotive industry, which is growing rapidly and is an excellent market for chemical companies, agriculture and electronics. There is also the personal care sector. Unfortunately, growth in construction, a crucial sector for chemical companies, has been sluggish.

ing fuels for the automobile industry. What are the major risks and opportunities associated with nearshoring?

Being neighbors with the world's biggest economy is an enormous opporent sectors. There was also an uptick for more investment in highways. The America in the first half of 2023, as ex- rated and must be expanded. In addiour rail system to alleviate pressure from the roads. Demand for chemical goods outpaces domestic production and makes us reliant on imports, and I am cautiously optimistic for the Mexithe lack of infrastructure is another can economy and our industry. The vulnerability point at our ports and border crossings.

What do you think is the chemical industry's greatest challenge?

Electricity prices are relatively high in Mexico compared to the US. If we cannot lower these energy costs and promote a renewable energy matrix, there is a risk that our industry will become uncompetitive and unable to meet the environmental demands of clients. The

Could you update us on Grupo From which sectors is the chemi- supply of raw materials is another issue, and the country must adequately invest in Pemex and look for strategic capture the potential the industry has. A strong Pemex benefits the entire chemical industry and nation. Investments in maintenance should come first, then into new capacity.

How does Grupo Idesa incorporate advanced digital technologies into its operations?

Our policy on digital tools is to gradually adopt tools that are proven to work and can improve our operations. Our production plants are vanguards in this sense and implement stateof-the-art technology. The strategy is to increasingly digitize our processes to automate more functions. Grupo Idesa has also launched pilot projects exploring using generative AI to produce relevant information and make decision-making processes faster.

What are the company's sustainability priorities?

2023 is our third year publishing an in-house ESG report. As an industry with the leadership of ANIQ, we have implemented the Responsible Care policy for many years, which has served as the core of the industry's sustainability efforts. We are always searching for new ways to reduce energy consumption and become more efficient. Social and Governance topics also are within our top priorities.

What will Grupo Idesa's strategy be in the next two years?

We have completed a lengthy corporate restructuring process and will consolidate this new structure in 2024.



Strategies to tackle plastic waste

In April 2024, UN member states will example, Ramírez described strong materials, when recycled, significantgather for the fourth round of treaty pollution. The efforts are in response the global shift towards environmen- materials." to worldwide calls for a legally bind- tally friendly practices," he said. ing treaty to strengthen regulations for eliminating plastic waste and pollution, driven by developing nations compound materials, has recently ture gaps in collection and correct that are currently drowning in the waste of developed nations.

plastic gets recycled. With plastic pro- to start in Q2 2024. The company, duction doubling between 2000 and 2019, the percentage of waste current- tive industry, received support from ly recycled is nowhere near enough to the Secretariat of Sustainable Develmake a dent on the reality. The challenge will only increase; by 2060, plastic waste production is expected to triple, according to OECD data, of which 50% is destined for landfills.

The third round of negotiations in Kenya in November were unsuccessful, with no agreement to develop a first draft or commitments for intersessional work. The April negotiations, ers must operate in line with global therefore, are crucial to developing a first draft of the final text. Member states have committed to signing a gas emissions of the world: indeed, by velopment of a more functional cirtreaty by the end of 2024.

Miguel Ramírez, general manager of Avient, noted that in Mexico, the private sector and society are ahead of the government when it comes to waste management and sustainability. In the packaging industry, for

Pentac, a German company developed to meet the need for recycled which primarily serves the automoplastics production.

Manuel Iglesias, CEO of Pentac, identified both public pressure and government regulations as driving a global demand to reduce carbon emissions. In Mexico, the regulations are less strict, but automotive producexpectations. The plastics industry is a in shaping the future of global plasmajor contributor to the greenhouse tics production and driving the de-2040, greenhouse gas emissions from the plastic system have the potential for the plastics industry is to focus to grow by 63%.

This has led to an opening for Pentac, which produces recycled compounds that combine recycled and virgin materials. Iglesias stated: "Our

demand for biosolutions. "Mexican ly reduce carbon dioxide generation talks for a global treaty to end plastic regulation still needs to catch up with per the manufacture of each kilo of

Government investment in the infrastructure for recycling is crucial, as there are significant infrastrucexpanded in Mexico. Production at disposal. Government engagement their second production plant in is necessary to make recycling plas-According to OECD data, only 9% of Mexico, in Queretaro, is expected tics more accessible. Carlos Turquie, CEO of Plasti Pigmentos, noted, "Biodegradable products are part of the solution, but they still carry contaminating traces, so reusing plastics is opment as part of the domestic and the most logical path, as it adds the global push for more sustainable most value to the economy and our clients' products."

With growing demands from the public to proactively address the issue of plastic waste, the petrochemicals industry is actively seeking new technologies and formulations to support plastics recycling and waste reduction. 2024 will be a pivotal year cular economy. "The main challenge on sustainable solutions to increase recyclability," said Ramírez of Avient. "There is a historically negative public perception of our industry; now, we can turn it around."



Miguel Ramírez

RBL Latam **AVIENT**

Can you introduce us to Avient?

Avient is a global company formerly known as PolyOne. Over the years, we have dedicated ourselves towards the specialty chemicals segment, and in 2020, we acquired Clariant's global color concentrates business. The last three years have been particularly dynamic for the company, as we also acquired DSM's protective materials unit, thus adding top-quality super fibers to our portfolio. We have two production facilities in Mexico, in Toluca and Mexico City.

What is Avient's approach to sustainability?

This year, we were awarded the Gold Ecovadis certification, which is awarded to only 6% of firms worldwide, reflecting our company's commitment to sustainable practice and innovameet our 55% carbon reduction target for 2030.

polymers is significant to the compaare now sustainable. Plastics are an mentality to consider this.

excellent material, but we are not taking full advantage of their use. That is why our focus is on recyclability and reducing carbon footprints. For example, one of our additives is used to make PET plastic bottles and has the benefit of reducing the manufacturing process temperature, resulting in lower energy consumption and a lower carbon footprint. Our foam agents, such as Hidrocerol, replace part of the plastic structure with air, reducing weight. Avient is working extensively on using and developing post-consumer resins to reduce the industry's dependency on virgin resins.

What challenges confront the plastics industry?

Mexican regulation still needs to catch up with the global shift towards environmentally friendly practices. tion. We have an annual 3% waste Society and the private sector are reduction target and are on track to ahead of the government for now, but it is a matter of time. Another challenge is that we need to recog-Avient's portfolio of sustainable nize that recycling is an additional process that requires an additional ny, and over a third of our solutions cost. There needs to be a change in



David Coindreau

Managing Director **POLIOLES**

What is your perspective on the dustry offers immense potential for Mexico?

The chemical manufacturing industry has become progressively dependent on raw materials imported from the US or elsewhere. The boom of natural gas and ethane production in the US has led to the growth and development of a strong petrochemical industry, which used to be dependent on imports. On the other hand, segments of the chemical industry in Mexico the most advanced processes and that depend on local production have equipment, but the people involved in been declining and, as a result, there has been significant growth in the distribution industry to compensate for the lack of local supply.

What is your perspective on rela- day, we want our team to go safely tions between the government and back home to their families. the industry?

As an industry, we must partner with the government to have a more competitive Pemex. A strong, efficient Pe- We will continue to adapt to the conditions to do so. The chemical in- to our clients.

state of the chemical industry in economic development, particularly in the southern regions of the country which translates in better paying jobs and long-term stability.

How does Polioles focus on safety?

Safety is a core pillar for the company. We have not had an accident in over a year. We seek to promote good behavior among our collaborators and contractors. In the end, you can have the operation are the ones who make decisions. We are constantly training people and giving them the right tools to ensure they are focused on the importance of safety. At the end of the

What is your strategy for the coming year?

mex would be transformational for changing circumstances of our industhe Mexican chemical industry, and try and broaden our product and serwe must support in developing the vice offering to give the best solutions

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Sergio Paredes

CEO RESIRENE

What is the history of Resirene?

products are exported.

Can you discuss your sustainable approved for food contact. offerings with UBQ?

rating with UBQ, creating a high- 2023?

polystyrene with post-consumer re-Our primary business is polystyrene cycled content that we have named production, although we have some Q-rPS®; which stands for "Quality other lines of business in the produc- Recycled Polystyrene". We are very tion of technical compounds, sustain- proud of this achievement because able solutions and petrochemical dis- it represents a big step forward totribution. The company has a single wards circularity regarding the use production site in Tlaxcala. Half of our of Polystyrene. This product can be used for food contact applications being certified by the SCS and FDA

A few years ago, we started collabo- How did the market perform in

impact polystyrene composite. This 2023 was a year of correction. That product can be used for a variety of was true for polystyrene too. Comapplications that do not come in to pared to previous years, demand decontact with food, such as garden- creased throughout the value chain. ing and a wide range of consumer In early 2024, we think that it will products. The first advantage of our remain at similar levels, and expect offering was to demonstrate that that near the second half of the year with an additive we had developed, we will see an improvement in genpolystyrene could be compatible with eral prices through to 2025. Demand the UBQ product. The product has a in the market will increase, with imnear-zero carbon footprint with the provement first seen in the US and benefit of recovering organic waste then moving out to the surrounding in conjunction with a polymer. More regions, and we are very attentive to recently, we have introduced our the North American market.



Manuel **Iglesias**

PENTAC DE MÉXICO

plant in Mexico?

dustry. Additionally, it is on Highway 57, which goes from Queretaro up to sales force. Laredo and, therefore, the US. The idea is to be on the path to supplying the US market.

In Mexico, we have a complete database of the potential clients in the country due to our extensive slowed down by delays waiting for veloped and trained an internal sales ing our market.

What is the purpose of opening a team who will focus on those clients and seek collaboration with some Originally, Pentac was deciding be- distribution companies to strengthtween opening a plant in Mexico and en our brand in Mexico. Through the US. We determined that based on partnerships with distributors, our the location of our current and po- own sales force benefits from the tential clients, the best location was sales force of the distributors, as Querétaro. Querétaro has had excel- well as their work in activities such lent growth in a variety of industries, as digital marketing. For a Mexican but particularly in the automotive in- company to achieve deep penetration of the market, the key is a strong

Pentac is also focused on the US market. Currently, we supply some customers in the US from Germany, but now that we have the production What is Pentac's strategy in Mexico? facility in Mexico, it is our target to increase our footprint there.

We are focused on managing a variety of new developments, particularly knowledge and understanding of the the development of materials with market, particularly the automotive colors, with different percentages of market. Our short-term priority is recycled material, with different adto prioritize clients who have been ditives and reinforced materials in order to attend not only the automotive products to arrive from Europe. To industry, but also other industries, carry out this strategy, we have de- opening up the possibility of diversify-



Raúl Baz

GRUPO PETROQUÍMICO BETA

What is the history of Grupo Petro- low the price of natural gas here in químico Beta?

and laboratory. How much ethylene meet the demand. oxide we can produce depends on how much we are supplied by Pe- What are your expectations for the mex. Last year, we were better supplied than many in Mexico because 2023? to Pemex.

cline?

ico could use, so the price was be- supply issue.

Mexico due to supply and demand. Grupo Petroquímico Beta was origi- Braskem observed the situation and nally established to manufacture a decided to invest in a large plastic specialty product. We transitioned manufacturer in Mexico. The minute away from that to manufacturing that the company entered Mexico, other high specialty ethylene oxide the excess of ethane became a defiproducts. For which we have become cit, and the petrochemical industry very successful, and now we have at large suffered. For next year Pean excellent EO specialty plant. The mex is going to import ethane and company also has our own chemists we expect that the supply of EO will

production of ethylene oxide in

we were willing to make a higher bid With ethylene oxide, what happens in the industry depends on the government's priorities. Right now, the gov-What caused the petrochemical ernment is overhauling some plants sector's raw materials access de- of which EO has priority. They will stop production of ethylene oxide Ethylene oxide, which is the basic in December of 2023, and will overchemical we use, has been in very haul the Morelos plant, which is the short supply. The lion share of the major supplier of EO. They as previethane was being given to Braskem ously mentioned they have cleared a IDESA. Prior to Braskem entering platform to import ethene, which will Mexico, there was more ethane than guarantee year-round supply. Pemex the petrochemical industry in Mex- is taking tangible steps to remedy the



José Guzmán

Director **CASTROL**

What trends have you observed in ronment closely because there is much trial sectors?

The automotive industry in Mexico more open to outside investments. has recovered to pre-pandemic levels, and some metrics, such as the num- in Mexico needs to be updated and ber of trucks sold, are exceeding pre-strengthened. The obsoleteness of pandemic levels. The lubricants market will grow 3-5% in 2023, in line with lenge not only to outside investment the industry, and we think this will be opportunities but also to increasing the case for the next 10 years, after sustainable practices. There needs to which the Mexican market will have be more investment and modernizabeen adapting to electric and hybrid tion of power systems. models, and there will be changes to market growth.

Besides the auto industry, we have a strong presence in the industrial sector with our metalworking fluids and high-performance lubricants, which are indispensable to industrial processes. Castrol is also becoming and global wind power industry.

observe in Mexico?

We need to be more agile as a country ture and consider our regulatory envi- market here is yet to be significant.

the Mexican automotive and indus- international competition investments, and timing is crucial. We need to be

Additionally, the energy system much of the grid will present a chal-

What changes are taking place in the industry due to sustainability initiatives?

Hybrid and electric vehicles are becoming increasingly relevant, especially as governments focus on sustainability. We are going to adapt to these increasingly present in the Mexican changes, and we are working globally to develop new types of lubricants for this market. We now boast a complete What obstacles to growth do you portfolio of lubricants, coolants, and transmission fluids serving the hybrid and electric markets. In Mexico, we and open to investment. The govern- have yet to have this portfolio on offer ment must invest in basic infrastruc- simply because the hybrid and electric

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The opportunity of new technologies

Mexico's agricultural sector employs mulators (UMFFAAC), stated: "There the Mexican agricultural trade in the cent export growth has been Mexico's beverages such as teguila and mez- to diversify the crops in cultivation." cal, has given this industry an added boost. Luis Eduardo González, former tural sector has performed strongly; president of the Mexican Union of Agaccording to the Ministry for Agricultion within the agrochemical indus-

more than 5 million people, provid- is still untapped potential. About 60% ing the nation with tens of billions of of our agriculture is small and subsisdollars in annual exports. Behind retence farming, so there is much potential for this segment to be better innovative crop protection industry. trained and equipped, introduced to Recently, strong demand for Mexican technological farming methods, and low demand and low prices. Com-

By some measures, the agriculrochemicals Manufacturers and For- ture and Rural Development (SADER), try, especially in inventories in the

first nine months of 2023 was worth US\$72.4 billion, with an agricultural trade surplus of US\$6.09 billion.

However, overall the agrochemical market was challenging in 2023, with panies had to be highly disciplined about managing inventory and cost structure. "There has been a correc-



major agricultural markets such as Brazil and the US," said José María Bermudez, CEO of Viakem, a contract and development manufacturing company. "We observed a significant drop in demand, not due to any structural cause, but because of the ups and downs after the pandemic and the volatility created along the value chain."

Climate disasters and regulatory headwinds have both stifled the industry's growth prospects. Regulation, in particular, has been a central challenge. Throughout the interviews held for this report, executives in the crop protection space emphasized the burden imposed by regulation that is excessive and, at times, illogical. Dr. César Parada, Valent de México's general director, said: "For many crops, the decisions made by the Mexican government look more political than based on technology and science."

Climate Risks: Drought

If 2023 will be remembered for one thing by Mexico's farming community, it will be for the lack of rain. Rain shortfalls represent a growing threat to Mexico's agricultural industry. Javier Valdés, CEO of Syngenta, said: "2023 has been a very challenging year in Mexico in terms of rainfall, the driest year in the last thirty. Mexico has suffered from some extreme temperatures. The dams are at their lowest point in years, and we have had many crop losses."

According to data from Conagua, the Mexican National Association for Water, moderate to extreme drought conditions increased by 8.45% in

2023, and in June 2023, rainfall levels were 61% lower than the 1991-2020 average for the same month. These climatic challenges have impacted Mexico's food production, dropping the country from 9th to 10th on the list of largest global food producers in 2023.

Mexico's agricultural sector consumes 75% of the country's water, according to Conagua, though there are competing demands for access to water as Mexico's population and economy grow. Booming cities in the north, such as Monterrey, exacerbate this problem. The lack of rainfall has been impactful and has social implications, setting the stage for competition over water between rural and urban areas. The dry season has impacted sales of certain agrochemical products in the country. According to Nery Echeverría, head of sales in Mexico at Bayer Crop Science: "We have had lower demand throughout the industry for weeds control products because this year has had less rain, and less rain means less weeds."

In addition to dry weather conditions, the sector confronted other climatic risks in 2023, including storms. In October 2023, Hurricane Otis devastated Guerrero state's coastline, causing catastrophic damage to the city of Acapulco and inundating crops across the region. Climate cycles are becoming less predictable, introducing new risks. Luis Osorio, executive director of the industry association Protection of Crops, Science, and Technology (PROCCyT), stated: "The global population is growing, yet agriculture faces multiple challenges: Climate change, natural disasters, and regulatory challenges."

The government has taken steps to mitigate the water stress caused by the lack of rainfall and intense competition for water between rural and urban areas, including restricting water access to the industrial sector in some affected regions such as Jalisco, Michoacán, Nuevo Leon, and Tamaulipas, among others. The government is also incentivizing changes, promoting crops such as rapeseed, which need far less irrigation than many of the fruits and vegetables commonly planted, while discouraging corn production.



Sustainable technology to promote **Healthy Soil**



As AMVAC we designed a unique program focused on soil management.

SmartSoil® program supports decisions to improve microbial diversity. From sanitization to microbial inoculation and biostimulation.

SmartSoil® will improve crop & yield quality.

Vapam 42 MayaMagic

SeaMaster 400

BioAmin

BioQuitina







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INTERVIEW



Under the current government, there has been an unfortunate misrepresentation of the agrochemical industry, and they have tried to prohibit agrochemical products without a proper scientific basis.



Luis Eduardo González

Former President MEXICAN UNION OF AGROCHEMICALS MANUFACTURERS AND FORMULATORS (UMFFAAC)

Could you update us on UMFFAAC's the safe and proper handling of agroactivities in the past year?

The association has worked intensely in 2023 to support the country's crop protection and pesticide industries the attention InTOXications (ATOX) by is a growth in the registration of new and to communicate to the public and the authorities its relevance to the food production. Under the current government, there has been an unfortunate misrepresentation of the agrochemical industry, and they have tried to pro- ing doctors on how to recognize and pesticides. New regulations intend hibit agrochemical products without care for the symptoms of poisoning to prohibit aerial fumigation metha proper scientific basis. UMFFAAC is by agrochemicals. This program its ods within 4,000 m of a populated dedicated to consistent dialogue and communication with the authorities, hours a day. Congress, Senators, and environmental regulators to promote our industry What are UMFFAAC's priorities in ment that will improve the health of as healthy, safe, and indispensable to **dialogue with the authorities?** the country's food production. Without the crop protection industry, food would become more challenging to grow, scarcer, and therefore more expensive, affecting the lives of every person in the country. In terms of been closed, and they have made for the coming year? events, in addition to these information campaigns organized in defense of the industry, we have also conducted training programs for the safe and the industry or even farmers. proper utilization of pesticides to farmers and regional bodies that form the What are some significant challeng- industry, arguing against unsubstanticore of our calendar every year.

safety programs?

In 2023, UMFFAAC delivered training sessions to over 25,000 farmers on consumers. The responsible authori- omy, as it keeps people fed. ■

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chemical products. In addition, we dispesticides, program which is attended by specialized medical personnel of the Universidad Autónoma de Nuevo León, providing service through a free telephone line to the society, includ- the technological applications of free of charge 365 days a year, 24 area, which has will limit the use of

Our relationship with the government has been strained recently. In the past, we had fruitful interactions with regulators, health bodies, and state governments. These interactions have consequential decisions for the agrochemical and agricultural industries at large without adequately consulting keep communication channels with

es facing Mexican agriculture today?

The proliferation of illegal fertilizer **Could you comment on UMFFAAC's** and agrochemical products in the market it's a serious problem that Our industry is vital for society, and expose farmers, environment and crop protection is crucial for the econ-

ties have been ignoring this problem, and we see it, as there is no proper application and enforcement of existing laws. Thankfully, agricultural exporters are more vigilant about the agrochemicals they consume and have high standards for exporting to international markets. For domestic consumption, there is a very big issue with these products, and it is negatively affecting our consumers' health and safety.

Meanwhile, approval waiting times for new products have grown considerably. In the past, you would wait an average of 18 months, and we now face 36-month long periods and, in some cases, indefinite waiting times. The authorities often give absurd excuses for these time delays, including reasons without legal basis.

How are sustainable practices being implemented in the industry?

Consumers are conscious of the food they consume, and our industry is tribute first aid kits for people harmed looking continually for the sustainable by agrochemicals and work closely in alternatives they can provide. There organic and biological products. It is now part of the fabric of the companies we represent.

> There are promising advances in this method in most of the country. are also new fertilizers in developfarming soil, reducing environmental impacts and water usage, improving yields, and generally improving the health of the soil.

What is the association's priority

Our priorities are consistent with what we have done in the past year. We will the authorities and society open and keep stressing the importance of our ated prohibitions of products, which will have wide-ranging repercussions for our farmers and food production.



Due to the regulatory backlog of approval, innovation in Mexico has paused in the past five years.



Luis Osorio

Executive Director ASSOCIATION OF CROP PROTECTION, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PROCCYT)

Could you update us on PROCCYT's Can you discuss some of PROCCYT's objectives and primary purpose?

PROCCYT is the leading industry association representing the agrochemical, crop protection and biotechnology industries. We have 85 members representing the entire agrochemical value chain, including companies that develop new technologies, distributors and associate members that are agricultural producers. Our mission is clear: To promote and support Mexican agriculture, helping the industry grow its yields so that our country crops are grown sustainably and offer health benefits to the end consumer.

Agriculture faces multiple challenges: Climate change, natural disasters and regulatory challenges. We focus on transmitting technology to the field where it is most needed while keeping a very close dialogue with regulatory authorities, Congress, and the federal government to communicate the needs and priorities of our industry to the state.

ternational organization of crop protection associations, and are part of the Latin American, North American, and international chapters. This organization is an excellent forum for open dialogue. It allows us to share and interchange experiences with the region and globally, which is imperative given the global nature of so many challenges we face in Mexico.

safety programs?

We have developed numerous programs to promote agrochemical products' safe and responsible use. CuidAgro is a system of certifications that helps agricultural producers correctly identify agrochemical products and how to manage them safely. In the past year, we have certified over 30,000 people on proper management of agrochemicals. We work with federal and state authorities on this issue.

Another example is Syntox, a 24/7 and the world have a reliable source medical helpline available to anyof food, while ensuring that these one who has been harmed by an agrochemical product. We also work closely with local health authorities in agricultural regions to get newly qualified doctors trained and aware of agrochemicals and their hazards. Lastly, CampoLimpio is a nationwide plastics recycling campaign.

What is the state of agrochemical regulation in Mexico?

Mexico is a highly regulated agricul-PROCCYT is part of Crop Life, an in-tural and agrochemical market by international standards. Due to the regulatory backlog of approval, innovation in Mexico has paused in the past five years. For example, the average approval time for new agrochemical products is 11 years from submittal, during which a new product will undergo over 120 analytical tests. The sector is highly scrutinized, comparable to the pharmaceutical industry. Mexico is one

of the world's greatest producers and exporters of food products, such as avocados, berries, and tomatoes, and being highly regulated is part of this success story, as our goods are internationally recognized.

Nevertheless, regulation should not be purely prohibitive and needs to be smarter. That is why PROCCYT works closely with regulatory bodies to communicate the challenges the field faces and how collaboration can alleviate them.

How important are trade deals for the Mexican agricultural industry?

The USMCA trade deal has been significant for Mexican agriculture, given that more than 80% of our business is oriented towards North America. USMCA is key to keeping Mexico a global agricultural exporting leader. It is not just an interchange of trade, but also science and technology. PROC-CYT led a Mexican industry delegation in Canada this year as part of the trilateral commission on pesticides, and we worked closely with our North American partners to explore the homogenization and alignment of regional regulatory frameworks. Mexico and the region could benefit significantly from such an alignment.

What trends in the industry have vou observed?

There is an irreversible trend towards sustainable and biological products in the industry. The export boom is also driving demand for innovative solutions, such as using drones to spray agrochemicals or geolocation software.

What are PROCCYT's main priorities for the coming year?

This year's mission is vital: To support the development and investment into sustainable practices, new products, and technologies, such as biotechnologies that support this transition. Although approvals are slow, we will maintain close and open dialogue with regulatory authorities to promote technological innovation. The sector has great opportunities and risks, such as climate change, which can be managed through innovation and development. That is why we are focused on a public communications campaign with all the necessary stakeholders.



Marco Salcedo

Director **AMVAC**



2023 has been a tough year for several industries, including the agrochemical industry in Mexico.



Can you update us on your recent How are slow registration processoperations?

For AMVAC, we focus on ways to in- In this industry, we need to present cluding a strong group of salespeople.

What is the state of the agrochemi- new approvals. We are trying to work cal industry at the moment?

which destroyed the first stage of the support the government's strategy. vegetable season or Otis in Guerrero. However, the storms did not reach the What is your strategy for the commountains, and the dams are at less ing year? in corn, beans, and other crops.

What are the benefits of your star for the grower. We continue growing in offering SmartSoil?

The first time we brought SmartSoil Additionally, we keep looking for new into the conversation, nobody in the technologies and products that can be industry talked about soil health and the benefits of taking care of soil. Now, there is a lot of enthusiasm and discussion around soil health. I am proud that work with or acquire. we started with an idea everyone now sees as widely important. It is the base we develop will benefit our principal of the investment and a crucial part of customer, the farmer, and our final our industry. We are working with the customer, the consumer. We are workfarmer to benefit the root system and ing to increase our biological offering have a robust microbiome supporting through BioAmvac. AMVAC is currently the plant's performance. We started waiting for the registration of new prodour SmartSoil offering working with ucts that we acquired in Central Ameriagave and expanded to potatoes. Now, ca. One of the products in this new line we are working on vegetables and ber- is an offering that increases sugar cane ries. The benefit of SmartSoil is that it production. AMVAC will keep looking improves the farmer's productivity with for concepts that increase the field's better yields at better costs solving in productivity and continue searching for

es impacting AMVAC?

crease our field presence looking to offer significant information for approvals better support for the farmers. We have for every product we want to launch. recently launched several new products So to then, after getting the approval, and are consolidating some concepts have the authorities say a product is that we launched four years ago. Most not safe is ridiculous. The Mexican govimportantly, we have a solid team, in- ernment is putting intense pressure on glyphosate and other products.

At the same time, you do not get with the authorities, developing prod-2023 has been a tough year for several ucts with greener technology, trying to industries, including the agrochemi- comply with their demand to develop cal industry. Recently, at the PROCCyT alternatives to agrochemicals. Today, meeting of R&D-based companies in AMVAC has submitted 14 registrations, Cancun, most of the companies de- for which we have not received any scribed a challenging year. The super response or information. We have 15 peso is not helping because it is chal- other pending registrations for which lenging for expenses and exports. we have received a note saying that we Most of the farmers that are exporting need to review the information, and we their products are looking to reduce will be approved. After answering the their expenses and costs. Additionally, demands, we are still waiting to hear the year was challenging regarding back from Cofepris. Some of these are weather, with severe conditions across from 2018. If they want to have better, the country – droughts in some regions greener technology, they must speed in Mexico and floods in others, includ- up the process of registrations. Aping the hurricane Norma in Sinaloa, proving advanced registrations would

than 50%. The fourth quarter will be AMVAC has two primary areas of focus. critical, as we are hearing about a 50% On the one hand, we are looking for reduction in vegetables and 70 to 80% internal growth. We are determining how to maintain our franchise products that are still extremely important our core offerings in the marketplace. developed directly by AMVAC or acquired through third-party alliances. We continue looking for partners to

At AMVAC, we know that the tools addition a specific important problem. new concepts to add to our portfolio.



The dual perils of prohibition and approval times

In addition to persistent climate challenges, the agrochemical sector continues to confront an uncertain and complicated regulatory framework. Mexico's agrochemical industry is highly regulated, and the scale and complexity of this regulatory challenge have only increased during the presidential term of Andres Manuel Lopez Obrador (AMLO).

The principal regulatory challenges inhibiting the crop protection industry are time-consuming regulatory approval processes, prohibitory legislation, and the long-standing anti-GMO stance of the Mexican government. Eduardo Mesinas, managing director of Grupo Lucava, commented: "The twin regulatory challenges for the industry are these: On the one hand, slow approvals of new products, and on the other, the outlawing of products without rigorous scientific examination."

Mexican agrochemical players face incoming legislation in 2024 by Presidential decree which will outlaw glyphosate products in the country. The prohibition will impact a large portion of the agrochemical market and could exacerbate the problematic use of illegal pesticides in the country as farmers turn to the black market. The primary alternative to glyphosate, glufosinate herbicide, works more slowly and is more expensive. Francisco Ortiz, president and CEO of Altiara, said: "There is real concern among some in the industry that once the glyphosate ban kicks in they will be permanently shut out of the market."

A common interpretation from industry heads is that the Mexican government's regulation of the agrochemical industry is not scientific and does not comply with global standards. Regarding the glyphosate ban, Bayer Crop Science's Nery Echeverría said: "The European Union recently



Francisco Ortiz President and CEO **ALTIARA**

Agriculture is one of the four pillars of the Mexican economy. Therefore, any governmentt should give us appropriate support.

renewed its registration for another 10 years due to the hundreds of studies reinforcing that it is a safe product."

Marco Salcedo, director of AMVAC, reiterated the dual pressure that the government is putting on companies by outlawing glyphosates but not speedily approving alternative products: "The Mexican government is putting intense pressure on glyphosate and other products. At the same time, you do not get new approvals."

Juan Francisco Ortiz

Business Director Latin America North **FMC**

Can you provide GBR with an over- goal is to create an environmentally view of 2023?

proved to be a challenging year. De- our farmers. spite this, FMC performed well mainly in Mexico and Colombia. The ex- What must the industry do to rechange rate posed difficulties, impact- duce illegal pesticide use? ing the value of our farmers' exports In Mexico the illegal crop protection

year during which we strategically legal sources. focused on developing a business model centered around building What are the benefits of FMC's ARC deeper relationships with our farmers and distributors.

sect control appears promising. Our be transformative.

friendly chemical portfolio, provid-For the industry as a whole, 2023 ing new and sustainable options for

to the US and adding complexity to market is very large. We must conour negotiations. Another significant tinue fighting to reduce falsification challenge was water scarcity. For in- and proliferation of toxic products. stance, Sinaloa experienced water lev- It is essential to communicate to the els at just 30% of the normal capacity. farmers that it is better in the long-However, for FMC it was a positive term to purchase safe products from

technology?

The technology uses real-time data from in-field sensors and predictive How important is sustainability to modeling to determine the optimal the modern crop protection industry? moment to spray a product, identify-We are proud to offer products like ing how to optimize crop yields while Coragen or Benevia, known for their reducing product waste. The key is minimal toxicity to bees. Additional- to use product at the right moment. ly, our plant health division is active- We started by offering ARC for corn, ly developing biological products. A sugarcane, and rice crops, but we year ago, we acquired a pheromones will continue developing it for other company, and the future of crop crops. This technology combined with protection using pheromones for in- our new pheromones technology will



Javier Valdés

Territory Head LATAM North **SYNGENTA**

Can you update us on the past year? How are biological products selling?

2023 has been a very challenging. We have seen exponential growth world needs.

What new solutions have you re- and developing more technologies to cently brought to market?

We have recently launched three in- the crops. novative technologies: ADEPIDYN, PLINAZOLIN and TIMYRIUM, which are already in some North Latin and the entire chain to produce with

year in Mexico in terms of rainfall, the in the last five years in biological driest year in the last thirty. We offer products. At Syngenta, we have a technologies for crops that enable wide portfolio of biological insectithem to be more resilient. In the case cides and fungicides, as well as bio of beans, one of the strategic crops stimulants, but above all, we believe for Mexico, our solutions, which in- in complementarity. We know that cludes biostimulants, enable the there are no single solutions for all plant to have greater root volume, the challenges that the farmer faces. tolerate high and low temperatures, Plagues and pests do not only have and be more efficient in water usage. biological solutions. We have to com-Syngenta provides growers with complement our portfolios and, thereprehensive solutions to make agricul- fore, seek a balance of comprehenture more resilient and productive sive solutions that provide greater achieving the food security that the profitability to the farmer but, at the same time, take care of the environment by reducing the chemical load have more biological solutions within

What differentiates Syngenta?

Syngenta has research centers in American countries, which are com- Mexico in both the crop protection plemented by our extensive portfolio and seed areas. We work with hunof biologicals and allow the farmer dreds of thousands of products each year to come up with two products to launch in the market.

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Climate risks will inevitably worsen in the near future, and growing conditions will become more complex. However, without a pipeline of new, alternative agrochemical products entering the market, farmers will increasingly struggle to maintain and increase their crop yields.

Regulatory obstacles are not new to the industry, and dealings with regulatory bodies such as COFEPRIS (Federal Commission for the Protection against Sanitary Risk) have been a persistent challenge for the industry under the current administration. Under AMLO, COFEPRIS has been increasingly hostile to the agrochemical industry, and rejections and delays are common. Fernando Vera, CEO of Grupo Versa, mentioned: "The phytosanitary industry is highly regulated, and our ability to obtain new registrations in a timely manner depends on COFEPRIS approvals."

The implications for the sector's innovative capacity are far-reaching, leaving R&D departments in a state of limbo. According to Luis Osorio, executive director of PROCCyT: "Due to the regulatory backlog of approval, innovation in Mexico has paused for the past five years. For example, the average approval time for new agrochemical products is 11 years from submittal, during which a new product will undergo over 120 analytical tests."

The scale of regulatory approval backlogs is daunting, especially when considering incoming legislation that will outlaw glyphosate products. Eduardo Mesinas, Grupo Lucava's managing director, stated: "We have over 100 products awaiting approval." ■





The Mexican Union of Agrochemicals Manufactures and Formulators A.C. (UMFFAAC) is pleased to announce the following accomplishment and award:

Premio Nacional Agroalimentario 2023

This award is a testament to the commitment we have to the Mexican agricultural sector and our nation.

¡Thank you for trusting us!





Nery Echeverría

Head of Sales Mexico **BAYER CROP SCIENCE**

What new products has Bayer Crop related to common diseases. Howev-

launches planned for the coming year, there is still room to improve. including a new biological insecticide, which is pending registration. All our What is your perspective on regulalaunches over the next few years have **tory issues?** a sustainability approach.

served in 2023?

out the industry for weeds control tection products to do the same task products because this year has had are less effective and more expensive, less rain, and less rain means less and this ban will put pressure on the weeds. Many plant diseases come agricultural sector in terms of costs, hand-in-hand with high rainfall, so we and it will also impact costs for the have seen less demand for products end consumer.

Science brought to the Mexican er, we have seen greater demand for insecticides and pest reduction.

Every year we launch new seed hy- On a more long-term level, we have brids on the market, including for seen a trend of producers trying to corn and sorghum. We also launch utilize more sustainable products, agnew hybrids and/or varieties of veg- rochemicals with the least degree of etable every year that adapts to the toxicity. This has been driven by condifferent microclimates in Mexico. sumer demand from export countries We launched in 2023 Luna Sensation, such as the US. At Bayer, we have also a fungicide which controls diseases observed a degree of transition tofor crops such as citrus, watermel- wards more sustainable agricultural on, tomato, chili, etc. We have many management practices, although

The decree banning glyphosate enters implementation as of March 31st, **What trends in demand for crop** 2024, and it will have a serious impact **protection products have you ob-** to farmers. It is the most used agrochemical in the world, approved in We have had lower demand through- over 100 countries. Other crop pro-



Fernando Vera

General Director GRUPO VERSA

What are the recent updates at veloped to complement or replace GrupoVersa?

Grupo Versa is continuously developing and launching new products. We are focusing on several main product lines: insecticides, fungicides, and herbicides, plant nutrition and biostimulants. In these categories, over the past few years, we have introduced new solutions and others are in the registration process. The phytosanitary industry is highly regulated, and our ability to obtain new registrations in a timely manner depends on COFE-PRIS approvals.

We seek for an integrated pest management and organic agriculture. We have a seeds business and additionally, Grupo Versa offers products for household and Pest Control Operators, and recently, we have launched new products in each of these business lines.

crop protection products?

and more alternatives are being de- the changes.

chemical solutions. In the future it is expected that the Mexican authorities will privilege the registration of biological products more quickly, but I think that is important that they also focus in the quality of the materials being approved. I believe that in the future we will see global stricter regulation of biorational and biological products to ensure quality and biosafety.

What is the government's current perspective on agrochemicals?

It is very important that any decision by government authorities related to the issue of agrochemicals is based on science. Globally, there is a lot of data and studies that support the safety of the products involved in the current ban. Also, it is important to consider how these products could be substituted, and if the decision is Can you discuss growth in organic to cancel some of them, it is important to have a gradual phase-out, so Biorational and organic products that the companies can register new are continuously evolving, and more alternatives and farmers can adapt to



César Parada

Managing Director VALENT DE MÉXICO

Can you discuss the importance of affiliated with these organizations. Vabiorationals?

grown with several new biological tainable actions to protect the earth. products that include specialty active ingredients. Our current focus is the What is the influence of the US on production of biorational pesticides the Mexican agrochemical sector? and DiPel.

ability?

is increasingly prevalent in businesses both sides.

lent de Mexico is part of this culture, Valent de Mexico's portfolio has and we follow all the principles of sus-

and biostimulants that support the The influence of the US can be seen growth of organic products, but also in two different areas. First, as the priare very helpful if used in convention- mary export commodities market, the al crops. We see significant growth US has noticeable impacts on the agopportunities in sustainable products rochemical sector by defining crops, such as biological insecticides XenTari season production, technology investment levels, and yield quality. Second, the US defends policy approaches to How does Valent prioritize sustain- agrochemicals and GMOs in crops such as corn that can influence the Historically, developing products for Mexican agrochemical sector. For soil regeneration was not a signifi- many crops, the decisions made by cant focus of agrochemical players in the Mexican government look more Mexico. However, in the past five to six political than based on technology years, industry groups such as PROC- and science. At Valent de Mexico, we CYT and UMFFAAC have fostered the believe that more US government development of a new culture of bio- pressure for GMOs and pesticides degradable products that protect the and a balanced approach to sustainsoil and ensure sustainable food pro- ability will promote the reinforcement duction for the future. This new culture of agreements in a way that benefits



José María Bermudez

CEO **VIAKEM**

Can you update us on your recent the belt and be very disciplined, manoperations?

Viakem continues to be a global player in contract and development manufacturing (CDM). We primarily serve the agribusiness and agrochemical tries such as personal care, adhesives the board level. We are not interested facturing is based at our complex in Nuevo Leon, and we have more than outside of Mexico.

changed in 2023?

the agrochemical industry, especially in inventories in the major agriculvalue chain. In 2023, we had to tighten grow in the CDM industry.

aging inventory and cost structure.

What is your strategy looking forward?

For Viakem, we will continue to focus on CDM, contract manufacturing, and markets, but we also serve indus- this is our clear strategic intention at and specialty chemicals. Our manu- into moving to other types of operations, but rather taking our operations and expertise to other industries. We 18 plants serving the needs of our want to continue serving the agrocustomers. Although we are based chemical and agricultural industry, in Mexico, a significant portion of our but to consolidate a second pillar in presence, revenues, and volume is the industrial area composed of two or three large, high-growth markets. It is crucial to have two core pillars How has the chemical sector generating growth. This will protect us from volatility in the market. I am There has been a correction within not worried about the quantity of projects, but rather the discipline in the execution of CapEx. All projects tural markets. We observed a signifi- we work on have significant capex, cant drop in demand, not due to any whether greenfield or an upgrade, structural cause, but because of the and this focus on execution capacity is ups and downs after the pandemic the grand strategic challenge. We will and the volatility in created along the continue finding new opportunities to

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As commodities prices have plum- gionalization of supply chains, innovameted, the existing trend of companies reorienting towards the specialty chem-specific to the Mexican market. icals market has accelerated. Throughout GBR's interviews with industry ex- others. During the pandemic, there ecutives, we heard about companies was a major boom in demand for perexpanding their offerings of innovative, sonal care products such as disinfecsmall volume products to meet de-tants, and that demand has continued mand in specific growing niches. The even as Covid has become less of a post-pandemic specialty chemicals in- concern. The habits inculcated by the the personal care and disinfectants

Chemical and

for the Industry

formulation of polymers.

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provide service to all our customers, mainly in thermosets,

peroxides in Mexico and Latin America

tion in processes, and a focus on trends

Some niches are doing better than dustry is one marked by increasing repandemic in terms of both personal

tinued. Federico Soto, general director of Órgano Síntesis, said: "For those of us in the personal care market for disinfection and water treatment, the rebound began in October 2023, so we expect that in 2024 we will see prepandemic levels of sales."

Proquipusa is another company in technology properties."

The personal care sector is one in

Although the market for specialty chemicals for personal care has

and industrial disinfection have con-

market, offering specialty products ranging from detergent products for the automotive industry to specialty creams for cosmetics. The company's new detergent for the automotive industry cleans and maintains metallic machinery parts with a new application that saves automakers three distinct cleaning phases. Luis Espinosa Rueda, general manager of Proquipusa, said: "We want to keep growing in some of the new markets we have identified as targets, such as detergents with nano-

which Mexico is experiencing noticeable growth. According to Statista, the Mexican personal care market is expected to reach a market volume of US\$4.14 billion in 2024. This has led to tangible investment, with companies seeking to take advantage of Mexico's geographic position and large market. "Mexico has a very mature and experienced manufacturing industry and has the competitive advantages to become the first supplier for various markets in the US, and we believe that the consumer and life sciences markets are some of them," said Rafael Méndez, vice president of Croda LATAM.



Luis Espinosa Rueda **Managing Director PROQUIPUSA**

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There is a trend in Mexico of regionalizing supply chains, which drives innovation in the sector.

grown rapidly during and after the pandemic, the automotive industry remains Mexico's perennial engine of growth and a crucial segment for specialty chemicals producers. The automotive industry uses plastics, coatings, and a variety of other chemicals, but it also drives chemical demand through the income it provides to the country. Maggie Gómez-Rábago, CEO of Charlotte Chemical, said: "As the automotive industry grows, people have money to spend on goods and on building houses, further driving the demand for specialty chemicals."

Covestro, a German company that produces polyurethane and products for coatings and adhesives, offers products primarily used in the automotive industry. The company, which has two sites and a team of over 300 in Mexico, has experienced growth in the automotive area. To continue that growth, Covestro has prioritized R&D in areas such as coatings. "For the automotive industry, lowering weight is essential because the weight of the car is a key factor in the car's energy consumption," stated Arturo Molina, managing director of Covestro. "In Covestro's coatings section we offer products that require a thinner layer of paint but simultaneously reflect more energy and consumption."

Momentive, a silicone producer, is investing in its presence in the automotive industry. "One of Mexico's strongholds has always been the automotive industry," said Eduardo Cortés, CEO of Momentive. "It is one of our key segments, and we are envisioning ways to support the future with new electric and autonomous vehicles."

Supply chain regionalization drives strategy

With stricter demand from consumers for sustainable products, managing supply chains has become crucial. For some companies, the most effective way to manage supply chains is to develop the raw materials themselves. Dresen Ouímica, a manufacturer of animal and human nutrition products, now produces its own raw materials for its natural antioxidants. For example, the company cultivates the rosemary for rosemary extracts. José Arturo Paulín, CEO of Dresen Química, said: "We have brought the whole supply

chain in-house, which allows us to better monitor it and make sure that things are being done responsibly."

For Mexican companies, the prioritization of local supply is more intense than ever. "There is a trend in Mexico of regionalizing supply chains, which drives innovation in the sector," said Espinosa Rueda, director of Proquipusa.

Supply chain management is not just a matter of sustainability, but also a practical concern. With a lack of dependable supply from Pemex, companies have had to decrease their dependence on domestic production of raw materials. Química Blantex, for example, a Mexican company that produces products for paint, construction, pulp and paper, textile, and adhesive markets, imports 60% of the company's raw materials. Elena Torres, CEO, said: "The amount we import depends on the government, not on us - our primary focus is reducing the impact of government activities on our production."

Indeed, a more productive Pemex is not only more costeffective, but it is also more secure from disruption. For consistent production and growth, the chemical industry must have a secure domestic supply chain. "Regulatory constraints have lengthened our supply chains, making them costlier and more vulnerable to disruption," said Luis del Barrio Molina, supply chain director LATAM North and Central at sodium cyanide producer Cyplus Idesa. "If we can promote the production of raw materials in Mexico, we will be able to integrate the chemical supply chain with-



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Mexico has become a country that will be a priority for us and we are looking to reinforce our strategy and look for opportunities for growth.

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Rafael Méndez

Vice President **CRODA LATAM**



Growth in the country is driven by the automotive sector, with the industry using plastics, coatings, and a variety of chemicals.

Maggie Gómez-Rábago

Managing Director CHARLOTTE CHEMICAL

Can you update us on your recent portunities for growth. We are curporating hybrids and electrical cars to operations?

the pharmaceutical and biological shoring opportunities. spaces that manufacture adjuvants mulations, and a variety of new tech- vation? nologies for pharmaceuticals prodheadquarters in Spain, and in 2023 we technology investment, where we come the "China of the Americas". acquired a biological company based continually look for acquisitions of in South Korea called Solus Biotech, which has a specialized portfolio of TAM we have workstreams focused rial growth? ceramides and phospholipids for the on these three areas and with a key We have an ambitious growth plan consumer and pharma markets. Our vision is to continue reinforcing our biologicals for the consumer and life presence in the consumer and life sci-sciences markets. ences markets with a main focus on for our customers.

from nearshoring?

We see a huge opportunity for Mex- tion plan. We have been making excel- supply for our key specialized technolico in relation to this topic. Mexico lent progress that has been published ogies. We see a very promising future as a country has a very matured and in our annual sustainability report, also for our business in North Latam. experienced manufacturing industry and fortunately, we are moving faster and has the right competitive advanversus our initial targets. The steps we strategy and key pillars: Innovation, tages to become the first supplier are taking to decarbonize are specific Sustainability and Growth, I would for various markets in the US, and to each site. In Brazil, for example, say that our big differentiator is our we believe that the consumer and we are replacing the fuel we use for entrepreneurial spirit, where we are life sciences markets are some of boilers and different equipment with continually adapting our value propothem. Mexico has become a country green fuels. In other Latam sites in sition to bring high value and differenthat will be a priority for us in the Argentina and Brazil we have incortiated solutions to our customers in next years and we are looking to re-porated solar panels as an energy the different regions and markets that inforce our strategy and look for op- source, and also, we have been incor- we serve.

rently reinforcing our capabilities to or vehicle fleet in Latam. In recent years, Croda has invested attend our customers' expectations heavily in our life sciences and con- and growth plans, where currently What are Mexico's strengths? sumer care businesses. We have ac- some of them are also increasing. I believe that Mexico has very strong quired very important companies in their local activity based on the near-competitive advantages to play a very

for vaccines, lipids for biological for- What is Croda's approach to inno- globe. It is a mature and experienced

We have in general three different new technologies. In the case of LA-

innovative and sustainable solutions How does Croda prioritize sustain- also a key priority, and we intend to inability?

significant role in the manufacturing space in the Americas and across the country in the manufacturing sectors and has highly competitive manuucts. We have also made important ways to approach to innovation: in- facturing costs. It is a veryy opened acquisitions in the consumer care ternal innovation; open Innovation, economy with numerous free trade area. In 2020 we acquired a recog- where we collaborate with other agreement and it is located beside the nized global company in Fragrances companies, customers or institutions largest consumer market in the world, and Flavors called Iberchem, with focusing on specific projects; and the US. It has a great potential to be-

What are Croda's goals for territo-

focus on sustainable technologies and in LATAM. Our plan is to continue investing heavily in Brazil in all of our key markets in the consumer and life sciences spaces. Mexico is becoming crease our activity and potentially our Croda has a strong net-zero goal, and footprint here. Nearshoring provides What opportunities do you see every one of our sites worldwide has a window of opportunity, and our cusestablished a very strict decarboniza- tomers see high value in having a local

As a company, and on top of our

the Mexican chemical industry?

distribution of specialty chemicals and tion rather than working on somecertain commodities. The majority of thing a machine or software can do what we sell comes from imports. better. Dedicating our entire team to A differentiating factor of Charlotte strategic tasks allows us to develop Chemical is that we look for products that are not manufactured in Mexico. our processes. This year, a change Approximately 70% of the products in mentality and change in organizawe sell are sold through representational culture began. It is taking work, tion, in which we represent top quality companies, directly delivering products to customers at their plants or from our warehouses.

Can you discuss Charlotte Chemical's performance in 2023?

way. In terms of volume, Charlotte imports, the company experienced these values help us. a 25% growth, bringing in far more shipments than in previous years. Our by the automotive industry, with staff has grown to meet the challeng- the industry using plastics, coatings, es these changes have entailed.

What steps has Charlotte Chemical taken to digitalize operations?

Charlotte Chemical wanted to become more agile, so we decided When it comes to chemical demand, to invest in an ERP. We spent six as the global automotive industry plementation. One of the challenges must respond with better, more techat first was convincing our team that nical products.

How does Charlotte Chemical serve the ERP would help us achieve better Can you discuss the state of feedresults. We are more efficient when Charlotte Chemical is dedicated to the our people are analyzing informamarkets more quickly and optimize but we are making progress and gaining more control over our processes.

chemical industry?

Nearshoring seems magical, but it is not. Attracting investment requires a Overall, 2023 was a good year for lot of work, and we are seeing cases point of view, it was not as good as industry where companies ultimately the previous two years, as 2023 was moved to Canada rather than Mexico. a complicated period with significant The chemical industry, like the automovement of prices. We had to re-motive assembly industry, is not labor spond to these price fluctuations with intensive, so labor is not what is makcreativity, ensuring that we could of- ing the difference. We must focus on fer products in the most competitive other attractions, on being more competitive and flexible. Mexicans have kets and attend to industry needs. Chemical grew by 13%. Regarding speed and flexibility of mind, and

Growth in the country is driven and a variety of chemicals. As the have money to spend on goods and on building houses, further driving the demand for specialty chemicals.

stock supply?

The most significant difficulty facing the chemical industry is the low production of basic petrochemical products. Some years ago, Mexico was a leader in agrochemicals made from ethylene oxide. Today, we do not have enough ethylene oxide, and it is a dangerous product to import from long distances, so that industry is shrinking. For raw materials that are underproduced but are less dangerous to move, the issue is that transportation from across the **How will nearshoring benefit the** world is expensive and those logistics costs reduce our competitiveness.

The country is nowadays more interested in producing gasolines than all the petrochemical range of prod-Charlotte Chemical. From a margins in industries such as the automotive ucts, which would bring added value and more jobs in Mexico. The more knowledge of chemical industries and its importance for contributing to GNP in the government, the more the benefit to the country. The challenge for nearshoring is being able to obtain the raw materials to supply the mar-

What is Charlotte Chemical's strategy for the next two years and its main objectives?

First, we are working on expanding our business in the plastic industry, automotive industry grows, people with an interesting portfolio of specialized plastic additives. Second, we aim to improve our communication and information systems, allowing us to penetrate other Latin American markets with the products in which we months analyzing options, and then raises standards and demands more are leaders. Third, Charlotte Chemical we selected one and started on im- certifications, the chemical industry intends to continue growing our market share in the products in which we are already leaders.

insufficient inputs for the industry to stabilize and grow."

For specialty chemicals manufacturers, how a product is made is a core part of how sustainable the product is. DVA prioritizes sustainability both in its specialty chemicals manufacturing and in its distribution business, carbon footprint."

in Mexico, which is currently disintegrated as there are in recognition of the trend among consumers to spend more for more sustainable products. Alonzo Autrey, managing director health and nutrition LATAM at DVA, said: "In Mexico's manufacturing plant close to half the energy we use is solar, which has helped us decrease our



Elena Torres CEO QUÍMICA BLANTEX

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In the next five years, chemical industry growth will be excellent because of the global situation with the United States and China.



Claudia Márquez Global Commercial Director Mining Solutions DRASLOVKA

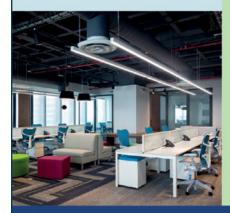


The combination of insufficient access to raw materials and high energy prices have reduced the country's industrial utilization.

We bring the world closer to our customers through a wide range of high-quality, sustainable chemicals and specialties.



Our facilities are located in Mexico and the United States. We are passionately dedicated to providing cutting-edge chemical solutions that drive excellence across various industries.



For more than 35 years, Charlotte Chemical has been a distributor of specialties with a distinctive focus on innovation and sustainability.

MEXICO and UNITED STATES www.charlottechemical.com





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The growth of the automotive, aerospace, and electronics markets has ultimately helped our business, allowing us to provide added value in more areas.

What is your approach to R&D?

vative business including the ability to

do is attract specialized talent. It is not

useful to have generalists. Instead, I

focus on specialists in each area and a

solid structure around them. Without

a strong base structure, regardless of the quality of products, a company will not be able to add significant value.

Here in Mexico, what I continue to

follow the Macrotrends.

Momentive has research centers in several countries including Germany, Japan, India, and the United States. In those locations, we are working on modifying our innovation in ways that support our sustainability goals. For example, our team is promoting a new line in personal care, called Harmonie[™] that is derived from natural ingredients. Also, we have products that align with microplastics regulations, and we continue to develop

Eduardo Cortés

Latin America General Manager **MOMENTIVE**

Can you update us on your recent operations?

Momentive is a premier global advanced materials company with a cutting-edge focus on silicone and specialty products. We have a global footprint that includes more than 40 locations in more than 20 countries. Mexico is a uniquely centralized location for our advanced silicones and specialty business, with a notable market share. Momentive has elevatis an essential location for us.

Our global presence expanded after we were acquired by KCC Corporation, a Korean-based conglomerate. Joining KCC has allowed for increased synergies within the personal care, construction, and industrial segments. Our strategy has been to move from commodities to specialties where we can offer value to the market. We have participated in practically all the core sectors in Mexico and, more specifically, the personal care and agriculture segments continue to be among the largest businesses in this region.

What markets are of interest?

One of Mexico's most prolific markets has always been the automotive industry. For Momentive, it is one of our key segments. And we are envisioning ways to support the future with new electric and autonomous vehicles.

Another crucial market for us is more biodegradable options. agriculture. The exports have been growing tremendously even beyond crude oil exports.

Lastly, we are very active in the personal care market; in particular, products like hair treatments, creams, deodorants, and cosmetics. Fifteen our plants to operate according to years ago in Mexico, the market was an elevated standard of safety and even more industrial, and our products were focused on industrial uses. Now, the market has expanded and is ed its presence in Latin America and it much more specialized including electronic and aerospace. The growth of the automotive, aerospace, and electronics markets has ultimately helped our business, allowing us to provide added value in more areas.

How can companies transition into the specialty chemicals space?

When a company like Momentive the region, because of its proximity to changes its strategy to focus on specialties, there is more to it than just launching a catalog of products. We have had to change the structure of the company, focusing on developing a team with specialized personnel, high skill levels, and market segments make the most sense for knowledge, which adds value in this industry. Transforming a company in this way takes time and intention. There must be well-trained technical the entire region, and making investsupport, specialized commercial em- ments in personnel, creating opportuployees, and an understanding of the nities for mergers and acquisitions in current and future needs of this inno- the region.

What are Momentive's strategic priorities? In our region, we currently have four

important pillars. The most significant

is operational excellence. We want excellence. Our plant in Brazil uses purposefully designed best practices, and we are focused on continuing to use new technologies, such as automation, as a global benchmark for effectiveness and efficiency.

Our second pillar is business transformation. Momentive has a solid presence in Mexico, and looking at the trends, it is the right time to continue investing in operations here. We see Mexico as a point of reference within

The third pillar is expanding regionally, within Brazil and Mexico and beyond. We are searching for opportunities for regional growth, cherry picking the markets and determining which investment. The last pillar is related to that commitment to expansion. We are carrying out a mapping process of



INTERVIEW

Arturo Molina

Managing Director COVESTRO



José Arturo **Paulin**

CEO CFS DRESEN



Jaime García

President **EPOXEMEX**

Can you update us on your recent What synergies were unlocked by Could you introduce us to Epoxeoperations?

Covestro is a German company and CFS Dresen? in Mexico we have two sites, one in Camlin Fine Sciences' acquisition of facturer and distributor. We have Mexico city, and a production site in Santa Clara. Our team in Mexico is approximately 300, of which two ply. We gained an edge in procure- ufacturer in Mexico. We have a comthirds are based at the production ment. Previously we sourced our mercial presence across the entire site. Covestro produces polyurethane and some products for coatings and adhesives. We market everything related to polymers and polycarbonates.

What is Covestro's approach to innovation?

Polyurethane, in particular, has many uses. For example, it is necessary in insulation, both for noise and temperature. Our products enable our customers to use less energy to maintain temperatures, and so we help our customers lower their carbon footprints. This is one of the ways in which we are ecofriendly. We help people maintain their standard of living while using less resources.

For the automotive industry, lowering weight is essential because the weight of the car is a key factor in the car's energy consumption. In Covestro's coatings section, we offer products that require a smaller layer of paint but simultaneously reflect come. By offering this holistic pack- than just price. We are developing our more energy and consumption. These are only some examples of the applications we offer.

Camlin Fine Sciences acquisition of mex and your history in Mexico?

CFS Dresen has been very beneficial and the synergies continue to multi- try and are the only epoxy resin manraw materials from the open market, Mexican Republic, including sales oflike our competitors. Since the inte-fices and warehouses in Guadalajara, gration into Camlin Fine Sciences we Monterrey, Guanajuato, Tijuana, and have benefitted enormously from Bajío. We also have a warehouse in an in-house supply chain. We have southern Mexico. In addition to our greater purchasing power now. Al- nationwide coverage, we are exportthough CFS Dresen was internation- ers and have sales in the US and Cenal before the acquisition, we are now tral and South America. Epoxemex is truly global. This gives us a competi- ISO 9001 certified and is currently in tive advantage here in Mexico and the process of getting the ISO 14000

coming year?

We are going to keep growing our do not include solvents, and we are market share by introducing inno- committed to responsibly disposing vative new products to the market. of our industrial waste and develop-One important focus of the company ing products with softer impact to is to keep growing the service port- the environment. folio that we offer to our clients, services that are based on the expertise How important is innovation at Epthat we have developed in this field. **oxemex?** We want to offer more consulting services, to help solve those probing its specialty chemicals business lems that our clients may have and so that we can reduce our exposure that we have already faced and over- to commodities and compete on more age of products and services, we are own line of raw materials for adhebecoming more than just an industry supplier.

Epoxemex is an epoxy resin manuover 30 years of history in the induscertification, an environmental management credential. We are already What is CFS Dresen's focus for the certified by the government's environmental agency. Our products

The company is committed to growsives, paints, coatings, and composites to enter new sectors.



Nearshoring is nothing new to Mexico, where for many years Tier 1 and Tier 2 companies, especially in the automotive and aerospace sectors, established a presence in Mexico.

Martín Toscano

President **EVONIK INDUSTRIES MEXICO**

last year?

nies, especially in the automotive and aerospace sectors, established a pres-

chemicals space?

Current market conditions are an opportunity to develop new technologies and applications with additional competitive edges sought after by our customers, including savings improvements and sustainability properties. In times like these, we see a greater the necessary energy transition.

in 2024?

In Mexico we see opportunities to ex- The growth agenda for the chemical pand across all our 15 business lines, industry in Mexico starts with a susfrom feed and food to healthcare, per- tainable increase and expansion of sonal care, home care, automotive, the availability of key raw materials be ready for the ongoing trends and aerospace, construction, and others. originated by natural gas and down- the future by teaming up with our Mexico provides an active and diverse stream such as ethane, ammonia, customers in Mexico, co-creating base of industries that give us con- propylene and ethylene oxide. The of- with them.to We aim to play a key tinuous space to grow in. Nearshoring fer of natural gas and petrochemicals role in the energy transition while is nothing new to Mexico, where for in Mexico is not sufficient to support securing the sustainability goals of many years Tier 1 and Tier 2 compa- the whole market, so we end up im- our ecosystems. porting our needs.

Currently, the industry imports alence in Mexico. The difference now is most 70% of the petrochemical re- next two years? the level of sophistication and tech- quirements. Our proposal as chemidriven facilities being built. The USMCA, cal industry in Mexico is to increase combination of innovative prowess but also geopolitics and the pandemic, the local production of natural gas and customer proximity is a critipushed for a rethinking in the organiand petrochemicals in the south and cal success factor for Evonik and a zation of supply chains, and Mexico southeast region, and to promote driver of profitable growth. In the stands out as an attractive destination. the modernization and further devel- growth engines with relevance for us opment of the infrastructure in the - specialty additives, animal nutrition, What are the main trends that country such as land transportation, smart materials, and health & care -**Evonik is witnessing in the specialty** rail, ocean ports and customs. To aim we have identified promising innovafor cabotage ocean transportation tion growth fields in very attractive with international carriers, either on markets with exceedingly high growth the pacific side or the Atlantic/Carib- rates and are leveraging these to bean coast.

How can Mexico best take advantage of growth driven by regionalization trends?

transport infrastructure to be able to ing beyond chemistry.

keep up with the growth we expect to see in manufacturing and exports. More industrial parks and warehousing capacity are also needed.

A more clear and robust agenda for the energy matrix transition is also key element of the strategy, with the right regulatory, and obviously the raw material supply security for the chemical industry, as well as the further development of the talent pipeline in the country to keep pace with the extraordinary growth expected. Nearshoring would keep us busy the next 10 to 15 years. We are about to design the future of the Mexican economy and society in the next 20 years.

Can you discuss Evonik's approach to community responsibility, including the ANIQ 2023 Excellence Award?

In Mexico, we have to keep improv-Can you provide an update on Evon- What are the greatest challenge ing our product offerings and serik's operations in Mexico over the facing Mexico's chemical industry vices. By harnessing our creative impetus and unbiased thinking, we create sustainable products as they are more efficient to manufacture and have longer useful lives. We will

What is Evonik's strategy for the

Evonik is a leader in innovation. The achieve our ambitious goals.

The aim is to generate more than €1 billion in additional sales in these areas by 2025. The six growth fields focus on highly attractive markets which need to co-create with our customers
There is no free lunch with nearshor-
Evonik can optimally serve with new and together work towards the de- ing. Mexico will need significant in- products and solutions based on its fossilization of society, and safeguard vestments in the areas of security and core competencies, while we are lead-

INTERVIEW



Federico Soto

Managing Director **ÓRGANO SÍNTESIS**

Can you update us on the compa- trend has continued, even as the risk ny's recent operations?

Our Mexican operations have been focused on increasing our presence in What are the greatest challenges the poultry and livestock farms disin-Latin America.

cantly in innovation and the devel- to make it to the end of the year. opment of chemical specialties applications.

ing in the space.

observed?

boom in the disinfection area. That gano Síntesis.

of Covid has abated.

facing the industry?

fection markets through our quater- In 2023, the greatest challenge was nary ammonium compound portfolio. the low demand for chemical prod-We also expanded the market for our ucts. The industry had an excess of cGMP products in Asia, Europe, and inventory and low demand for many chemicals, forcing companies globally Additionally, we advanced signifi- to adjust their estimates and budgets

The challenge of low demand has particularly biocides — for different been exacerbated by the tendency for many companies to be more ag-Lastly, we have remained focused gressive in the market, lowering their on our Good Manufacturing Practices prices practically to the level of cost. to increase our portfolio in this seg- This has obviously made for fierce ment. A significant focus of our mar- competition. However, this curve is ket research was on expanding our flattening, and a rebound in demand presence in Latin America, recogniz- is expected for chemical products at ing that there are many new, entre- a general level in all market niches. preneurial companies that are emerg- For those of us in the personal care market for disinfection and water treatment, the rebound began in Oc-What trends in demand have you tober 2023, so we expect that in 2024 we will see pre-pandemic levels of During the pandemic, there was a sales. This is excellent news for Ór-



Luis Del **Barrio**

Managing Director CYPLUS IDESA

Can you give us an overview of Cyplus Idesa's operations in Mexico?

We are currently the only local propartner of choice for many Mexican companies. Our local roots mean a supply chain that is safe, local and

alternative energies?

vestment in green energies during the last five years. Government investment in infrastructure, energy and gas production has declined as a percentage of GDP in the last 10 years limiting the supply to keep up with the local demand. The country needs to make up for lost time, so more investment in energy is urgently needed to enable PEMEX to increase their plants utilization rates and production. Our country's chemical industry has enormous potential, which such a focus would unlock. The sector could double in size within 10 years if the proper steps are taken.

How are digital tools used to maximize the efficiency of your operations?

Our production plant in Coatzacoalcos ducer of sodium cyanide and are the was designed with the latest technologies, incorporating automation and safe and secure operations. It is highly efficient and can operate with a great level of agility. We monitor our operations digitally to guarantee safety in Why is Mexico so slow in adopting our daily activities having a highly committed team. Our company culture There has been an acute lack of in- stresses safety and interdependence of operations, and the plant was designed to reuse all resources possible to reduce our carbon footprint.

What is Cyplus Idesa's strategy for the next two years?

Our short-term strategy is to continue maturing the company's ESG model, focusing on sustainability, resilience, and being socially and environmentally proactive. We intend to continue optimizing supply chains, reducing imports, and improving the automation and digitalization of our operations, as well as constantly upskilling our employees to continue as the partner of choice in the market.



Salvador Soria & Manuel García

SS: President MG: President Coating Solutions **ARKEMA**

Can you update us on your recent operations?

SS: Arkema is a global leader in specialty materials designed to address the ever-growing demand for innovative and sustainable materials, driven by the challenges of new en- swing in the nearshoring trend, which is preergies, new technologies, the depletion of resources, new senting significant opportunities in the market. mobility, and increasing urbanization.

Our operations in Mexico have seen significant growth. For example, Arkema has solidified its presence through the called "cool surfaces" technology).

acquisition of Polimeros Especiales. We have expanded our footprint with four strategically located sites across Monterrey, Naucalpan, Coatzacoalcos, and now Queretaro.

Could you elaborate on the acquisition?

MG: The acquisition and integration of Polimeros Especiales has given Arkema critical mass in the industry in Mexico, and has created an enhanced entry point for Arkema solutions into the local market. It provides an excellent logistics platform, channel to market, and an expanded customer service and technical service capabilities. We have leveraged this channel to bring the broader portfolio of sustainable solutions from Arkema into the market in Mexico. For example: performance material solutions for low volatile organic compounds (VOC) and lower carbon technologies for the coatings and CASE (construction, adhesives, sealants, elastomers) markets.

What trends in demand have you observed?

MG: There has been a palpable surge in the demand for innovation-driven solutions across various industries.

Another prominent trend is the amplified focus on sustainability, resulting in a rising demand for eco-friendly, sustainable alternatives that minimize ecological footprints and support responsible practices.

Moreover, we have observed a notable up-In addition, we are looking to exploit some of the global megatrends in decarbonizing the built environment (the so-



Alonzo Autrey

Managing Director, Health & **Nutrition LATAM DVA**

Can you update us on DVA's opera- industry. Falling volumes and prices, tions in the last year?

DVA's focus over the last couple of years has been promoting our specialty chemicals business, manufacturing solutions for our customers in our pharmaceutical excipients and food product plants. We are very proud of our star products, Easy-Coat® film coatings for the pharmaceutical sector and Appenmix® functional systems for the food industry. An important milestone for us has been getting the EXCiPACT certification for our pharmaceutical plant, which allows us to export to highly regulated markets.

What are the biggest challenges facing pharmaceutical companies in the country?

Regulation in Mexico can be quite challenging. Changes in the regulatory body COFEPRIS have drastically slowed response times. Most of our products require import licenses. Additionally, there are macroeconomic ducers reduce their packaging costs, risks. Since the pandemic, volumes enhance shelf life, and some other have decreased as customers have reduced their stockpiles, and there has been a reduction in prices across the for the consumer.

combined with changes in the exchange rate that have driven up costs across the industry made this year very challenging for us all.

What opportunities is DVA pursuing in Mexico?

There are always many opportunities in Mexico that could impact most of our business units. One example could be in the food industry, where big companies with capacity in Mexico are exporting high-value products to the US. They are seeking solutions to improve their cost position in these products, which opens up an opportunity for us to capture new projects and businesses. Our main focus is the meat segment, which represents half of our food business, followed by the beverage and bakery sectors. The entire industry is looking for solutions to reduce the final cost for consumers. Our products can help proattributes that drive down costs to make their offering more competitive



Nostalgia and indulgence: Emotions drive growth

tional resonance for consumers and are among the most personal of chemical products, with consumers coming into to sent' (as the company's slogan procontact with the products in everything from shampoos to snacks. For many in Mexico, there has been a desire for comfort driving sales. "A major trend, accelerated by the pandemic, has been demand from consumers in Mexico for products based on traditional Mexican food and drink culture," said Cecilia Paredes, country managing director for Bell Flavors & Fragrances. "People are sweetener enhancers, salt reduction rangements regarding controls. "Most embracing their heritage, and there is a strong demand for traditional flavors ing very well," said Enice. "It has been such as tamarind and hibiscus."

The demand for plant-based products is part of a global shift towards more sustainable and environmentally friendly living. It is having a dramatic impact on the industry, with growing demand for natural products. Robertet, a global supplier of natural products that con-

Flavors and fragrances have an emo-siders Latin America and Southeast Asia as its main growth targets, is involved in the entire sourcing process 'from seed claims). Cristophe Enice, managing director of Robertet, explained: "There is a global consumer trend towards healthier products, so our technologies and natural products are in high demand."

> Robertet has seen success in its expanded flavor enhancers line, benefiting in part from government regulation driving healthier food. "Our and fat reduction technologies are dothree years since the Mexican government introduced a new labelling regime on products with salt, sugars and fats, which has been a boon for the industry as producers look to reduce the levels of them in their products."

Both globally and domestically, fragrances and flavors regulation has time-consuming and costly."

become stricter. The International Fragrance Association, which regulates ingredients used in the industry, updated its code of practice. The changed regulations have increased the number of ingredients classified as allergenic from 26 to more than 86 ingredients.

Within Mexico, COFEPRIS' regulations on drug precursors has been challenging to manage. Industry players support the government's efforts to handle the issue and are working with the associations to develop more flexible arof the materials that we use to produce legitimate products are designated as precursor materials for the production of illegal goods, which complicates and slows down their importation, warehousing and approvals," explained José Arias, CEO of AZ Fine Chemicals, a supplier of raw materials to the flavors and fragrances industry. "This has been





Christophe **Enice**

Managing Director **ROBERTET**



Cecilia **Paredes**

Country Managing Director **BELL FLAVORS & FRAGRANCES**



José Arias **CEO AZ FINE CHEMICALS**

Can you update us on Robertet's Can you give us an overview of Bell operations in the last year?

Robertet is a French company with over 170 years of history in the flavors and fragrances industry. Our global and Mexican operations have performed well in the last year. Our flavors division in particular, as we continue to expand our line of flavor enhancers. Our sweetener enhancers, salt reduction and fat reduction technologies are doing very well. It has been three years since the Mexican government introduced a new labelling regime on products with salt, sugars and fats, which has been a boon for the industry as producers look to reduce the levels of them in their products.

Can you comment on Robertet's Mexico strategy for 2024?

We have plans for our flavor division to enter the Mexican pet food flavors market. This market is large and promising and would be a completely new venture, so it is very exciting. We will keep developing new technologies and products to grow our market share across the various sectors we are present in. Our fragrance division is making interesting developments in the personal care categories, home care and laundry products, a notoriously tricky market given the low-price competition and high consumer expectations.

Flavors & Fragrances' presence in Mexico?

Our presence in Mexico includes production, offices and research centers in Guadalajara and laboratories and commercial offices in Mexico City.

What are some significant trends in the flavors and fragrances seg-

The pandemic has changed some consumer mindsets that impact developments in the flavors and fragrances market. Most relevant has been the growth of the health and wellbeing sector. Another major trend has been the demand from consumers in Mexico for products based on traditional Mexican food and drink culture. People are embracing their heritage, and there is a strong demand for traditional flavors such as tamarind horchata and hibiscus, as well as spicy notes and alcoholic flavors like tequila

What is the greatest challenge facing the industry in Mexico?

The principal challenge that this industry faces is regulatory. Many chemical products we use to formulate goods are categorized as controlled substances by the regulator COFEPRIS. This government department has become increasingly bureaucratic and waiting times for permits have grown considerably.

How does regulation affect the flavors & fragrances industry in Mexico?

The flavors & fragrances industry in Mexico is in many ways self-regulated. As active members of the International Fragrances Association, practically all the ingredients that go into our perfumes are approved by this international organization, giving our products absolute credibility at a global level. One area of legislation that has proven somewhat challenging for the industry has been the increasingly strict measures that COFEPRIS is introducing in order to stem the production of illicit drugs.

Some of the materials that we use to produce legitimate products are classified as pre-cursors for the production of illegal drugs, which complicates and slows down their importation, warehousing, and approvals.

Could you comment on AZ Fine Chemical's plans for next year in

We have weathered a sustained period of crises but believe these are in the past and the future looks promising. Attending various trade shows this year strengthened our views on this matter. We predict prices will continue to rise, because of some geopolitical challenges in the world, but demand will also increase. The Mexican economy is growing so we will continue to consolidate our line of natural products and keep diversifying.





Nearshoring boosts the construction and automotive segments

As nearshoring drives growth in the Mexican industrial sec- automotive sector will also be a boon. In a period marked tor, paints and coatings will reap the benefits. According to Mordor Intelligence, the Mexican paints and coatings market was worth approximately US\$3.42 billion as of 2023, projected to grow to US\$4.32 billion by 2028. That growth will be driven in large part by the construction sector, with urbanization sweeping the country, while expansion in the

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by technological advancements, sustainability provides a bright point of opportunity for Mexican paints and coatings producers and distributors.

The industrial coatings segment will continue to grow as nearshoring develops Mexico's industrial sector and demand for industrial coatings rises. Innovative material coatings have consistently been in high demand, particularly antibacterial products and those that provide better corrosion and drag resistance. Industry experts spoke about recent trends including demand for coatings utilizing nano particle technology and demand for coatings comprised of raw materials with biodegradable components.

Carboline is a distributor offering high-performance coatings for any material at risk from corrosion, fire or chemicals, such as water treatment infrastructure, electrics, pipes, and so on, with a particular strength in the petrochemical and rail industries in Mexico. The company, cognizant of the complexity of its offerings, has staff working inside or supervising petrochemical applications. Ernesto Goepfert, Latam director at Carboline, said: "There has been strong growth in the OEM (original equipment manufacturing) area. Mexico hosts several global companies with needs that are difficult to meet, and global suppliers like Carboline are the companies able to meet those global organizations' standards."

Demand has moved away from solventborne technologies to waterborne technologies. Jorge Saldaña, commercial director of Wyn de México, said: "Particularly in the industrial coatings segment, many customers are moving away from harmful chemicals and VOCs and are looking for alternatives through waterborne systems."

Reacciones Quimicas, which offers synthetic resins for coatings for structural industries, has also experienced this demand. The company's clients are under increasing regulatory and commercial pressure to offer sustainable products. "We have launched low-VOC products to support environmental requirements," stated Pablo Cueva, director of strategic development at Reacciones Químicas.

Chemetall, a subsidiary of BASF, offers a variety of specialty chemicals including industrial coatings solutions, and is also working to offer more environmentally friendly products, offering a new coating technology, VIANT, which helps customers reduce their energy consumption and requires customers to apply only one product rather than three or four. Ángel Sánchez, managing director of Chemetall, said: "Our primary focus is to develop products that reduce energy consumption in the automotive industry. In the long term, we will discontinue certain products from our portfolio and develop chrome-free products."

Francisco Rubio, president of the paints and coatings distributor Kemikals, said: "There is a strong tendency towards sustainable products that are environmentally friendly and healthy for end users and workers in the production line. This includes both finished products and the inputs used to produce final goods."

The sustainability agenda drives regulation

Regulation has a major impact on the paints and coatings segment. That regulation is not just at the Mexican, but also at the regional and global levels. Canada, California, and the European Union are leaders in terms of developing new and stricter regulation, with other US states falling behind these players.

The Biden administration has made PFAS regulation a priority, publishing an Annual Progress Report under the 2021 PFAS Strategic Roadmap. In October 2023, the EPA published a rule confirming reporting and recordkeeping requirements for PFAS. More regulation on PFAS, manufactured fluorinated chemicals found in many industrial coatings, will take effect during 2024 and will have a major effect on product offerings. The regulation of PFAS is a major topic of conversation within the industry. "We are looking for some solutions with polymer technologies that work at least similarly to PFAS; PFAS products are excellent in terms of performance, but have some serious limitations and regulations," said Jorge Saldaña, commercial director



ANAFAPYT'S YEAR:

Achievements, Challenges, and Future Initiatives.

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We will continue supporting sustainable raw materials production and the development of new alternatives.

Flor de María González

General Manager

MEXICO'S NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF PAINTS AND INKS MANUFACTURERS (ANAFAPYT)

Can you provide an overview of ANA- ways in high demand, particularly However, we are working with COFE-FAPYT's activities over the past year?

ANAFAPYT had a very fruitful 2023. sector in relations with the governess will always be in demand. ment, focusing on business and investments in the country. ANAFAPYT has on utilizing raw materials that have tinuous communication of the susalso engaged with the government in biodegradable components or reduce tainable objectives of the UN SDGs, issues in customs and imports.

Mexican chamber of the construction organic matters, so we are establishties. Among the steps we have taken industry, and we were present at the ing links with ASEFAPI and UNE (Spanis offering training seminars that raise round table of global associations for ish Association for Standardization) awareness of lead in paints and coatmaterial protection and performance seeking to emulate their practices and in Denver. This was ANAFAPYT's first processes in these areas as well as in health and well-being. Another focus time participating.

What are ANAFAPYT's regulatory have observed in the paints and coat- What are ANAFAPYT's priorities for priorities?

Just yesterday, we were at the Ministry of Economy to ask that all the regulations for lead control be formally ac- in the dark pigments that emit light af- seeking to support innovation and procredited. We are engaged in addressing ter exposure to a light source, and for vide information to help develop Latin the permissible limit for lead, and we nano particle technology which trans- American countries and open new are preparing a proposal for a confor- lates to greater performance and ab- paths to Europe and the United States. mity assessment procedure to modify sorption of ultraviolet light. the standard with the objective of presenting this proposal to COFEPRIS.

As an association, we have been the industry? proactive about the various provisions in the federal law for the control of estions in supply in recent years, as well dalajara, Jalisco. Additionally, we will sential chemical drug precursors published on May 3. We have participated in super peso has also affected us quite materials production and the develactivities targeted at COFEPRIS and are a bit, but we hope to see recovery or opment of new alternatives. focused on collaborating with the gov- maintenance of the peso against the ernment to help them understand the dollar next year. issues. A focus for ANAFAPYT is asking that the federal commission to protect toms is a difficulty because they have regulatory specialists forum, and for the industry in front of COFEPRIS, ensural lack of knowledge about commercial the first time, a forum on women in the ing that they keep the official standards. issues which has created bottlenecks. industry. The intention is to formalize

What trends have you observed?

Innovative material coatings are al-

antibacterial products and those that PRIS to provide training and informaprovide better quality and perfor- tion to help make those procedures ThWe already had active participation mance with resistance to corrosion more agile for our members. with the American Chamber of Com- and minimal drag resistance. Highmerce, and we are representing our tech solutions that optimize process- How does the association support

the manufacturing of microplastics. In always contributing to achieving Our association is allies with the this scenario, Europe is ahead of us in Mexico's goals in international treanormalization and standardization.

> Some other interesting trends I ings segment include demand for selfrepairing paints that restore painted

There have been significant disrup- also have technical sessions in Guaas an increase in utility prices. The continue supporting sustainable raw

With the presence of the armed forces a committee of female industry leadin ports, there are slower processes ers to share experiences and provide a and slower compliance of procedures. path for the next generation.

sustainable development?

Lately, there has been a new focus ANAFAPYT actively participates in conings, which is aligned with the SDG on of ours is continuing education.

the coming year?

The association is already 80 years old, surfaces to an original state, for glow and it is a reference in the industry.

In 2024, we will host a variety of educational activities including a techno-What major challenges are facing logical diploma course and trainings on circular economy issues. We will

At the Latin American Coatings Show, we will have four forums: the architec-The presence of armed forces in custural forum, the repainting forum, the



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Besides offering environmentally friendly products, we are now using recycled raw materials.

Pablo Cueva

Director of Strategic Development **REACCIONES QUÍMICAS**

operations?

years old, and we have dedicated ourselves to offer synthetic resins the market demands. for two industry segments. One of our main categories is coating res- What trends have you observed? integration process.

What is Reacciones Químicas' ap- and we are focused to offer the same proach to workplace safety?

Reacciones Químicas was awarded the Distintivo TRe by the government of the State of Nuevo León, which is where our Monterrey plant is based. ment and workplace safety. Additionally, we have been working to get the Clean Energy Certification. This has been a long path, and right know we are in the last phase of the process, expecting to receive this certification during 2024.

Can you summarize the market in

The supply chain suffered less disprices were down. Additionally, with had to face fast decreasing prices due recycled raw materials. This has sevto the dollar's fall.

the modifications on the import regu- cost. We have developed innovation in a better service to our clients.

Can you update us on your recent lations. These will impact our opera- our manufacturing processes, reductions, driving us to examinate those Reacciones Químicas is over forty changes to be able to adapt to the

ins, and the second is unsaturated There are continuously more environpolyester resins (UPR). 2023 was a mental requirements for our clients' complicated year for the industry, products, and we are doing everybut it was a good year for Reaccio- thing we can to help them meet those nes Químicas. During 2023, we had requirements. A very important part the opportunity to make a major ac- of that is based on raw materials. We quisition. This gave us a new plant, have launched low-VOC products to enabling 14,000 t/y more capacity, support environmental requirements. that will increase as we continue the For example, we offer products that use less solvents and more water. This Additionally, as an international comtrend shows a market opportunity, quality while using new, more environmentally friendly technologies.

Coatings are growing significantly. Historically, we have seen in Mexico a lot of local companies specialized on The award certified our completion of specific coatings, a few global ones, all the legal requirements for environ- and the rest are based in certain regions. Nowadays, we are observing that those companies have grown much more than expected. Guadalajara is a region, for example, where traditional clients are surprising us with the possibility to participate into new significant development and are looking for new providers outside from Mexico City to get more opportunities in other markets. Guadalajara is very attractive market to target.

ruptions than 2022. However, market How does Reacciones Químicas prioritize sustainability?

the dollar depreciation margins were Besides offering environmentally impacted in companies like ours. We friendly products, we are now using Another challenge during 2023 was ronmental sustainability and lower

ing the amount of water we require, and understanding that Mexico has a new situation and keep operating as major problem with water scarcity, we are focused on making our plants as efficient as possible.

What is the importance of digital technologies?

RQ is focused on its development in the national and international market as well, and its necessary to use digital technologies to automatize manufacturing processes, ensuring that our processes operate independently with the same high-quality standards. pany we need to communicate and promote through digital channels our products and services available to our actual and potential clients.

What are the company's priorities for 2024?

RQ sees great opportunities in the US market, and our objective is to channel our efforts to take advantage of these opportunities. Central America and the Caribbean markets are very attractive to us and we are evaluating markets in the next couple of years.

Finally, last year the plant in Monterrey was operating at full capacity, with a high demand of products, resulting in significant operation pressures for the company. With the new plant, we hope to meet the demand while still having room to grow. As a company, we have never had to manage two plants, so the core focus for the year is to accomplish a successful integraeral benefits, both in terms of envi-tion process. That will give us the opportunity to offer more products with





of Wyn. "New regulations are pushing new ways of formulating coatings."

regulatory changes. At a domestic the issues." level, lead coatings regulations are concerning the industry. At the end of 2023, ANAFAPYT met with the Ministry of the Economy to ask that regulations for lead control be formally accredited. Flor de María González, banned products benefit. Kemikals, GM of ANAFAPYT, the industry as- for example, has seen a jump in sociation, stated: "We are engaged demand for specific products due in addressing the permissible limit to regulatory changes. Rubio said: of lead, and we are preparing a proposal for a conformity assessment procedure to modify the standard with the objective of presenting this ket due to local regulatory changes; proposal to COFEPRIS."

ANAFAPYT is celebrating its 80th anniversary as a reference in the industry and has a slate of activities planned for 2024. The association, in addition to offering networking and educational offerings, will continue to prioritize government communication. One such area that continues to be a priority is communicating with the government regarding the federal law for the control of essential chemical drug precursors, which was published on May 3, 2023.

The law places controls on a variety of inputs for the paints and coatings industry, increasing the regulatory burden on the sector. González said: tive period is essential."

"We have participated in activities targeted at COFEPRIS and are focused on collaborating with the gov-PFAS are not the only area with ernment to help them understand

> Adaptibility to regulatory change allows paints and coatings companies to find success. As regulation changes, those companies that offer alternatives for controlled and "There is currently a coalescent agent in our product portfolio that is being widely adopted in the Mexican maralthough it has been part of our portfolio for a while now, the conditions are right today."

> Companies in the Mexican paints and coatings industry have a history of adaptability and agility. With nearshoring picking up steam, the sector will benefit from the growing industrial sector and greater demand for its products. Nearshoring will bring significant economic benefits for the sector, but also demand agility. "There will also be an increase in competition with all this incoming business, and local companies will benefit from being adaptable and responsive," said Rubio. "Preparation for this transforma-



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The super peso has been a major challenge for importers and exporters. However, paints manufacturers have benefitted from relatively lower raw material costs.

Francisco Rubio

President **KEMIKALS**

erations in 2023?

industry due to an unfavorable dollar/peso exchange rate, and all companies that import and export materials were affected by the volatility. Despite this, we achieved record sales this year due to our commercial strategy, which has focused on providing value-added products and solutions to the market. Cost competitiveness is crucial to so many of our clients. We stress that there is a cost/benefit analysis that should be considered, and we want to be able to offer our clients the most competitive and beneficial products. That is where we can add value.

There is a strong tendency towards sustainable products that are environmentally friendly and healthy for end users and workers in the production line. This includes both finished products and the inputs used to produce final goods. We have oriented our company around sustainability, and our high standards and ethical focus allow our clients to successfully navigate the complexities of these products.

ket?

Many of our suppliers are based in Europe and operate within highly complex and regulated markets. As the exclusive brand representative of their

Can you update us on Kemikals' op- simply distributors. Our partnerships with suppliers are extensive and deep 2023 was a challenging year for the because products and technology from Europe or Asia have to be adapted to the specific market conditions of Mexico. We help them to 'tropicalize' their products for local needs. We have a dedicated commercial director and technical team in constant communication with our suppliers, working closely with them to adapt their products to the Mexican market. For example, there is currently a coalescent agent in our product portfolio that is being widely adopted in the Mexican market due to local regulatory changes; although it has been part of our portfolio for a while now, the conditions are right today.

How can Mexico take advantage of nearshoring investment opportuni-

Nearshoring in Mexico is an excellent opportunity, giving our country an international spotlight and bringing the significant economic benefits. Global companies have the appetite to set up production here and gain superior access to the US market. Nevertheless, there are several challenges that we What is the process of introducing must overcome to take full advantage. **new products in the Mexican mar-** Structural limits to our energy and water infrastructure capacity could cap the number of companies that can realistically base themselves here. There will also be an increase in competition with all this incoming business, and loproducts in Mexico, we are more than cal companies will benefit from being on our minds.

adaptable and responsive. Preparation for this transformative period is

What significant challenges have distributors faced in 2023?

The super peso has been a major challenge for importers and exporters. However, paints manufacturers have benefitted from relatively lower raw material costs, as this exchange rate was not expected when budgets were drawn up in the previous fiscal year. Inflation, though slowing, remains a legitimate concern.

How is Kemikals implementing its sustainability agenda?

Our day-to-day carbon footprint as a distributor is comparatively miniscule, and we make a greater difference in the sustainability agenda through the innovative products and technology we bring to the Mexican market. We have very high standards, and our products are ethically sourced, environmentally friendly, and safe. We are very transparent about their properties and will not promote products that do not align with our values, even if they are allowed under current legislation in Mexico. Kemikals is thriving at a critical moment for the sustainability agenda in Mexico. Many companies have set clear targets and deadlines for 2025, and we are seeing urgent activity across the industrial sector as these companies strive to meet those goals.

What are the company's commercial objectives for the next two

Given our efforts, Kemikals has a concrete objective of 30% growth in revenue in the next two years, which is a realistic target. We aim to broaden the scope of our relationships with clients and keep specializing in the coatings and construction industries, offering our clients more cutting-edge solutions. Many distributors attempt to cover as many segments as possible, but we have decided to focus on our areas of expertise. This includes increasing our value-added, sustainable specialty chemicals lineup. Our client's priorities and concerns are foremost

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Jorge Saldaña

Commercial Director **WYN DE MÉXICO**

What are the recent activities of 90% of our inputs from Mexico and Wvn de México?

The company also has important clients in graphic arts.

polymers from Mexico and other lenging factors. Latin American companies. We have as our export market.

dustry?

Twenty years ago, we could source ply chain.

Pemex, but now we source almost Recently, we have been primarily nothing from Mexico. Most of our growing geographically as well as in surfactants, all of our monomers, terms of product portfolio. Our ex- and most of our additives are proports have grown significantly. Our duced in North America (excluding primary clients are in the architectural Mexico) or they come in from Europe coatings business, and our second or Asia. Now, everything is imported core area is industrial coatings, include either by our suppliers or by us, and ing everything that goes over steel. we are paying high prices for the logistics. It means that we suffer when lead times expand or when there are The key trend driving Wyn's op- supply chain disruptions such as the erations is nearshoring. We have ob- Texas freeze or the turmoil in the served many US and Canadian com- Red Sea. For Mexican producers, lopanies opening up to sourcing their gistics remains one of our most chal-

At WYN, our main raw material is responded to this through a shift to water. Water has been scarce in sevfocusing on North America as a strate- eral regions worldwide, and Mexico gic region, rather than just Mexico as is one of them. Wyn is fortunate to our natural market and Latin America have our own water well. However, water is a concern for the industry and the country itself. For example, What are the greatest challenges last year in Monterrey there was a facing the Mexican chemicals in- significant crisis with water scarcity. This impacted us as part of this sup-



Angel Sánchez

Managing Director **CHEMETALL MEXICANA** (BASF)

presence in Mexico?

chemical products globally. In Mexico, we have a facility and laboratories for quality control and analytical testing. These labs serve customers based in and out of Mexico and provide technical assistance to clients. We provide chemicals used in the paints and coatings process. Our products serve the steel manufacturing, automotive and aerospace industries.

What opportunities for growth have you identified in Mexico?

Mexico is a global automotive industry manufacturing hub, so there is a strong demand for Chemetall products here. The need for specialized products used in automobiles is increasing. New plants are being built in the country, and new players from Asia are now entering the market, further increasing demand for auto components. Due to growing demand, we are positioning ourselves to be ready and have proers quickly, which is very important for tomotive industry.

Can you introduce us to Chemetall's car manufacturers. Our localized presence makes us very competitive in this Chemetall is a German company that regard. We are located in Queretaro, researches, produces and distributes which sits in the middle of Mexico. It is a logistics hub for the country and is close to major auto and aerospace manufacturing facilities.

Which challenges are most pressing for the Mexican chemical industry?

A major challenge for chemical producers here is the availability of raw materials, which impacts our cost competitiveness. The scarcity of raw materials creates competition among different sectors and segments of the chemical industry, as everybody is trying to get their hands on them. Fixing this should be a national priority for Mexico and will necessitate reforms and sustained investments.

How does Chemetall focus on sustainability?

We use solar panels in all our Mexican facilities. We also have closed water systems, so it is all recycled. Our primary focus is to develop products that duction capacity to supply our custom- reduce energy consumption in the au-



Gerardo Victal G.

Marketing Development LATAM **ALLNEX**

nex's history in Mexico?

Allnex was established after the priacquired the Coating Resins Division as a divestiture from Cytec Industries. Our main offices are in Guadalajara, you are observing? tunities to manufacture in Mexico.

mance in the last two years?

structure sectors. This benefits us and innovative applications.

Could you give an overview of All- directly by increasing our supply of raw materials.

vate equity firm Advent International Could you provide an overview of the products offered by Allnex and comment on the demand trends

where Cytec was based. Over the We operate in four main types of years, we have acquired companies resins and additives. Firstly, our larglike Nuplex and a subdivision of Bay- est portfolio segment comprises liger, expanding our reach worldwide. In uid resins and additives. We offer a 2021, Allnex was acquired by the Thai variety of liquid resins, including almultinational chemical company PTT kyd, polyurethane, and acrylic, along Global Chemical. Allnex operates as a with a wide range of additives, such subsidiary of Allnex United States and as color dispersants, drying agents, has a distribution center in the coun-levelers, and flow aids. Our second try, but no manufacturing operations business line focuses on powder resyet. We are actively looking for oppor- ins, which are experiencing significant growth, especially in the powder coating sector. The third segment What has been Allnex's perfor- includes crosslinkers, featuring our renowned brand Cymel, widely used These last two years have been very in applications such as can coating, positive for Allnex, particularly in original automotive resins, and the Mexico, due to near shoring. Many tire industry. Finally, we have resof our clients are shifting production ins that cure through UV or electron to Mexico to prepare for growth in beam, experiencing high demand in automotive, aerospace, and infra- graphic printing, wood treatment,



Ernesto Goepfert

Latam Director **CARBOLINE**

operations in Mexico?

In Mexico, we carry out technical and commercial activities, supporting our clients in selecting and utilizing the best product for their needs. 95% of our products are imported from the US. The Mexico branch of Carboline takes care of logistics, marketing, and everything related to getting our product to the customer here in Mexico, and our technicians support all their needs on shop or job site.

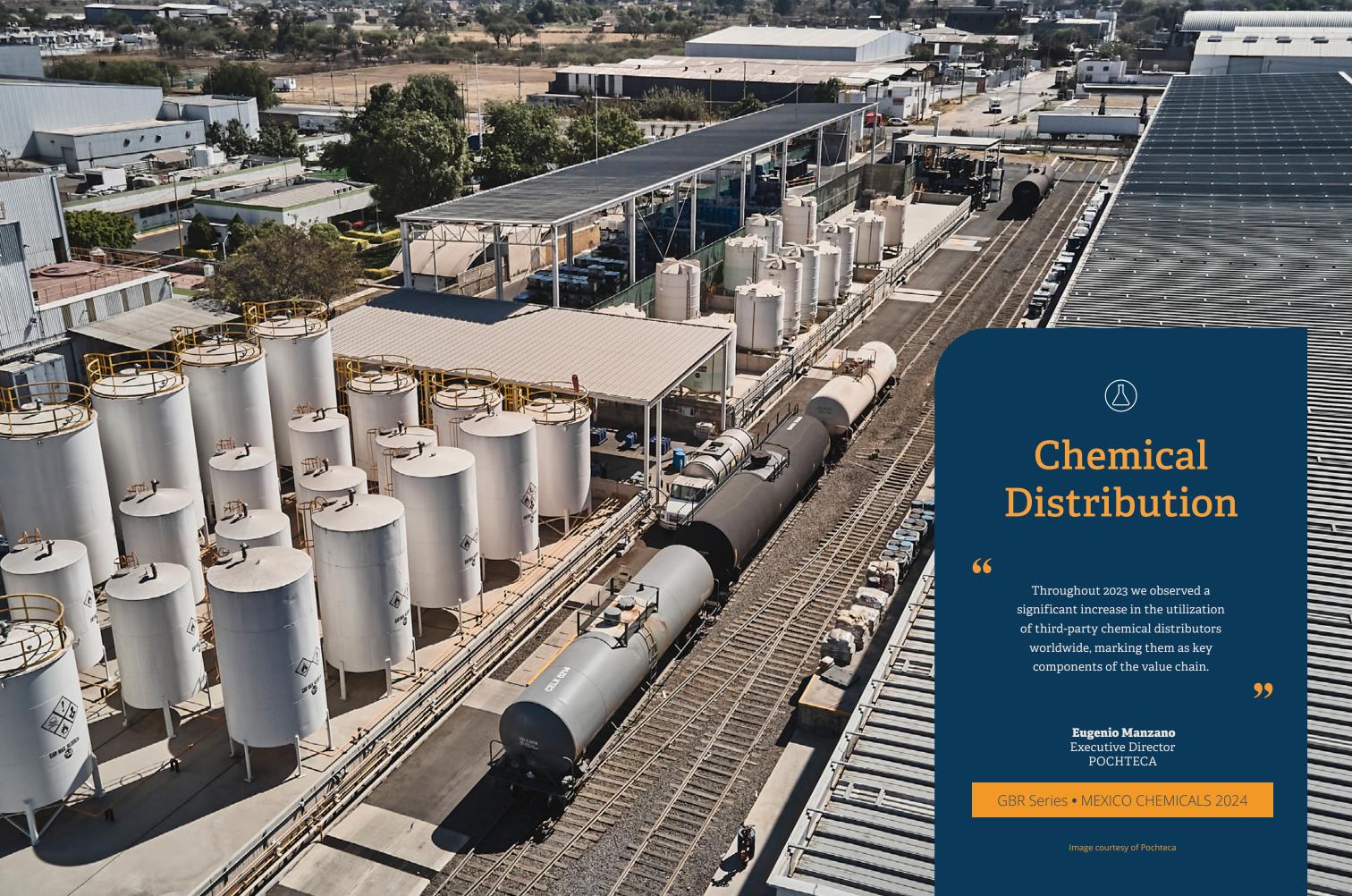
Carboline provides high-performance coatings, and there are several sectors in which we are particularly strong, such as petrochemicals and the rail industry. Carboline is, also, worldwide leader in passive fire protection. Additionally, we are active in the power generation market, providing paint for the customer's specifications. In general, we could say, Carboline offers coatings for any material where corrosion, fire, or high chemical attacks are possible, such as water treatment infrastructure, pipes, electrics, and so on. This provides us with coverage of almost all industries within Mexico.

Can you tell us about Carboline's What is your perspective on the future of logistics prices?

We are seeing a correction in logistics prices, with logistics costs decreasing. However, it is still a problem. We continue to have supply problems in the US. It remains challenging to obtain materials on time because even in good weather the ports in the US are strangled.

How does Carboline center custom-

Fostering strong relationships with our customers is fundamental to our work in Mexico. Our customers have day-to-day needs, and our people are highly technically prepared, with answers for any detail or questions. For example, at a rail plant, we have people on the floor within the workshop, supporting the production people on a day-to-day basis. Our coatings have a high degree of specialization, so we have people working inside or supervising petrochemical applications.





The supreme challenge of the 'super peso'

2023 was a year of contraction in the some erosion of margins across the ruptions caused by natural disasters perienced significantly lower demand. I expect it to be temporary." Overstocking created a downward

industry after several previous years industry," explained Sergio Chiñas, in which distributors raked in profits CEO of specialty chemicals distribudue to supply bottlenecks and high tor First Quality Chemicals, adding,

pressure on pricing. "There has been riety of challenges ranging from dis-

to trade conflicts, political instability, and unexpected events such as the COVID-19 pandemic," said Alejandro prices. Due to oversupply, prices "However, the reduction in demand is Iniestra, general manager of Kigo dropped in 2023, and distributors ex- worldwide, not specific to Mexico, and Chemical, a Mexican distribution company. "These disruptions can lead to "The chemical industry faces a va- shortages, price volatility, and logistical challenges, significantly impacting the operations of chemical distribution companies and their ability to meet customer demands."

Arturo Hoyo Vice President Global **Corporate Accounts NEXEO PLASTICS**

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In distribution, adapt rapidly to a fast-paced environment is vital, is in our DNA to maintain and our key principals at the time we continue adding value to our over 10,000 customers.

nurture relationships with

The situation was not helped by a every day we see the value of the dolchallenging exchange rate, with an lar decreasing." overpowered peso putting pressure on companies. Miguel Ruiseñor, man- as much as it was for the industry. aging director for Mexico at global dis- Mexico receives US\$60 billion antributor IMCD, stated: "The exchange nually in remittances, largely from uncertainty," said Adriana Ramírez, rate in Mexico has created a compli- the US, so remittances are a crucial cated situation. The 'Super Peso' has part of household spending. By July

This was an issue for the populace impacted the distribution industry as 2023, the peso had increased by 14%

against the dollar, reducing the value of those dollars. "Unusual economic situations with remittances, high inflation, and the exchange rate all occurred in conjunction, generating commercial director at Helm de Méxi-





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Vinmar facilitates the commercialization of plastic resins and chemical products for global producers in Mexico.

Alejandro Aguirre

General Manager **VINMAR PLASTICHEM MEXICO**



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In the past, we diversified into the fuel market with a company called Exxia. Today, we have the new specialties company, Ion.

Alfredo Ison

President **QUÍMICA DELTA**

and your presence in Mexico?

We are one of the biggest non-Mexican distributors in the plastic resins market. Vinmar facilitates the commerease their entry into the Mexican market through our commercial, logistics, distribution, and technical service, enaccess to a great variety of products from around the world. With 25 warehouse and logistics points nationwide, our coverage of Mexico is extensive. Vinmar Mexico was the first subsidiary a very important asset.

folio bring to its Mexican clients?

Our focus in Mexico is the distribution of polyolefins, styrenics, and engineering resins. We have accumulated several meaningful relationships globally, so we can offer many products to the market and give our clients multiple options. Clients can buy products at the border and handle logistics by themselves, or we can deliver what they need directly to their facilities. The ease of access to products that are veloped because this topic is urgent complicated to reach and / or import makes our clients' lives easier, and as part of our value to our clients, we also offer exceptional technical support.

What are the most significant obstacles to growth for Mexican industry?

Could you introduce us to Vinmar There are always things that could be production that reduce their carbon improved. I have worked in the plastics footprints, including shutting down and chemicals industry for many years old plants and investing in cleaner and have traveled extensively. Mexico and updated production methods. In has lots to offer. Mexicans are hard- the US, we have a relationship with cialization of plastic resins and chemi- working and well-trained; our country a bio-resins producer and distribute cal products for global producers in is rich in natural resources and has this product. We are directing our ef-Mexico. We have over 30 partnerships a large labor pool. The quality of our forts to expand our suite of sustainwith first-class manufacturers, and we products is on par with the most develable products so that they can make oped industrial countries, but we need up an ever-greater share of our volto invest more in industry. We rely on umes across Vinmar's global operaimports of raw materials that should tions. This includes minimizing the suring our clients in the country have be produced at home, which hurts our impact of plastic and encouraging reglobal cost competitiveness. The na- cycling and reuse. We have built new tional transport grid needs upgrades, relations with companies in India, and though the north-center transport Spain, and the US, and incorporated channel is well-developed, it needs them into Vinmar Group, developbetter maintenance. Transport fleets ing extensive recycling operations as outside of the US, so it has always been should be modernized, and more parts part of our long-term global sustainof the country connected through road ability agenda. and rail. We are privileged to have At-What benefits does the Vinmar port- lantic and Pacific coastlines and could benefit from expanding our Pacific ports. A comprehensive trade agree- country have expanded and are now ment like the USMCA is a great advan- extensive and well-developed, having tage for us. Our country stands to ben-built a reputation as an important, efit as global supply chains become reliable supplier and distributor. In more regionalized to insulate them Mexico, our objective is to keep growfrom exogenous shocks.

What is Vinmar's sustainability clients, and to be a supplier of choice agenda?

sion and implementing new modes of we will keep working at it.

What are Vinmar's goals in Mexico?

Our knowledge and presence in this ing at pace by expanding our diverse line of products and solutions for our for the industry. We are re-investing in Our sustainability agenda is well de- our employees and increasing the size of our team here. We started with two in the plastics and chemicals industry. people 30 years ago, and now have There is a continuous need to make over 60 employees. Longevity in the operations more efficient and envi- market is our ultimate objective, and ronmentally sustainable to support we always consider this when making the global sustainability drive. We are investment decisions. We do not just adamant about collaborating with offer products, we offer services and suppliers committed to this global vi- complete solutions to the market, and

ta's activities over the past year?

In 2024 we will have our Química Delta's 50th anniversary. It will be an important year because it highlighted how we have consolidated ourselves as the largest distributor in Mexico policy increases the complexity of imin petrochemicals, chemicals, and lubricants. We have been through a lot over the past 50 years. In 2016, pany in a more professional and institutional way, enabling us to grow our market share. Another focus this year has been increasing the safety of our **formed in terms of price?** the plant.

Química Delta also launched a new company dedicated to the sale of specialty chemicals called Ion Specialties.

How has regulation been a challenge this year?

The most significant challenge this year was a new regulation which took to do with LDA permits at the ports growing in recent years. where we operate. The government tried to block everything to do with the entrance of illegal fuels into the country, with the intention of ensuring that fuels do not avoid taxes. For and in recent months we have broken fuels, a terminal requires volumetric production records. Tesla is coming to that enters and leaves is notified to the and consolidate themselves here in authorities, similar to an electronic in- the Mexican market. We are the counvoice. This year, the government decid- try with the largest number of free

caused complications for the importathose of us who do receive the permits for this slowdown. gain market share. Nonetheless, the porting petrochemicals.

In May of this year, we were able to resolve the situation, but it generated Química Delta hired a general director a supply problem in the market and who has helped to organize the com- made it challenging to import products into the national territory.

How have petrochemicals per- ta. These companies serve the same

operations. We have been working together with a multidisciplinary team after COVID. With the start of the war in to reinforce our internal safety cul- Ukraine, the prices of petrochemicals ture, including modifying processes went through the roof, which provided and reducing operational risks within us with excellent revenues. However, inventories have increased, so now petrochemicals are selling at a lower price. Another issue is that clients, worried about the shortage of production and supply chains, had built up too much inventory, and now they are trying to reduce inventories which has led to a reduction of sales. However, lubricants are growing at the same pace as effect in December 2022, which has the Mexican economy, which has been ready present in Monterrey, Guadala-

What sectors are growing?

We see growth in the automotive sector. It has had a boom in recent years, controls, which ensure that every liter Mexico, and other brands will come ed that many petrochemical products trade agreements, facilitating exports that arise in the region.

Can you update us on Química Del- required volumetric controls. These from Mexico to these countries. The construction sector is mildly impacted tion of products. It was challenging to by high interest rates, but success in obtain the permits. The benefit is that the automotive area is compensating

What are Química Delta's priori-

A major focus of ours is diversification and consolidation. In the past, we diversified into the fuel market with a company called Exxia. Today, we have the new specialties company, Ion, And then, of course, we have Química Delmarkets where we have expertise. For example, Ion and Delta both have the same markets in terms of rubber, plastic, paints and inks, but with completely different product offerings. Besides our diversification in terms of products, we have diversified our culture to attend markets in a different way, developing completely new but complementary businesses to consolidate our competitive position.

Química Delta is strengthening our footprint in the north because we foresee an important growth with our new companies in that region. We are aljara, and in Mexico City. I also expect a boom for the south east of the country once the Interoceanic Corridor opens. The Panama Canal is having significant challenges with a lack of fresh water, generating tremendous queues of ships waiting to cross. Eventually, companies are going to set up in the south of Mexico where the new logistics corridor will be. We are looking in that direction to capture the opportunities

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Deficient performance is less tolerated, with the possibility of manufacturers readily switching distributors if expectations are not met.



Eugenio Manzano

Executive Director POCHTECA

Pochteca's recent activities and how it serves the chemical industry in **Mexico and Latin America?**

Our distinguishing value-added services encompass a wide spectrum, including specialized logistics, sophisticated inventory management systems, efficient processing of small orders, technical support, product application development, training programs, customized product packaging and blending, waste management solutions, and other environmentally conscious offerings.

Furthermore, the ongoing digital transformation is a pivotal trend in our industry. We remain at the forefront of innovation, constantly refining our digital tools and platforms, enhancing exist- centrate on their core operations. ing software functionalities, optimizing our online storefronts and web interfaces to enhance user experiences, and implementing upgrades to our CRM, supplier portal, WMS, big data analytics, and process automation systems. These initiatives are all geared towards enhancing operational efficiency, meeting our clients' evolving needs, reducing environmental impact, and lowering the cost to serve.

vironmental stewardship, we are intensifying efforts to engage in circular economy initiatives. We are committed to investing in both personnel and infrastructure to deliver environmentally sustainable solutions, including advanced waste management practices and the integration of eco-friendly and health-conscious products into our product portfolio.

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perform in 2023, and what are your expectations for 2024?

Throughout 2023 we observed a significant increase in the utilization of thirdmarking them as key components of the value chain. Alongside this trend, performance standards, with offerings extending beyond cost management to include sustainability considerations.

Many chemical manufacturers foresee an increasing reliance on third-party distributors. They acknowledge the role distributors play in expanding their geographical reach and serving smaller customers, thereby allowing them to con-

While manufacturers are increasingly entrusting their distributor networks, they expect exceptional performance in for distributors include meeting sales such as payment terms, delivering highquality services and overcoming market challenges. Deficient performance is less facturers readily switching distributors if Given the heightened focus on en- expectations are not met. This trend of distributor swapping due to dissatisfaction is on the rise across all regions.

Moreover, sustainability considerations have emerged as a significant factor in chemical distribution, prompting distributors to adjust their portfolios to align with evolving environmental priorities.

In terms of supply sources, the immarkets is on the rise.

What is Pochteca's strategy for the next two years?

Our unwavering commitment lies in continually generating value to customers and suppliers, penetrating new sectors, acquiring new customers, expanding into untapped territories, replicating success across the various countries where we participate and capitalizing on emerging trends that manufacturers might overlook or struggle to grasp independently.

Drawing upon our extensive geographic reach in Latin America and the southern US, we serve hundreds of cities housing thousands of manufacturing enterprises. Our reach spans over 40 diverse business segments, including food processing, home and personal care, paints and coatings, mining, oil and gas, auto industry, and various other chemical-consuming industries. Servicing these segments directly would be prohibitively costly for manufacturers, considering the geographic disper-Can you provide an update on How did the distribution segment sion and the complexity of cultural differences and local idiosyncrasies.

> We are currently executing a comprehensive digital transformation strategy, code-named "Proyecto Cacao", aimed party chemical distributors worldwide, at enhancing our existing operations and revolutionizing the experiences of our customers, employees and supplithere is a heightened emphasis on ers. This strategy encompasses a wide range of initiatives across our business landscape, ranging from process improvement, implementation of cuttingedge ERP, e-commerce solutions and inventory management systems.

> Our commitment to digital transformation is rooted in the understanding that it is an ongoing journey characterized by continuous improvement and innovation. By leveraging increasingly intelligent and automated sales and operations planning tools, we are bolstering our capacity to forecast demand return. Key performance expectations accurately and orchestrating inventory management with precision, thereby entargets, addressing financial matters suring a consistently high fill rate to meet customer demands effectively.

> Furthermore, within our IT ecosystem, we integrate a suite of essential tolerated, with the possibility of manu- tools, artificial intelligence, robotics, and software solutions, enabling us to streamline data processing, automate workflows, and drive down operational costs. This integrated approach translates into a more cost-efficient service model for our suppliers and a reduced total cost of ownership for our clients, reinforcing our commitment to delivering value at every touchpoint.

> Executing our strategy with world portance of Asian imports to Western class ESG standards is a key pillar and success factor going forward.



Arturo Hoyo

Vice President Global Corporate Accounts

NEXEO PLASTICS



Miguel Ruiseñor

Managing Director **IMCD MÉXICO**



Othón **Canales**

CEO **QUIMI CORP**

Can you update us on your recent What do you identify as the most Could you update us on Quimi operations?

We continue to strengthening our portfolio of specialties to deliver our value proposition in key growing end to simplify their ordering process and have access to our entire portfolio of products, documents and tracking of lar decreasing. their shipments.

What are your priorities for the coming year?

In 2023, we carried out a separation of our businesses into plastics and commodities, we believe "where we to be a growth engine for Nexeo. We have successfully entered the packaging sector, which has been growing for us, and we are focusing on other key end markets such as healthcare, electronics and mobility to capitalize on the Nearshoring activity and, last but not least, we will continue investing in our most valuable asset which is our people.

What is the situation in Mexico regarding logistics and transport?

The country continues to have into be managed by the military and the overcapacity in many 3PL providindustry need to tackle day by day. • trends that the market may follow. •

significant challenges facing the distribution sector?

We all started the year with high inventories and those inventories were markets such as healthcare, mobility expensive because prices were deand electronics. We have continue in- creasing. In particular, the exchange vesting in our digital platform MyNex- rate in Mexico has created a complieo, providing a tool to our customers cated situation. The "Super Peso" has impacted the distribution industry as every day, we see the value of the dol-

> The outcome of the election next year is also a concern for the industry. The key for 2024 will be stability.

A regularization of chemicals prices is also expected. Last year, the prices started very high and then dropped and dropped and dropped. focus, we win" and Mexico continues From my perspective, the key for 2024 will be stability, and if we achieve that, then we will be able to keep moving and grow.

How do you support your clients in the personal care area?

In our labs, we make formulation prototypes to advise the industry, particularly small and medium players. We can help them with new trends by using the global marketing power of IMCD. IMCD also presents formulations that are already the basic formulation for a local producer so that frastructure challenges. Security on they only need to add their flavor or highways, the transition of Customs color. Personal care sales are based on marketing. When launching new products into the market for personal ers are creating bottlenecks that the care, what we are really launching is

Corp's activities?

The last few years have been challenging; a perfect storm brewed due to complications from the pandemic as well supply issues. We were not receiving payments on time, and we had to pay to our suppliers, so the company was in a challenging position.

What has Quimi Corp done to recover its position in the market?

We aim to diversify to insulate ourselves from shocks like in recent years. Petrochemicals are our bread and butter, and we are looking at getting into the crude oil production market, as well as increasing our presence in the refineries. We have two particular targets: Sustainable technologies and nutrition.

We are venturing out of our comfort zone with these two developments but are very excited for their pros-

What is Quimi Corp's strategy for

Our strategy for the coming year is to commercialize the bioreactor technology and diabetic supplements. We want to keep consolidating our position in the petrochemical market, maintain our relationship with Pemex and identify niche areas within oil & gas that we can target.



co. "We were unsure month to month what would happen, if prices would rise or decrease."

Several factors have contributed to the super peso: First, the Mexican economy's exports rose by 17% in 2022, increasing the dollars entering the country; second, the autonomy of the Bank of Mexico has enabled it to take steps to preserve the peso's purchasing power regardless of political pressures; third, there has been an increasing difference across the border in terms of interest rates, with interest rates staying much higher in the US over 2023, incentivizing international investors to buy more profitable government bonds in Mexico; and fourth, nearshoring has driven FDI to Mexico, particularly in a landscape of greater risk appetite on the part of investors.

The fluctuations in the exchange rate were not bad news for everyone. Miguel Valdivia, CEO of Trade Chemicals, said: "We were able to resolve the debts we have in dollars at a lower exchange rate, and that allowed us to have greater competitiveness in price for imported products, providing a benefit to our client."

Low demand for chemical products, meanwhile, has been driven not just by slower demand in the US and globally, but also by Mexico-specific factors. In 2023, access to qualified labor was an issue for chemical companies, constraining their ability to keep plants running at full capacity. "Finding qualified workers to operate the plants has been challenging, and many of our clients can't operate two or three shifts a day because they simply do not have the people," said Arturo Hoyo Vargas, vice president product line management North America at Nexeo Plastics, adding, "This has contributed to low demand."



Miguel Angel Marin de la Parra CEO **INDUSTRIAS SINTOQUIM**

The personal care market has grown considerably in recent years and is countercyclical, meaning its performance is less affected by crises than other segments.

Indeed, there is a shortage of labor at all levels of the industry. A scarcity of truck drivers has been a challenge for distributors, and there is no end in sight. Truck drivers can do the same job for better pay in the US, and the country continues to bleed drivers. Humberto Elizalde Mendoza, CEO of organic peroxide distributor ICS Group, said: "We have taken steps to mitigate this issue by investing in our human capital; due to the nature of their cargo, we offer our drivers specialty training and competi-

tive salaries. Unlike Canada and the US, there is not an abundance of people in this country that are trained to handle such specialty products, so retaining staff is very important for us."

The challenges are myriad, but for distributors, a return to better days is predicted. Pricing is expected to stabilize in 2024 after the extreme drop over 2023, providing opportunity for growth. d'Artigues of Naseda said: "2024 should be a more stable year for the industry as inflation and costs have somewhat normalized, and consumer confidence is pretty strong due to factors such as salary increases."

For new distributors trying to enter the market, it can be difficult to break through. It is not enough to just have trucks and warehouses – a distributor must understand the security situation and know which highways are safe, etc. Ruben Ilitzky, CFO of Telch, said: "There is more competition as Asian distributors try to enter the Mexican market, but there are high barriers to entry."

Nearshoring is driving growth for the chemical industry, but it is not an unlimited positive. "While everybody personal goods, industrial goods, pharmaceuticals, and mentions the upsides of nearshoring, there will also be human nutrition sectors. an increase in competition as more foreign companies enter the market. Some companies are coming in from tichem Mexico, a plastic resins distributor, elaborated on markets with high production but relatively low domestic Mexico's strengths: "A comprehensive trade agreement consumption, driving them to seek markets like Mexico to dump their goods in," explained Luis Urquijo, sales direc- stands to benefit as global supply chains become more tor at Disan, a distributor of solutions for the home and regionalized to insulate them from exogenous shocks."



Mayra Dartigues President **NASEDA**

The distribution market is heavily saturated now, and there is much competition.

Alejandro Aguirre, general manager of Vinmar Plaslike the USCMA is a great advantage for us. Our country





In this 2024, we proudly celebrate our

50th anniversary

commemorating not only the achievements attained but also the valuable partnerships and the family we have built with our suppliers. clients, and collaborators. Their dedication and professionalism are essential to maintaining excellence in our products and services.

As one of the leading distributors of chemical products and base oils in Mexico, we understand that this celebration signifies a commitment to our clients. We will continue working under the strictest protocols to ensure quality, safety, and environmental protection in every delivery.

With five decades of experience, we proudly serve multiple industrial markets through our business division: Lubricants, Industrial and Personal and Home Care. Additionally, we hold prestigious certifications such as ISO 9001, Great Place To Work, and Responsible Care, demonstrating our commitment to quality, health, safety, environmental, and our people.

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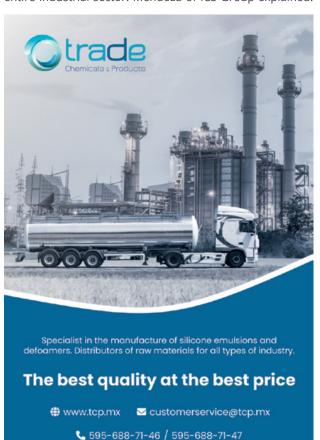
EDITORIAL

Pemex underproduction is a challenge and an opportunity

Lack of productivity at Pemex has had a knock-on effect all the way to the distribution section. Miguel Ruiseñor, managing director of IMCD, called for investment in improving efficiencies at the state-owned company, citing knock-on impacts of the companies' operational inefficiencies. Recently, the company has failed to pay suppliers on time. Ruiseñor said: "If they do not pay the companies serving them, those services cannot move. If the service providers cannot move, the distribution companies selling to these actors are also at a standstill."

Pemex's challenges are top of mind for distributors. The chronic supply issues and Mexico's position of dependency has had a negative impact on the industry at large. Mexico has, due to lack of investment, sat on the sidelines for transformative opportunities. The natural gas boom due to fracking in Texas, for example, could have easily occurred in Mexico; there are reserves present on both sides of the border. For Othón Canales, CEO of Quimi Corp, these problems date back to Pemex's founding: "The issue with the Mexican petrochemical industry is that it had a bad birth, so to speak, with a badly fractured supply chain."

With Pemex underproducing, distributors play a crucial role in providing the industry with raw materials. To ensure this can continue at the pace and quantity necessary, the distribution sector must work with the government to ensure a more efficient customs and regulatory process. Access to materials is a political and economic issue for the entire industrial sector. Mendoza of ICS Group explained:





"We have had issues with the flow of raw materials needed for the chemical industry; increasing demand in Asia and Europe has diverted some flows that traditionally came to Mexico and driven up costs. That is why we need to develop these capabilities locally."

Helm de México is a global distributor that specialized in moving large volumes, bringing raw materials into Mexico to supply the industrial sector. Adriana Ramírez, commercial director of Helm de México, said: "We are seeing some challenges in regulatory restrictions and tariffs, and the country must be focused on ensuring continued access to goods."

Nonetheless, with logistics smoother than in previous years and more supply available, petrochemical feedstocks will continue to flow into the country. There is more access to supply for products such as polyethylene, polypropylene and polystyrene. According to Ruben Ilitzky, CFO of Telch, supply availability should continue to improve, with good material availability if the US economy does not start growing significantly faster: "A new Shell facility in the Northeast and investments in capacity at existing plants will secure supply for the future, and demand is growing but at a stable pace. There are also plants in Asia offering material."

Although this glut in supply has depressed prices, not all the petrochemical sector has been such a challenge for distributors. Growth in the automotive sector over the course of 2023 is expected to continue in 2024, increasing demand for plastics, paints and coatings, lubricants, and other products. Alfredo Ison, president of Química Delta, stated: "Lubricants are growing at the same pace as the Mexican economy, which has been growing in recent years."

Although 2023 was more challenging than the boom year that preceded it, it was a year that provided distributors with the motivation to improve their processes and strategic focuses. "Attending the multifaceted challenges confronting the chemical industry requires a proactive approach, strategic planning, and collaboration across the industry," said Maria Iniestra, director of Kigo Chemical. "Chemical distribution companies should consider diversifying their supply chains, embracing sustainable practices, integrating digital technologies, and fostering a culture of innovation to efficiently navigate the growing landscape and preserve a competitive position in the market."



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Fortunately for Mexico, nearshoring trends have resulted in an inflow of manufacturing from abroad, which has shaped our postpandemic recovery.

Humberto Elizalde Mendoza

CEO **ICS GROUP**

Can you introduce us to ICS Group? the polymers market has performed

We are a Mexican chemicals distri- quite well. bution company founded in 2011. Our core business is the distribution In what areas of the market do of organic peroxides, which are haz- you see the best opportunities for ardous materials. Organic peroxides make up around 1% of any plastic product, so we offer niche but critical products at small volumes. ICS Group maintains its own fleet of trucks and has six different subsidiaries across strong links to the automotive indus-Mexico and our headquarter in Mex- try, as is rubber for car tires and the ico City. We also provide technical support for our clients. Our customer base has steadily grown, and we are practically present across the entire plastics market in Mexico; thermoplastics, rubber, fiberglass, polyester resins. We are Nouryon's sole supplier. In Mexico, we are pioneers in organic peroxides distribution.

What is the state of the plastics How does ICS Group manage and market in Mexico?

Post-pandemic, there was slowing demand across many markets. Fortunately for Mexico, nearshoring trends have resulted in an inflow of manufacturing from abroad, which has As a result, ICS Group had a solid year

growth?

ICS Group is well diversified across the entire plastics sector, so we observe industry-wide trends. The fiberglass market is performing because of its polymers for packaging. The automotive industry is also driving strong demand for automatic injection molding, and I expect it to grow further once Tesla's Gigafactory in Monterrey becomes operational. There is also a growing market for resins used in acrylic, paints and vinyl, and our sales reflect this.

transport dangerous substances?

There is an extensive list of regulatory requirements that the warehousing, usage and transport of dangerous chemical substances requires. ICS Group offers bespoke training and shaped our post-pandemic recovery. technical support to our customers the entire country with the exception on how to handle these materials, so of the South, so we are looking to exwith increased sales in 2021. In 2022, that they are well prepared in case we had to deal with increasing costs of emergencies. We have delivered like everyone else, but manufacturing hundreds of training sessions to thouhas continued to grow in the coun- sands of our client's employees, intry and the organic peroxides and structing them on how to safely man-

age and transport organic peroxides. Internally, our employees are extensively trained, and can thus deliver technical support to our customers.

Could you elaborate on some of the major challenges facing the Mexican chemical industry?

There is a shortage of truck drivers in Mexico. We have taken steps to mitigate this issue by investing in our human capital; due to the nature of their cargo, we offer our drivers specialty training and competitive salaries. Thanks to this, we have a low turnover of drivers.

This shortage is part of a wider personnel issue, a growing shortage of labor for industry. Additionally, we've had issues with the flow of raw materials; increasing demand in Asia and Europe has diverted some flows that traditionally came to Mexico and driven up costs. That is why we need to develop these capabilities locally.

What differentiates ICS Group from your competitors?

As opposed to many of our competitors who serve only specific market sectors, ICS Group serves the entire plastics market. We manage more than 60 different types of organic peroxides that are used across the value chain, from automobiles to medicinal products. We have also invested in our R&D capabilities and can design specific products for niche needs in the market. This has allowed us to cultivate strategic, long term relationships with industry actors.

What are your objectives for the next two years?

We expect to be ISO 90001 certified in the coming year. This certification is increasingly in demand, especially from the big automobile manufacturers. So far, we have relied on our suppliers' certifications, but we look forward to being independently certified and thus being able to standardize certain processes. Within Mexico, our footprint covers pand southwards. We have exported products to Guatemala and Honduras, where we find closely related markets, and hope to grow our exporting capabilities in the coming years.

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INTERVIEW



Our investment in digital capabilities has proven pivotal with KigoConnect, our customer access platform, and a new supplier platform.



Alejandro Iniestra

General Manager KIGO CHEMICAL

Can you update us on Kigo Chemi- ing our commitment to offering solucal's activities in 2023?

In 2023, the chemical industry faced notable challenges, prompting a shift in dynamics. Previous years benefited distributors due to supply bottlenecks and high prices, but the landscape has evolved. Recognizing the need for innovation, Kigo Chemical has adapted by introducing new products to maintain competitiveness amid the current oversupply and low prices. Our investment in digital capabilities has proven pivotal with KigoConnect, our customer access platform, and a new supplier platform. KigoConnect, our customer access platform, has seen substantial growth, and a new supplier platform has streamlined administrative tasks, showcasing our commitment to technological advancements. Furthermore, we have introduced a real-time sample ordering feature to enhance customer experience.

How important is innovation at Kigo

Beyond being distributors, we proudly boast over five registered brands with products carefully formulated in our cutting-edge laboratories. Our manufacturing facilities are strategically divided, with one serving the food market and the other serving the industrial segment. The achievement of FSC2200 certification underscores our commitment to quality, which is particularly evident in our focus on supplying additives for the food industry. On the industrial side, our collaboration with strategic partners has led to the formu- of chemical distribution companies and enhance our visibility in specific niche lation of added value products, reflect- their ability to meet customer demands. segments of the market.

tions to our customers.

How does a young company like Kigo Chemical differentiate itself from the competition?

Our differentiation strategy lies, among other things, in our commitment to certifications as a cornerstone of our business approach. As we strive for industry prominence, our current FSC2200 certification and ongoing pursuit of ISO9001 certification by March 2024 showcase our dedication to operational excellence. We have achieved recognition with awards such as Best Place to Work, alongside a bronze ECOVADIS medal, emphasizing our unique commitment to sustainability. Unlike conventional approaches, where certifications are obtained after achieving growth, we have proactively embedded ISO 9001 compliance in our What is Kigo Chemical strategy for operations and culture from the begin- 2024? ning. This approach ensures that good In 2024, Kigo Chemical is ready for associated with later certifications.

What are some important challenges facing the chemical industry?

The chemical industry faces a variety of challenges, ranging from disruptions caused by natural disasters to trade conflicts, political instability, and unexpected events such as the COVID-19 pandemic. These disruptions can lead to shortages, price volatility, and logistical challenges, significantly impacting the operations actively creating targeted campaigns to

Certainly, digital transformation and the emerge of e-commerce are reshaping industries worldwide, and the chemical sector, including distribution, is no exception. Moreover, chemical distribution companies are expected to align their operations with sustainable practices. This includes adopting responsible sourcing, implementing waste reduction measures, initiating recycling programs, offering eco-friendly and sustainable products, providing comprehensive product information, and ensuring product quality and reliability.

Attending the complex challenges facing the chemical industry requires a proactive approach, strategic planning, and collaboration across the industry. Chemical distribution companies should consider diversifying their supply chains, embracing sustainable practices, integrating digital technologies, and fostering a culture of innovation to efficiently navigate the growing landscape and preserve a competitive position in the market.

Where do you think the best opportunities in the market are?

The consolidation of the industry continues with multinational players absorbing local distributors. Amidst this landscape, Kigo Chemical, as a dynamic and ambitious company, stands out. We perceive numerous opportunities in the market and are strategically directing our efforts towards the specialty chemicals segment, emphasizing our branded product portfolio and our agile approach. Our main interest lies in the food and personal care sectors, which offer more stable, less volatile, and constant growing markets.

practices are set, enabling us to seam- growth, with a primary focus on exlessly adapt and scale while avoiding the panding our presence in Mexico. Deneed for extensive employee re-training spite industry consolidation, we remain committed in our interest of opportunities within niche markets, where larger companies may redirect their focus. Our growth strategy includes organic growth without ruling outgrowth through some niche acquisition. An integral part of our expansion plan involves seeking strategic partnerships in search of reliable distribution channels in Mexico. Leveraging the expertise of our newly established digital marketing team, we are



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I want to preserve the fantastic work culture that we have built here over the years. Keeping this culture intact would be our priority in any M&A deal.



Sergio Chiñas

CEO FIRST QUALITY CHEMICALS

ity Chemical's activities in 2023?

This year has been particularly exciting, as we participated in many trade of our growth model. To give you an shows: UTECH, a polyurethane indus- example, we recently got a new matetry event, Expo Cosmetica for person- rial from Shell. We discovered a new al care, Plastimagen, and of course application for this material that althe ANAFAPYT convention.

As part of our anniversary celebrations, we hosted an event in Mexico City called 'Circo del Color'. We invited our customers and brought technical experts from around the world who gave technical presentations about innovative materials, trends and new technologies. They offered innovative suite; coatings, inks, plastics, polyuretechnical advice for our customers on thane, adhesives and personal care. how they can improve their perfor- There is also demand for environmenmance, develop new materials, solve tally sustainable products, so we also technical issues and also formulations offer UV stabilizers, antioxidants, and rapport within the firm. to reduce costs.

tion at First Quality Chemicals?

Innovation is crucial for us, and we experiment with many materials to stay ahead of the industry. Our partners are some of the best companies in the world, investing significantly in commodities over time, as they are dif-R&D and developing new materials. At fused across the industry and lose their First Quality, we always want to be the novelty and uniqueness. Therefore, we first to bring those materials into the Mexican market. Our applications lab works with our customers to understand their needs; identify their pain points and determine how our labora-

Could you update us on First Qual- tory can develop custom formulations to help them to achieve their goals. Innovative solutions are at the core consumption by 50%.

What trends in demand are you wit- for training in areas such as market-

Our customers are interested in new materials to differentiate themselves from their competitors. There is strong demand across our entire product other kinds of materials that increase the longevity of plastics. We also offer What is the importance of innova- compatibilizer materials that augment the recyclability of materials.

What kind of challenges do specialtv chemical distributors face?

Specialty chemicals tend to become are always looking for new, innovative materials that can disrupt the market. The timeless challenge for distributors is to keep changing, to find and commercialize these new materials.

What is the greatest challenge facing the chemical industry?

In 2022, the industry faced logistics challenges, and many companies were desperate to get their hands on the necessary raw materials. As a result, there has been some overstocking across the industry. This has created a downward pressure on pricing and demand over 2023, as many warehouses are full. There has been some erosion of margins across the industry. However, the reduction in demand is worldwide, not specific to Mexico, and I expect it to be temporary.

What differentiates First Quality Chemicals from its competitors?

Our number one success factor is our people. They are our most precious resource. Our hiring process is very careful and extensive, with psychometric assessments, multiple interviews and references required. We hire great chemists and chemical engineers who work in our labs and provide technical support to our customers. At First Quality Chemicals, we have built an exceptional work culture, with ample opportunity for progression. We work hard to dethe ANIQ Forum. We also sponsored lowed our customers to reduce the velop our employees, so that they are happy and successful at their work. We offer many opportunities ing, leadership, negotiation, innovation, emotional intelligence, positive psychology as well as lots of technical training. To avoid repeating past mistakes, we implement fool proofing strong systems and procedures. More than anything, we love to celebrate our people and our achievements, which has built a beautiful

What is First Quality's strategy for the coming years?

Our priority has always been organic growth, and we have been very successful in continually expanding our sales across many sectors. Looking to the future, if we want to grow more in Mexico and internationally, we are going to start looking at potential mergers and acquisitions. More than anything, I want to preserve the fantastic work culture that we have built here over the years. Keeping this culture intact would be our priority in any M&A deal.



Mexico is full of opportunities—there are always new factories and new clients.

Miguel Valdivia

Commercial Director TRADE CHEMICALS & PRODUCTS

cals & Products' recent operations? In 2023, Trade Chemicals & Products they order less material to try to our customers. doubled our production and storage protect themselves. The exchange capacity. We now have over 5,000 rate was very stable all the year. Six What are your sustainability priorisquare m2. At our plant near the months ago, it dropped. This was ties? airport, we are now at 6,000 m2. We good because the debts that we have In the agricultural area, we now offer have invested in new tanks, new of- in dollars we were able to resolve at a fices, and a new laboratory. At the be- lower exchange rate, and that allowed ginning of 2024 we hope to sign a con- us to have greater competitiveness in tract that will allow us greater market price for imported products, providpenetration. Manufacturers are look- ing a benefit to our clients. ing for stable allies, and we have the

silicone prices?

coverage to provide that.

After the pandemic, prices stabilized the labor area. This year we will have however we can. until they reached what they are a 20% increase in the minimum wage. now, which are the normal market This will have an impact on our costs, What are your priorities for 2024? prices. This has allowed us to reguary the new minimum wage will force. Mexico is full of opportunities—there larize our production and fully sup- companies to increase salaries. There- are always new factories and new ply client demand.

Where do you see high demand?

A core market for Trade Chemicals is the detergent market, everything related to the manufacture of cleaning products. There, our anti-foaming agents and silicone emulsions are in supplies, but in this six-year term, I ume by 15% until November, but in high demand. Three years ago, we think labor is the most relevant. launched a raw material for fabric softeners, and we have had a great How does Trade Chemicals & Prod- price difference of 30% from the pricsuccess with this product. This year, it grew almost 100% and we have almost doubled production. The demand for this product grew close to 100%, so many years; a search engine that on commodities and increase our atwe have almost doubled production. we developed for our buyers. Trade tention on manufacturing specialties This is one of the products that has Chemicals uses this tool to distribute to compensate for the issue of profit allowed us to double the size of our requests among sellers in an agile way, utility. We want to have more profits plant, since we had enough machin- enabling the seller to quickly commu- with the same or less volume, rather ery. It is our star product in terms of nicate with the person requesting the than this year's less profits with more technology and profit.

resulted in a challenging year. Cus- can send a quote within minutes of a that will give us a greater advantage.

Can you update us on Trade Chemi- tomers get nervous when the ex- shopper looking for a product. Tools change rate starts to increase, and like those have allowed us to support

Political issues in Mexico have six-year a stable name in the market today. time frames, and in the previous term,

nology?

products that are kinder to the environment than traditional fertilizers. We seek organic products that can replace chemical ones. Obviously, that is challenging, particularly due to the difference in price, but we are working What is the greatest challenge fac- hand-in-hand with many companies ing the Mexican chemical industry? that are equally concerned about the What trends have you observed for The political issue is a major factor, sustainability of the planet. At Trade particularly because of movement in Chemicals, we want to contribute

fore, we will have higher labor costs clients. The circumstances of the than in previous years. We must pass pandemic inspired us to expand our on that cost to the customers, and so operations, and we have developed it will continue generating inflation. from a small company 24 years ago to

This year, due to the decrease in we were worried about gasoline and prices, Trade Chemicals grew in volterms of revenue, we dropped by 15%. This means that we have had a ucts incorporate advanced tech- es last year to those today, lowering our profits. Our core strategy for the We have been using a digital tool for coming year is to reduce our focus product. That versatility and speed is volume. Our salespeople are training The depreciation of the dollar has enabled by cloud computing. A seller to refocus their efforts on products



Adriana Ramírez

Commercial Director **HELM DE MÉXICO**

operations?

materials into Mexico to supply the industrial sector. We specialize in tank truck deliveries. Our focus continues to be on distribution in conjunction with terminals and other suppliers, making strategic alliances on the materials for the industry. product supply side. improvement.

the nearshoring?

which has enabled our growth and ex- to be delivered on time. pansion in the market. Ensuring this that we must focus on. We are seeing be focused on ensuring continued access to goods.

portunity that is transforming Mexico. value in this area.

Can you update us on your recent What trends in demand have you observed recently?

HELM is a distributor that specializes The automotive industry has good in moving large volumes, bringing raw momentum, with growth moving hand-in-hand with the larger nearshoring opportunity that is transforming Mexico. This growth in the automotive sector is positive for HELM because we provide significant raw

HELM supplies companies that make resins. There is strong demand How can Mexico take advantage of in that area, and the key focus is ontime delivery. For a raw material for What Mexico as a country does well resins, there are maybe five options is provide high-quality materials and total, but the one that is offered to inputs to the local industrial sector, customers is the one that is available

Glycol is a core product for the access to materials is a political issue company on a global basis. Rather than an maintaining an overly-exsome challenges in regulatory restric- tensive portfolio of chemical prodtions and tariffs, and the country must ucts, we are oriented towards moving specific glycol products in large volumes in all major regions of the The automotive industry has good world. We take advantage of our momentum, with growth moving to- presence in different countries and gether with the larger nearshoring op- our collaborative approach to add



Luis Urquijo

Sales Director **DISAN**

Can you update us on your recent ny has had excellent organic growth operations?

This year, Disan celebrates 19 years in Mexico. We distribute, market, develop and mix chemical solutions for shifted? the wide variety of segments. Among In past years, the increases in price the most important industries for us were tied to logistics restrictions. are personal care, home and indus- Now, prices are down, but we have trial care, pharmaceuticals, and food a logistics restriction in the Suez. & beverages. Our goal is to add value Ships do not want to travel through and transmit expertise, supporting a the conflict area. That is increasing sustainable industry. We have a wide transit times by almost three weeks, variety of clients including major mul- and freight rates are going through tinationals. We offer them complete the roof. services in design, financing, logistics, technology, products and a strong technical value proposition. What our what they need.

ticular, Disan is growing. The compathat we provide.

in the country.

How has the logistics situation

What differentiates Disan?

Manufacturers always want to use clients receive depends on exactly fewer distributors, and clients want to have fewer suppliers. Distributors Currently, we have sales of more must do their work so excellently that than US\$30 million in Mexico per the client and manufacturer both year. 2023 was a difficult year for the want to expand the relationship. At entire industry due to the drop in Disan, we have a broad portfolio, prices, but we were able to maintain where clients can find everything they the same sales numbers, which is the need. Another differentiator is the result of a significant growth in vol- technical support and advice for the ume. The company expects to triple development of new products and the in size by 2030. Within Mexico, in par- improvement of their formulations





Increasing connectivity in North America

gistics players in Mexico seek to lift the North American region through increasing interconnectedness. Currently, communication routes between the US and Mexico are inefficient in large part because Mexico has not modernized logistics paths from production centers to the main borders. To strengthen Mexico's countries of North America have a comattractiveness as a destination for nearshoring, a domestic policy that supports infrastructure development is critical.

The key, according to industry executives, is to change a nationalist per- supply chain between the US, Mexico charges on shipping lines, and in Febspective in favor of regional priorities. Logistics companies serving the chemical industry are a crucial part of this.

In an increasingly regionalized world, lo-Logistica Integral en Transportación, for perspective is even more important. The example, participates in ALCAN, the association of logistics clusters and supply chains for North America, working with the body as it helps legislators understand the needs of the logistics sector. Humberto Siller, CEO of Logistica In- the outbreak of war in the Middle East tegral en Transportación, stated: "The mon interest and must work together to are now moving freight around the horn develop the region to compete against of Africa rather than risk going through others. To meet this goal, we must prioritize reducing inefficiencies in the and Canada."

stant logistics disruptions, this regional tinue having issues with global wars like

latter half of 2023 has been a challenge due to disruptions at two major transit points: First, the Panama Canal has been impacted by low water levels, reducing the movement of ships across; second, has reduced movement through the a route impacted by Houthi fire.

Changes in routes can lead to surruary of 2024, surcharges increased In a global landscape marked by conbetween Mexico and Europe. "If we con-





José Antonio Perea Perches Managing Director **GLOBAL GATE GROUP**



We think that there is still a lack of knowledge across the country in regard to the safe and proper way of handling, transporting, and packaging hazardous materials.



alteration of the routes for the long-term," said Paul Cuevas, sales director of ED Forwarding. "That would be a challenging situation because a lot of shipping companies transport out of different hubs such as Busan, Panama, or Singapore, and if the vessels do not arrive on time, the cargo will not make plained: "In logistics, there are so many variations of the service the connections."

Some in Mexico believe the Panama Canal's challenges provide a window of opportunity for Mexico to become a central logistics provider through the Interoceanic Corridor of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, a rail corridor going from Salina Cruz to Coatzacoalcos. The recently inaugurated US\$2.8 billion project was developed with the intention to connect the two oceans by rail and serve as competition for the Panama Canal, with the project involving the expansion of the ports at each endpoint and investment in industrial parks and improved highways. In late December 2023, operations at the Interoceanic Railroad began, with President Andrés Manuel López Obrador inaugurating the line and then making the journey on the first train to Coatzacoalcos.

It is one part of a larger investment in rail in the country. In the future, the Interoceanic Railroad will be connected with the new Maya Train, running through five states and across the Yucatan peninsula. The Maya Train, which was a pet project of the president, was also inaugurated in December 2023 with great pomp and circumstance.

Cuevas of ED Forwarding views the excitement about the Interoceanic Corridor as overblown because getting two different ships to each end of the corridor to meet at the right time is extremely complicated. "I don't think that we have the technology and infrastructure to make that movement from ship to train to ship again quickly," he stated. "Vessels arrive with 15,000 tons, and the capacity of the train is 300 to 400 tons. It will be impossible to move everything from one side to the other quickly."

Managing intermodal transport is a complex endeavor. Particularly in this landscape of transport disruptions and geopolitical shifts, companies are investing in technology to facilitate and organize the various pieces of the logistics process. Log-

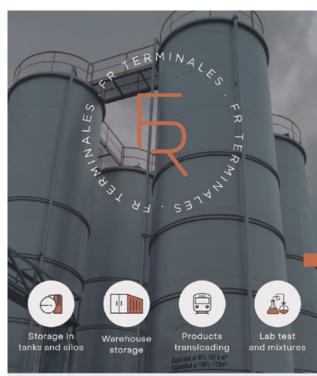


Rodrigo Ordoñez Country Manager Mexico **KATOEN NATIE**



The petrochemical industry in this country consumes approximately 7 million tons of plastic resins per year, of which almost 4 million tons are imported, primarily by rail.

the ones in the Middle East, we will need to keep the current ward, a German company, has grown in Mexico by providing software with functionalities including transport management, logistics procurement and order management to allow companies to digitalize their procedures and have greater control over the movement of goods. Jonas Krumland, CEO of Logward, ex-



APODACA | GARCÍA | GUADALAJARA | GUADALUPE | SAN CRISTOBAL SAN NICOLÁS | SALAMANCA | TIZAYUCA | TULA | TUXPAN

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INTERVIEW



Mexico is an important logistical hub in the Americas, and investments must keep pace.

Francisco Gálvez

Managing Director **LESCHACO MEXICANA**

on Leschaco's operations in 2023?

expanded our exports to Latin America. The energy crisis in Europe has resulted in a booming trade of chemicals imports from Asia and exports to base of road, air and maritime infra- **Employer in Mexico for a second** Latin America. There was also an ex- structure, though maintenance needs consecutive year? pansion of our onshore logistics trade to increase and there is not enough ca- Like many others, we suffered from across the US-Mexico border, and in pacity to accommodate new entrants staff turnover during the pandemic, Q4 2023, we expanded our services to the market. Expanding our port so we now prioritize talent retention. southwards into Central America.

Are nearshoring investments mate- in rail capacity could be beneficial, as Balance program, which encourages a rializing in the country?

Nearshoring is a tremendous oppor- rated with commercial traffic. Sub- new healthcare plans and an in-house tunity for Mexico and is already tak- stantial infrastructure investments doctor available to our colleagues. We ing shape. There needs to be more are taking place, including the Isth- ensure that our workplaces are well investment in essential services to mus channel development, but more maintained and are pleasant places to accommodate increased investment. is needed. As a logistics company, we work in. The trucker shortage is a challenge, see the country's infrastructure shorttoo. US-Mexico chemical goods traffalls firsthand. Mexico is an important What are the company's priorities fic is considerable, but we have also logistical hub in the Americas, and inobserved an impressive increase in vestments must keep pace. the Asia-Mexico chemical trade. Companies from Asia are establishing op- What are Leschaco's environmental erations in Mexico. We are also target- and social commitments? ing the petrochemical trade with the We have set out a holistic growth and ing our air and land logistical solutions. US in central and southeast Mexico. ESG strategy called 'Big Picture 2030'. We have a long history and extensive This strategy incorporates social and presence in southern US petrochemical and gas hubs. The automotive industry is also greatly benefiting from including expanding our presence to which is being rolled out on a regional nearshoring investments. The chemi- 30 countries by 2030 and our Road to basis in Mexico and allows our clients cal industry will reap the rewards Zero, which will significantly reduce to unlock efficiencies through its autofrom the auto industry's growth.

ter logistics infrastructure?

full advantage of this historic oppor- education locally, committing to long- can add much value.

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Can you provide us with an update tunity. The security situation must term projects such as the construction This year, our maritime operations in unsafe, which is a cost to businesses. sion of school equipment. We have rethe Veracruz, Manzanillo and Altamira Security inside the ports is good, but imagined our CSR commitments and ports were very successful. We diversi- once goods get out into the cities and want them to be sustainable and longfied our imported products suite and roads in Veracruz and other places, term, not just isolated acts of charity problems arise.

> Infrastructure must be improved and expanded. Mexico has a good Why was Leschaco named a Top capacity could significantly increase We prioritize our employees' health, investments from Asia. Investments training, and work balance with our In our railways are already heavily satu- healthy work-life balance and includes

environmental objectives into our

be improved. Major highways can be and funding of schools and the proviand donations.

for the next year?

Leschaco's priority is to keep diversifying our product and service portfolio. Our maritime presence in Mexico is robust, and we are investing in expand-Leschaco is not a simple forwarder of goods but provides integrated logistics solutions. That includes digital global growth and development goals, tools such as our Lighthouse platform, our carbon footprint. It is a global di- mated order management functions. rective being implemented by all of Our company is also committed to How can the country develop bet- our regional representatives. Lescha- diversifying our verticals, and we are co has aligned this strategy with the pushing into the pharmaceuticals in-2024 will be a decisive year, and Mexi- UN's global development goals, and dustry, where we find many similarico must make major decisions to take as an example, we are investing in ties with the chemicals industry and



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The Tuxpan terminal in Veracruz is arriving at a very opportune time, with solid demand, and we have already had conversations with various clients.

Ramón Isla

CEO FR TERMINALES

operations?

ment of the Tuxpan terminal in Veracruz. We have practically finished the to respond guickly and decisively. work, significantly growing our infraare still being finalized, and we are cant challenges facing Mexico? starts in the center and reaches the ture, particularly in the southeast. United States.

ment steps to increase our presence nel requirements. there. The strategy of many companies has changed from minimum in- What is the situation regarding ventories to assure operation continuity for manufacturing plants, this change is impacting in a positive way the demand of our services.

What is the company's approach to

critical factor, and it is something that be essential for the industry. we must constantly reinforce within

Can you update us on your recent nals and facilities equipped to handle hazardous chemicals. In the unlikely RI: Our primary update is the develop- scenario that something terrible happens, the team must have the capacity

structure. Some details of the project Can you discuss the most signifi-

working with the port administration RI: Security is a delicate challenge in authorities to have the necessary per- the country. We have not been affectmits to start the operations that we ed at FR Terminals, but we have heard terminal is arriving at a very opportune something that both the government minales? time, with solid demand, and we have and private sector must collaborate already had conversations with vari- on to improve the security conditions. ous clients. The port of Tuxpan is the Another crucial focus for the country closest to the Valley of Mexico, and it is is developing our infrastructure, as the beginning of the supply chain that Mexico has a bottleneck in infrastruc- ness for 30 years and have proven our-

Lastly, labor is a significant chal-DL: In 2023, we have had a growth lenge. In cities like Monterrey, everyof approximately 9% in sales. This body demands more personnel, even industry continues to develop and for positions that do not require high grow. In particular, growth has ex- qualifications. And that pressure will ploded in the northern area, and we increase – for example, when Tesla arintend to take immediate develop- rives there will be even more person-

trade between Mexico, the US and chemicals, on the other hand, need Canada?

hand with the development in the US. Increasingly, foreign companies are entering Mexico to export to the US and Canada. The US elections next The diversity in our portfolio – serv-DL: Job training is a constant focus. year will be crucial, as there are curing chemicals companies in manufac-We have training programs that we rently energy-related issues on the turing, health care, construction, and run all year round. For us, safety is a table, and a favorable resolution will

sential to have the appropriate termithe US and Canada and other maray a very positive time.

kets such as Central and South America, Europe, and even Asia. Mexico has excellent opportunities, and the challenge is to generate confidence in investors to allow for development. Mexico's chemical industry is well-positioned because, close to the Gulf, it is close to the most important production centers in the world and final customers.

must receive to initiate operations. The of many negative situations. It is What factors differentiate FR Ter-

RI: The value we provide is our reliability. FR Terminales has supported our clients for more than three decades. We have been in the terminal busiselves to be a reliable service provider for our customers. The company was founded in the chemical space, and our long-term experience managing chemicals has generated a significant level of expertise.

In particular, we have a long history of support for the specialties segment. Specialty chemicals differ significantly from commodities, which can be handled in significant volumes. Specialty particular care and special storage DL: Mexico's growth goes hand in conditions. Our capacity to provide this makes us stand out in the sector. We have over 100 clients and handle over 250 products in our terminals. other areas – has given us a secure portfolio. Our greatest strength is our This government should focus on ability to support and maintain the our work teams. Additionally, it is es- strengthening trade agreements with trust of our clients, and this has been

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and no standard in defining the pricing structure. The lack of standards makes the industry extremely complicated, and the role of industry experts is in interpreting the situation."

Alexander Shöps, MD of Leschaco, which is launching a 4PL product called Lighthouse using Logward technology, said: "The challenge is to manage supply chains using data in an effective way, which has not happened yet."

Companies moving hazardous goods for the chemical industry must abide by strict dangerous goods guidelines set by the UN and, for air transport, by aviation authorities including the IATA. Mexico's policies are aligned with global guidelines, and generally well-integrated with the global system. However, according to José Antonio Perea Perches, managing director of Global Gate Mexico, the lack of knowledge on the part of companies about global, regional and domestic regulation has ramifications: "This means that a lot of goods are turned away A rail system in need of investment at customs points for improper documentation or packaging."

Chaos at the ports

The port system is, by all accounts, a mess. With insufficient staff across the various ports, including a severe lack of customs agents, and an inability to handle the sheer volumes coming into Mexican ports, delays are a major issue.

According to industry players, Contecon port Manzanillo is having major problems due to lack of space and infrastructure despite the company's top-notch technology and container control. One logistics provider described a situation in which clients ask to move shipments with shipping lines that offer arrivals at other terminals. However, major shipping



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lines cannot guarantee where they will arrive, making it challenging to avoid Contecon. The source said, "Contecon is the biggest terminal, but it is having the most problems."

Demand for a smoother logistics process is driving investment in terminals across the country. FR Terminales, for example, is in the final stages of development of the Tuxpan terminal in Veracruz, with operations expected to start in December 2024. The details of the project are being finalized, and the company is working with the port administration to receive the necessary permits to begin operations. "The terminal is arriving at a very opportune time with solid demand," said Ramón Isla, CEO of FR Terminales. "The port of Tuxpan is the closest to the Valley of Mexico, and it is the beginning of the supply chain that starts in the center and reaches the US."

The rail system, although crucial to the country's growth and a core piece of the national logistics matrix, is increasingly hampered by chaos at the borders. With two primary operators in the country, disruption to either from strikes, boycotts, accidents, or other problems has a knock-on effect on industry across the country. At the US border, the migrant crisis is a particular issue complicating the movement of goods and disrupting rail travel, as migrants move across the country on trains. "Unfortunately, there is no clear policy guideline on either side of the border," said Rodrigo Ordoñez, country manager for Mexico at Katoen Natie. "The consequences for rail transport have been grave, as trains cannot enter the US due to the fear of migrants stowed onboard."

The impact of the migrant crisis at the US border on the rail system is complex. Union Pacific was impacted at the end of 2023, with the US customs authority temporarily shutting down the Eagle Pass and El Paso gateways to reallocate human resources to process the influx of migrants. The issue was not the presence of migrants on the trains, but rather the sheer lack of customs officials to handle both the surge in migrants and normal cross-border trade and movement of people and goods. To allow for the smooth movement of trade, the US must urgently increase staffing levels.

Rail providers work closely with the US government to handle the issue. Union Pacific, which uses all six existing rail gateways to cross the border and owns a 26% stake in Ferromex. has developed new systems to improve the efficiency of crossings, allowing crossings to move more quickly and arrival times to be more precisely anticipated. "At the Eagle Pass/Piedras Negras gateway, we have developed infrastructure alongside the Mexican and US authorities, such as the co-location center. where customs officers from both sides will scan trains for irregularities simultaneously," said Beto Vargas, vice president Mexico at Union Pacific. "Before this, trains would have to be inspected and processed on both sides of the border."

A reliable rail system is crucial to supporting growth in Mexico. To grow rail infrastructure, however, the government must be actively involved. Trains that run in the US and Canada can easily operate in Mexico, but there are connectivity challenges, requiring the government to participate to connect more areas to rail tracks.

Isla of FR Terminales identified a bottleneck in infrastructure in the southeast, and said: "The most effective way to create more infrastructure will be through partnerships between the authorities and private initiatives."



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There are many opportunities for the chemical industry to support the development of better communication and efficiency across borders, fostering common regional interest.

Humberto Siller

CEO

LOGISTICA INTEGRAL EN TRANSPORTACIÓN

operations?

(LIT GROUP) has had a solid year, developing more Rail Cargo Terminals infrastructure for our clients. This includes new rail tracks, more warehouse space, transloading equipment, and transportation equipment. Our logistic for the entire supply chain, as plastic resin industry.

our clients, delivering their products and raw materials throughout Mexico. LIT GROUP has a philosophy oriented around continues improvement, involving constant monitoring and information. Or real-time monitoring allows customers to keep track of the shoring. States such as Nuevo Leon, inventories of their operations, in line Tamaulipas, Coahuila, Sonora, and with the larger trend towards digitalization that is sweeping the industry.

What do you see as the most significhemicals?

Unfortunately, communication routes between the US and Mexico are inefficient because Mexico has not modernized communication routes from production centers to the main borders. Additionally, it is challenging be- frastructure? cause most of the trade between the Mexico government has big chal-US and Mexico is concentrated at a lenges in improving education, safety, few border crossing points. There are health systems and developing a bet-

Can you update us on your recent many opportunities for the chemical industry to support the development Logistica Integral en Transportación of better communication and efficiency across borders, fostering common regional interest.

What can industry groups do?

The USMCA gives us the platform and the international trade structure to company not only has rail cargo termibe more efficient. However, certain nals in Mexico, we also offer complete issues do not apply to the USMCA because the parties have not reached 4PL company for petrochemicals and an agreement. It is essential that the chemical industry and logistics provid-We offer complete rail services for ers participate more on these issues.

greatest opportunities?

Border cities continue to have serious safety problems, but the northern states will benefit from near-Baja California, are the states in the north of Mexico as well as San Luis Potosí, Queretaro, Aguascalientes, and Guanajuato for the center. From cant challenges facing logistics for my point of view, those areas are where nearshoring is focused and where there are significant opportunities and challenges for logistics and transit companies.

How can Mexico develop better in-

ter administration of resources. Some of the big investments made in this administration could have been made for public or private companies. The government must focus on and invest in the necessary communications infrastructure for the country, including airports, highways and seaports. It is not that difficult if the Mexican government collaborates with the private sector. Mexico does not have the funds to make the necessary investments, and those investments must be made soon, so it is crucial that we establish functional public-private investment for long terms.

How does GRUPO LIT ensure safety of goods in transport?

Our group of companies continues to take steps forward, and we are proud to be carrying out, in a safe way, approximately an average or 8,000 full truck load annual deliveries to our customers. For this year, we did not experience any theft of merchandise in transit, and in 2022 we did not have a single robbery. GRUPO LIT carries out intensive investigations in areas such as personnel selection for truck operators, ensuring reliable employees. Additionally, we have developed one of the largest and most effective monitoring centers for transportation companies in Mexico, which includes GPS tracking licenses, developing a concept called "Virtual Traffic Control". We also have regulations ensur-Where in Mexico do you see the ing that transport cannot be stopped in unauthorized places.

What differentiates GRUPO LIT?

One of the main advantages of GRUPO LIT is that we are a Mexican company offering multi-modal logistics services in Mexico at international standardslevel. We have local and deep knowledge of the areas we cover, and our mission is to exceed the expectations of our clients. We focus on always increasing the gap between us and our competitors. The fact that we are part of a larger group of companies allows us to develop sufficient infrastructure and investment to keep at the cutting edge in logistics services. Our goals for next year are to continue our growth, continue with digitization of information, and improve reliability in service.



Beto Vargas

Vice President Mexico **UNION PACIFIC**

Could you provide an overview of tractive and efficient transportation Union Pacific's operations in Mexico?

ished vehicles, auto parts, and intermodal truckloads, followed by bulk shipping of commodities like grains and How do companies manage border industrial products. We are the only railroad that connects through all six of Mexico's rail gateways going from west to east: Calexico, Nogales, El Paso, and Eagle Pass. At those gateways, we interchange with Ferromex, to the northeast through Laredo and Brownsville.

Falcon Premium Service, which con- that we maintain efficient cross-border nects major Mexican production cen-rail operations between both countries ters with Canadian markets. We also for the benefit of bilateral trade. launched the new domestic intermodal service connecting industrial mar- closely with its law enforcement partkets of Mexico with areas of high demand in the Southeastern US.

intermodal transport for cross-border trade?

alternative; customers can avoid con-Most of the business is related to fin- gestion at the border, reduce costs, and lower transportation emissions.

control demands and ensure security across the border?

US Customs and Border Patrol (CBP) temporarily shut down the Eagle Pass and El Paso gateways to reallocate their resources for processing the influx of migrants. Migrants are not crossing In the past year, we launched the the border on trains, and it is essential

Union Pacific continues to work ners and CBP and we have invested US\$50 million on security measures at the border. At the Eagle Pass/Piedras Can you discuss the potential of Negras gateway, we developed infrastructure that allows customs officers from both countries to scan trains for Rail transportation across the border irregularities, including people and represents about 15% of total border contraband. The system enhances trade value. There is much space to crossing efficiencies and arrival times grow. Intermodal shipping is an at- can be more precisely anticipated.



Jonas Krumland & Alexander Schöps

JK: CEO **LOGWARD** MG: Head of Global LLP & 4PL LESCHACO

How does Logward serve the logistics sector?

JK: Logward was founded in 2018 as a corporate venture to build feasible and usable logistics technology. When we talk to our clients, everybody wants to digitize their supply chain but nobody has the resources. That was our starting point.

Over the last six years, we have grown to almost 100 employees worldwide, with offices in India and the Unit-

ed States. We can offer logistics services as software with functionalities such as transport management, logistics procurement and order management.

For Leschaco, what are the benefits of using Logward?

AS: Leschaco uses the Logward software to automate data in the transport system, allowing some dates and events to be transmitted automatically from system to system or backwards to Leschaco's own transport management system. Logward software is a place where data is united and in most of the cases the platform is also feeding the customers system with updates as well.

In Mexico, Leschaco has launched a product called Lighthouse, which uses Logward technology. Lighthouse is a 4PL product, which is separate from the original business just being the freight forwarder. Lighthouse puts Leschaco on a different level, using technology to provide end-toend order management to the customer, that allows the customer to focus on the core business rather than sending 25 emails a day to logistics providers.

What are Logward's priorities?

JK: Disruptions such as the Panama canal running dry and Houthi attacks in the Red Sea are no longer unusual – they will happen more and more. It is crucial that we support our clients in being as flexible and adaptable as possible. For example, if a chemical company decided tomorrow to change their entire supplier landscape, then we as software providers must be able to provide the software to do that painlessly.



The services sector is reaping the benefits of FDI, with companies such as Tesla building factories and requiring a variety of industrial services. To meet growing demand, companies have been exploring technological advancements to reduce manpower and improve processes. Mexico has, generally, been behind Europe and the US in technological adoption, but in recent years the openness to advanced technologies such as AI has increased.

For Western States Machine Company, a company with over 80 years of presence in the chemical industry manufacturing centrifuges, equipment and parts, Mexico is an area of opportunity. Angel Proaño, director of sales and marketing, said: "We are currently committed to improving our software packages... We have a program next year implementing Al in our operations. We need to understand how this is going to help us and how we can use it to help our customers."

AspenTech, a global company focused on industrial process optimization, is bringing Al solutions to Mexican markets. For AspenTech, which has 4,000 employees across Latin America, Mexico is a key market, and it has benefited from deep penetration in Mexico's petrochemical sector, bringing advanced technologies. "Artificial intelligence is a major area of growth and absorbs the data we generate at a scale that is impossible for a human," said Alex Muro, vice president of LATAM sales at AspenTech.

The challenge for many companies in the industry is handling disparate systems and tools so that digital technologies are useful and manageable. Yokogawa, a Japanese company with a long history in the metering and control industry, takes a holistic approach to developing control solutions and analytics products that coordinate all areas into a single digitalization effort. Gabriel

Sánchez Bredée, general manager at Yokogawa, stated: "All this data can get integrated. You can manage logistics, inventory, production control, efficiency and power usage all together to make your organization's operations smoother... Yokogawa believes that the plant of the future will be autonomous. Facilities will gradually automate to the point that there are no people onsite."

In Mexico, where the cost of labor has been low, there is some resistance to complete automation and digitalization. Grupo Stin, a company offering scaffolding, painting and insulation services, sees a potential for automation in the industrial painting area using robots. "The idea is to optimize the process to make it more competitive," explained Darío Belmonte, CEO of Grupo Stin. "The technology is still new, but in a few years, it will be able to operate at sufficient volume to replace scaffolding."

ASOCIACIÓN NACIONAL DE LA INDUSTRIA QUÍMICA, A.C.



ANIQ publications include: The Mexican Chemical Industry yearbook and The Mexican Chemical Industry Directory

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INTERVIEW

Gabriel Sánchez Bredée

General Manager YOKOGAWA



Alex Muro

Vice President of LATAM Sales **ASPENTECH**



Darío **Belmonte**

LATAM MANAGER **GRUPO STIN**

Can you introduce our readers to How important is Mexico for Aspen- Can you update us on your recent Yokogawa?

Yokogawa provides advanced solutions in the areas of measurement, control, and information to customers across a broad range of industries, including energy, chemicals, materials, pharmaceuticals, and food. Yokogawa addresses customer issues regarding petrochemical market in Mexico is one the optimization of production, assets, and the supply chain with the effective application of digital technologies, enabling the transition to autonomous operations.

Founded in Tokyo in 1915, Yokogawa continues to work toward a sustainable society through its 17,000+ employees in a global network of 129 companies spanning 60 countries.

How can technological advances address labor shortages in the chemical industry?

Yokogawa envisions the future of industrial plants as autonomous entities. In this context, picture robots seamlessly conducting maintenance rounds and executing repairs. Gradually, facilities will evolve to a state where human presence onsite becomes unnecessary. However, this doesn't imply a reduction in employment opportunities; instead, individ- the automation of factories. uals will operate either remotely or from offices, focusing on optimizing trols of these highly automated environments.

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Tech?

Mexico is a very important base for us
Grupo Stin offers scaffolding, paintbecause we have a product develop- ing and insulation services. We are ment center in Mexico that serves the wider region. Mexico is the main office in Latin America, with a few hundred employees. In addition to Brazil, the of the most important in Latin America, and we have deep penetration in the Mexican petrochemical sector.

Can you describe the impact of digitalization on the industry?

Digitalization is focused on improving efficiency and sustainability, precisely addressing the challenges of the market. For asset-intensive industries, digitalization improves the reliability of assets and decreases unplanned stoppages and accidents so that plants are more productive for longer.

Where do you see potential for de-

The refining market, due to its complexity, already has a high degree of automation and optimization. The specialty chemicals industry, which is an industry that is more processbased, digitalization could significant- ness because to install thermal inly improve production scheduling and sulation, the company must install

al knowledge clusters, and we are in- competitive for our clients. There and maintaining the intricate con- vesting significantly in acquiring new are few companies in Mexico that talents to support our main business can offer scaffolding, painting and solutions for asset optimization.

operations?

continuing to work on the Dos Bocas project. We are in the last phase of implementation, having carried out two contracts with Samsung and one with Voltrak dealing with the electric part of the refinery.

In Mexico, there are many energy projects. There are nine combined cycle power plant projects currently in development, and we do not have the capacity to work on all nine at once. Grupo Stin is positioned in practically all the energy projects currently in de-

We are adding painting services to these energy projects. The demand for our varied services gives us a volume of work in the energy sector.

What services are experiencing the most significant demand in Mexico?

There is a tremendous workload in thermal and acoustic insulation. Our scaffolding business has a synergy with our thermal insulation busiscaffolding. We have integrated our The Mexico office is one of our glob- three primary services to be more insulation.

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Thank you!

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